The constant drop of water
Wears away the stone;
The constant bite of Tooser
Masticates the bone;
The constant cooing lover
Carries off the maid,
And the constant advertiser
Always gets the trade.

Victoria Daily Times.

A Choice Line of
Perfumery
Triple and Quadruple Extracts, in bulk and bottle, at the
P. P. P. P.

VOL. 17 VICTORIA, B. C., SATURDAY, DECEMBER 31, 1892. NO. 159.

HAPPY NEW YEAR

KERR & BEGG

BOOKS

Go to Waitt's Music Warerooms

64 Government Street,

For Your Musical Xmas Presents

LARGEST STOCK TO SELECT FROM IN THE CITY.

GEORGE E. MUNRO,

82 Douglas Street,

Groceries & Provisions

ORDERS SOLICITED. GOODS DELIVERED FREE.

de16-1m

AT LAST

People are beginning to realize that the Canada Western Peop mean business, and that

There is Something Back of Duluth

For both are more favorably discussed and more investments are being made.

The Counsel-General for the road meant exactly what he said when he told the public Duluth would be the Divisional Head-quarters, and the Starting Point of the Ferry up Bute Inlet.

I have ALL of the Original Townsite for sale, and also some good acreage property. Terms are the best.

For particulars and prices see

F. G. RICHARDS,
Agent, 51 Yates St.

Just Arrived

Piano, Banquet and Table Lamps

SEE OUR NEW SILK SHADES.

SEHL-HASTIE-ERSKINE CO.

SIDNEY COAL CO.,

Office and Yard: Corner of Store and Herald Streets.

THE BEST WELLINGTON COAL Delivered anywhere in the city City at the Lowest Market Price.
P.O. Box 56. Telephone 479.

RELIGIOUS RANCOUR.

Beautiful Instance of Brotherly Love Between Two Gentle Shepherds.

How the Disabled Cunarder Umbria Fared in the Wild Atlantic Hurricanes.

Banker Schwartz Breaks Jail—Great Railway Conference at St. Paul.

TACOMA, Dec. 31.—What promises to be a fight to a finish in church matters has broken out in Protestant Episcopal church circles. Dr. W. H. Jeffery, pastor of the Church of Holy Communion, and dean of Western Washington, is accused of running matters with a high hand and putting himself in the bishop's place. Rev. Dr. Silliman charges Dr. Jeffery with having hounded him until he and his family wanted for the necessaries of life. Religious circles have never undergone such a shaking up, and the probabilities are that the high ecclesiastical authorities of the church will find it necessary to stop the trouble and remove Dr. Jefferys. Dr. Silliman made a long statement of the wrongs done him by Dr. Jefferys. Dr. Silliman is 50 years old, a fluent talker, and it is reported that he was formerly chaplain of the Tombs prison in New York city, and was addicted to drink and has suffered arrest on several occasions.

A Magician's Trick.

CHICAGO, Dec. 31.—It is not very often that Herrmann, the magician, comes near being made a victim of his own prestidigitatorism, but an incident transpired during the matinee at the Chicago Opera House yesterday that required the quickest use of the magician's wit that he has found it necessary to employ for many a year. For nearly a year Herrmann has been involved in litigation growing out of the construction of a new theatre on Fulton street in Brooklyn, in which he has so far sunk over forty thousand dollars, and which, owing to the policy pursued by the contractors, is still unfinished. Recently a suit in connection with the contract was brought against Herrmann in New York, and an officer was sent on from that city to serve the process. Herrmann, however, had wind of the affair, and succeeded in evading service on Wednesday. The officer was desirous of returning to Gotham for the holidays, and accordingly hit upon a novel expedient to accomplish his mission. In one of the illusions, the former part of Herrmann's present programme, it is necessary to invite a half a dozen members of the audience to the stage to inspect the apparatus. The New York officer was one of the half-dozen who volunteered their services yesterday afternoon, and while the magician was having a little preliminary fun with the sextet the officer availed himself of the opportunity to politely hand a paper to the magician. A single glance at it was enough to reveal to the latter that it was an order of court, but although mentally taken aback for a second his countenance never moved a muscle. By and by, however, he innocently selected the officer as a victim, and plunging his hand inside the stranger's vest, he drew out several handfulls of cards, a live rabbit and other paraphernalia of the conjurer's art, and at the same time succeeded in conveying the order of court back into the inside vest pocket of the officer, the latter finally leaving the stage entirely innocent of the trick of which he had been the victim.

The Umbria's Fractured Shaft.

NEW YORK, Dec. 31.—Frank Marshall White, formerly London correspondent of the Sun, and one of the Umbria's passengers, gave the following account of the accident to the ship and his experience since it occurred:—A fracture was discovered in the shaft and the machinery was stopped south of the banks of Newfoundland at 5:30 on the afternoon of Friday, 23rd inst. After drifting 12 hours in the storm, she was towed 75 miles by the Bohemian, of the Hamburg-American line, but the cable that connected the steamers was broken in a heavy gale on Saturday night, and they lost sight of each other. After drifting three days to the southeast, the Umbria started again with her own machinery, which had been repaired under great difficulties by Chief Engineer Tomlinson, and came on in fine weather at half speed to her destination, reaching Sandy Hook at 3:30 a.m. to-day.

New Year's Day at the White House

WASHINGTON, Dec. 31.—Monday will be one of the quietest New Year's Days in the history of the White House. The executive mansion is still shrouded in mourning, and hence the decision of President Harrison to dispense with the usual official and general New Year's reception is generally acquiesced in. The customary breakfast to the diplomatic corps at the residence of the Secretary of State will also be dispensed with, because it is held that one branch of the President's official family cannot attend a public function while the White House itself is closed on account of mourning.

Considerable of an Animal, Too.

SPOKANE, Dec. 31.—Harry Wilson is about the size of his brother, Congressman John L. Wilson, and he came near having a fistic encounter at the council meeting last night with Ald. H.F. Northbohm, who is more than six feet tall and weighs over 260 pounds. Wilson attacked his antagonist and the president of the council adjourned the meeting and several of the council pulled Wilson off Northbohm's back and separated them.

Gratifying to 'Frisco Merchants.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 31.—J. C. Stubbs, of the Southern Pacific, has received a letter from J. H. Munroe, general traffic manager of the Union Pacific, calling upon him to be present at a meeting on January 9th at St. Paul with representatives of the Canadian Pacific, Northern Pacific and Great Northern. "This is news which should be gratifying to San Francisco merchants," he said as he read from the letter the statement that the Great Northern has a proposition to make to all the roads running to this coast. The proposition is to not only reduce rates to terminals so as to meet carriers by sea, but to grade down rates to intermediate points, such as Sacramento, E'ko, Fresno, Tucson, Los Angeles, Marysville and Red Bluff; not in the ratio of their distances, but taking into account the fact that they are nearer than the coast terminals and giving them lower than terminal rates. "That," said Mr. Stubbs, "is developing the state according to the ideas of the traffic association, and at the expense of the city." The letter stated that the Great Northern propoted to develope Spokane at the expense of Puget Sound points, and there being very few points at present on the new line of that company, it naturally hopes to build up a local trade. Mr. Stubbs will not attend the meeting. He believes the idea is a great mistake and flying in the face of a natural law which selects certain centres and makes them distributing points.

Encountered Two Burglars.

NEW YORK, Dec. 30.—Baron Wilhelm von Puttkamer, said to be the son of a Prussian statesman and nephew of Princess Bismarck, wife of the great Chancellor, and who, after an eventful career as a German soldier, sailor and man of the world in general, has finally settled down in this country as a private in the ranks of the Salvation Army, was struck on the head with a slung shot and stabbed in the abdomen shortly after 4 o'clock this morning, in the hallway of No. 17 Abington square, where he has a room. An ambulance was called from Stuyvesant hospital, whither the wounded man was taken. The surgeons pronounced the wound in the abdomen dangerous. One blow on the head had cut the scalp, but had not fractured the skull. Von Puttkamer upon recovering consciousness at the hospital gave his version of the strange affair. He heard a voice down stairs at 4 o'clock in the morning, he said, and started down to find out the cause of the disturbance. On the first floor he found two masked burglars who attacked him. Then there ensued a terrific struggle, during which he was knocked on the head and stabbed. Then he became unconscious.

Fight for the Chair.

NEW YORK, Dec. 31.—There are likely to be lively times over at Long Island City on Monday next, when Horatio S. Sanford, who was elected as mayor of the municipality at the last election by a substantial majority over the now notorious Patrick Gleason, proposes to take his seat. Gleason says that by the Eternal Judge Sanford will not do anything of the kind, and as the pugilistic mayor has a goodly following behind him, he will be in a position to raise trouble. The other day Judge Sanford offered to bet Gleason a thousand dollars that he will take his seat, but the bet was not covered, and now he has pilloried the redoubtable Patrick as a bluffer. Gleason says that the bluffing will be in the other direction on Monday.

Blaine's Frail Condition.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 31.—The condition of Blaine this morning was given out by the attendant at the door as "He is a little better." Dr. Johnson, at noon, has been attending upon the patient for an hour. His visit gives rise to the impression that Mr. Blaine's illness may have assumed a more unfavorable turn, as the physician's visit at that hour was an unusual one. The weather this morning was dull and heavy and not conducive to the improvement of the invalid. Vice-President Morton made a call of about fifteen minutes at the Blaine mansion this morning.

Thoroughly Estimable.

WEST POINT, N.Y., Dec. 31.—Miss Ayers, the telegraph operator who was murdered on Wednesday night at Brighton Junction, Cala., was an experienced operator and had held important positions in the west. She was economical and in the habit of letting her salary accumulate, and as she had drawn several hundred dollars before her death, it is supposed that her assailant saw her get this money from the pay car. Miss Ayers was contemplating coming to West Point to make it her future home at an early day.

That Lucky Little Lot.

OLYMPIA, Wash., Dec. 31.—A young man named Padden whose father died four years ago leaving him $30,000, was found here last night by his uncle who lives at Vancouver. He had squandered all his money in gambling, but the uncle informed him that a little property he did not sell in Vancouver was now worth more than his father left. Padden had spent his last dollar on Thursday night.

On the Old Mohican.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 31.—Commodore Joseph S. Skerritt, will leave here tomorrow for San Francisco where he will raise his flag on the U. S. S. Mohihican, as commander of the Pacific squadron, with the rank of acting rear-admiral.

Crushed Between Cars.

SEATTLE, Dec. 31.—Frank Hoxie, a brakeman, met a horrible death while switching cars on the Port Townsend Southern at Port Townsend on Friday, by being crushed between the cars.

Something New.

Fine carved bread boards, butter dishes etc., suitable for presents, at Fox's, 78 Government street.

Auction Sales.

For auction sale announcements see first column on seventh page.

For shaving sets go to Fox's, 78 Government street.

SUGAR AND MOLASSES.

Canada Wishes to Pursue Towards the U. S. a Policy of Sweetness and Light.

Montreal's Police Force go Through the Annual Formality of Discharge.

Dalton Macarthy Read Out of the Conservative Party — Reductions in Tariff.

OTTAWA, Dec. 31.—To-day's official Gazette contains three important proclamations, suspending certain sections of acts passed in 1891 and 1892, which impose different rates of duties on sugars and molasses when imported indirectly from the country of production, to rates charged where the importation is direct. The result will be that during the continuance of these proclamations molasses and sugar coming into the country by indirect importation will be placed on an equal footing with direct importations. The duty on sugar coming in by indirect importation was 5 per cent. ad valorem, and on molasses 2½ cents per gallon, and these duties are abolished by the proclamation. The result will be to take off discriminating duties against indirect importations. These clauses of acts mentioned have been quoted by the United States as evincing a disposition on the part of Canada to discriminate against the United States, while the United States makes no such discrimination against other countries, and the Dominion Government has, no doubt, thought it best in order to remove any ground for irritation, to suspend by proclamation discriminating clauses as an evidence of good and friendly feeling.

Transportation Agent Tait

TORONTO, Dec. 31.—It is reported today that Mr. Thos. Tait, Superintendant of C. P. R., will take charge of his new office as transportation agent for the whole system at Montreal about the middle of January.

Dalton McCarthy, in a recent speech declared that the national policy was partially a failure, and suggested a reduction of ten per cent. in the duties on British imports, the reduction to be immediate and unconditional, as the Conservative policy, instead of waiting for developments of the scheme by which Canada is to receive preferential treatment in the markets of Great Britain. The chief Government organ in an editorial yesterday attempted to belittle Dalton McCarthy and cast ridicule on him and any set of politicial principles he might presume to declare, and sneeringly read him out of the Conservative party.

The Globe (Liberal), referring to the matter to-day, says: "There is reason to believe that the defection of Dalton McCarthy and the movement which accompanies it are not regarded in Cabinet circles as matters to be laughed at. Indeed, it would not be surprising if the Prime Minister in his address to the Toronto Conservatives, should hint at some coming measures of tariff reform, and perhaps a renewal of reciprocity relations with Washington.

Discharged Then Re-Enlisted.

MONTREAL, Dec. 31.—The whole police force was discharged this morning. Then the task of swearing them in again was begun and Chief Hughes before noon had administered the oath to about 140 constables. Some 30 failed to pass the medical examination and consequently cannot be enrolled again. When a number were discharged for disability some six years ago, they were given six months' salary in advance. Chief Hughes will report to the police committee this afternoon in favor of granting a similar sum to these men. Their places will not be filled until all the old men willing and able to rejoin have been seen. The chief has already 375 applications for the vacancies.

Manitoba Schools.

NEW YORK, Dec. 31.—A cable dispatch says that Cardinal X. Taschereau's coadjutor, Mgr. Begin, Archbishop of Cyrene, arrived at Havre to-day on his way to Rome. He declined to talk about his mission, beyond the fact that he will represent the cardinal at the pontifical jubilee, but it is understood that he has been empowered to place before the Holy Father several important questions relating to the French and Catholic schools in Manitoba, and the attendance of Catholic children in the public schools, and that the matter is of such moment that Mgr. Satolli may be sent to Winnipeg to prepare an official report upon which the Vatican may act.

Fell on Her Head.

MONTREAL, Dec. 31.—Miss McVane, of Renfrew, was killed by being thrown from a carriage while returning with some other young people from a concert. The driver tied up the lines which gave the horses liberty and they ran away and upset the rig. Miss McVane fell on her head and died five minutes after.

A Railway Man's Funeral.

HALIFAX, Dec. 31.—The funeral of the late Geo. Taylor, the Intercolonial's general freight agent, was attended by General Manager Pottinger and a large representation of the Intercolonial, Canadian Pacific and Grand Trunk Railway men.

Consents to Stand.

MONTREAL, Dec. 31.—Senator Alphonse des Jardines made a conditional promise this morning to allow his name to be used in connection with the candidature for the mayoralty.

Quickly Pigeon-holed.

OTTAWA, Dec. 31.—It has transpired that a petition from the citizens and Board of Trade of Three Rivers, Que., asking the Dominion Government to urge the United States Government to dismiss Col. Smith, United States Consul at Three Rivers, who has given offense by reporting to his government the unsanitary condition of that place as the result of the filth of the French Canadian inhabitants, has been pigeonholed in the State Department.

Criminal Negligence.

STONY BROOK, N.Y., Dec. 31.—The house of Wm. Phillips, a laborer living near this village, was destroyed by fire last night. Four small children locked in the house were horribly burned. Two died last night the others this morning. It is supposed that the children while playing with the fire in the kitchen stove set the house ablaze. The building was a one-story-and-a-half frame structure. The neighbours saw the flames and heard the children's agonizing cries, but were unable to reach them or to extinguish the fire before the flames enveloped them and set their clothing ablaze.

Battered by the Hurricanes.

LONDON, Dec. 31.—The British ship Routenburo had a terrific voyage, and her decks were constantly swept by heavy seas, three lifeboats being crushed. The deck ventilators were torn up, the cabin flooded and the main topgallant mast carried away.

PUNIC FAITH.

Superintendent Abbott Teaches the Council a Lesson on the Vanity of Promises.

NEW WESTMINSTER, Dec. 31.—There was a big drunk among the Indians on East Front street last night, and Policeman Dominy went down to quiet matters. He arrested Indian Joe after a hard fight, and Ah Kee, who had supplied them liquor. The Chinaman got six months this morning; Joe was fined fifteen dollars.

Judge Bole has given judgment in favor of the Bank of British Columbia with full claim and costs of $7700 against W. E. Green.

Ever since the present council came into power it has been trying to settle with the C.P.R. on the right of way question, and just when they thought everything was in order for the execution of the agreements, Superintendent Abbott wrote the council last night declining to have anything to do with the propositions to which he had formally given acquiescence.

There were 18 fires in the city this year, the damage amounting to $2,387.50.

HILBERT OR HASLAM.

Two Leading Citizens Running for Mayor—A Wholesale Desertion.

NANAIMO, Dec. 31.—Ex-Mayor Hilbert has been prevailed upon by his friends to accept nomination for the mayoralty in the coming election. He will not, according to his statement, do any canvassing, but is of the opinion that if the citizens desire him as chief magistrate they will elect him. The ex-mayor is well on the road to recovery and expects to be able to get out in a few days. It is believed the contest will be keener than it was last year when Mayor Haslam obtained a majority of 67 votes.

The crew of the four-masted vessel Hawaiian Isles, Captain Kustel, now lying at Departure Bay awaiting a cargo of New V.C. Co. coal, deserted in a body on Thursday night. The crew was non-union and the desertion is credited to the energetic work of the Coast Seamen's Union. So far the captain has done nothing towards recovering his crew.

No news was brought down by the Joan concerning the disappearance of young Miller, and all hope of ever seeing him alive has been abandoned. The steamer did not call in at Qualicum, so that nothing has been heard from the search party.

The lecture on the labor question in the Y.M.C.A. rooms last night by Mr. W. J. Waldrop was largely attended and a patient hearing was accorded the lecturer. The lecture was given under the auspices of the Trades and Labor Council and was a great success.

THEY HAVE BACKBONE.

A Committee That Cannot be Wheedled—Liquor by the Glass.

VANCOUVER, Dec. 31.—A fortnight ago the fire, water and light committee recommended placing the water works in charge of J. P. Lawson, assistant city engineer, leaving Col. Tracy to attend to the streets and sewers alone. The council sent the report back, but yesterday the committee passed the same resolution.

The license commissioners had a hot discussion yesterday regarding the selling of liquor by the glass in retail shops. Two commissioners said it was notorious that such was the case and a resolution was passed expressing regret that the city's executive authorities had taken no decisive steps to prevent violations of the by-law in this respect.

Contractor Rousfell claims $2300 from the city for extras on Seventh avenue, owing to the city engineer having changed the grades and specifications after the contract was let, and now the street is not passable. Complaints of inaccurate work, changing of plans and specifications and incompetency being made against the city engineer, but so far nothing has been done to verify or disprove the charges.

The Trades and Labor council complain that the contractor on the bituminous rock paving is subletting his contract in violation of the terms of agreement. It is also stated that he has received progress estimates on material in hand to a greater amount than he has yet expended.

The mayor and majority of aldermen declined to attend the public meeting last evening. At the close committees were formed to bring out candidates opposed to the present aldermen. Ex-Alderman Brown is a probable candidate for mayor.

At last night's public meeting the charge was made that the Isolation Hospital site cost $1400 more than the surrounding property.

The now noted case of the Coopers' Cordage Co. vs. Fraser & Co. will likely be settled out of court.

Wall Paper, Plate Glass, Paints, Etc. ★ ★ ★

✠ ✠ ✠ ✠ J. W. MELLOR, 76 & 78 Fort Street, Above Douglas.

THIS YEAR'S NEW BUILDINGS.

Improvements That Have Been Made in Victoria During the Past Twelve Months.

Over a Million Dollars Spent in Erecting Business Blocks and Residences.

The principal streets of the city have been greatly improved during the year just drawing to a close. A large number of buildings on more modern plans than those erected in previous years have taken the places of many of the shanties put together in the early sixties, when lumber was expensive enough and brick, stone and iron were entirely out of the question. Among the large buildings that have been completed during the year are the Driard Hotel, the Young block, the Board of Trade, the Victoria and Phœnix breweries, the Davie block and many others of different sizes and styles. According to the city assessor's list, which follows, there has been less spent on new buildings during 1892 than there was during 1891. But many of the buildings included in the list of 1891 were not finished until late in 1892, so that about an equal amount was actually expended on new buildings.

Besides the buildings there were many other improvements made during the year. The completion of the sewers will induce owners of property to erect better and larger buildings, as they can now have drainage for their basements. At the outer wharf improvements have been effected, the channel being deepened and larger and more commodious wharves built.

The list of new buildings erected during the year with their cost is as follows:—

NORTH WARD.

Name	Description	Value
Andrew, J. A. Garbally Street	1 1½ story w h.	$ 750
Astrico, Mrs. Store	1 3 story b. hotel	15,000
Allan, D. Craigflower	1 1½ do w. h.	1,500
Auld, J. A. Bay	1 2 do do	5,000
Brooks & Valo. Bay	1 2 do do	2,000
Bugslag, P. Mary and Edward	1 1½ do do	1,000
Bartlett, S. Harrison & Pandora	2 1½ do do	1,800
Blackett, J. S. and C. N Pembroke	1 1 do do	1,500
Campbell, D. N. Park	1 1½ do do	1,500
Cook, Geo. J., Belton	2 1½ do do	2,400
Cook, " Powderly	1 1½ do do	1,200
Chickman, C. Bodwell	1 1 do do	1,200
Carson, W. G., Henry	1 1 do do	1,500
Currall, W. G., Gorge	1 2 do do	3,000
Colbert, J. Elizabeth	1 2 do do	2,500
Carlyn, W. Saanich Rd.	2 1 do do	1,200
Dickenson, E. Henry	1 1 do do	1,500
Dunnington, W. H. Front	1 1 do do	800
Davey, John Walker	1 1 do do	400
Dean, John Queen's	2 2 do do	6,000
Draney, Robt. Alfred	1 2 do do	4,000
Elec. Tram. Co., Store	1 1 do b.b	15,000
English, Robt. Pandora	1 1 do w. h.	1,800
Ewart, A. C. Pandora	1 1½ do do	1,500
do do First	1 1 do do	1,000
do do do	1 2 do do	1,000
do do Francis	2 1½ do do	1,200
do do do 2 1	do do	1,300
Fullerton, W. F. Clarke and Pembroke	1 1 do b. h.	1,500
Grant, Capt. Esq. Rd.	1 1 do w. s.	500
Gerow, G. C. Alston & Henry	1 2 do w. h.	1,500
Gunn, Jno. Walker	1 1 do do	200
Goward, W. David	1 1 do do	200
Grant, Mrs. Saanich Rd	1 2 do do	3,500
Godson, Mrs. M. Grant	1 1 do do	600
Grant, F. W. Hulton	1 1½ do do	1,200
Gerow, G. C. Esq Road	1 2 do do	800
Hardy, A. B. Douglas	1 1 do b. s.	350
Grant & Ellis South Rd	4 1 do w. h.	4,800
Hall, John Chatham	1 1 do do	750
Hall, F. J. Douglas and Government	1 2 do do	1,800
Heatherbelle, W. N. Pembroke	1 2 do do	2,000
Hall, Dr. Catherine	1 2 do do	2,500
Jelf, Thos. Cameron	1 1 do do	500
Jones, C. T. Chambers and Princess	1 1 do do	1,200
Jackson, Hillside	7 2 do do	10,000
Kettle, W. H. Henry	1 2 do do	1,800
Kayton, G. A. Burnside	1 1 do do	1,200
Keating, Andrew Queen's & Douglas	1 1 do w. s.	4,000
Lapiere, H. Cook and N. Park	2 2 do do	3,200
Levy, E. Work	1 2 do w. h.	3,000
do do John and Turner	1 2 do do	2,000
Luney, W. A. Douglas	1 2 do b. h.	3,000
Lewis, E. A. Pioneer	1 1 do w. h.	900
Lee Chong Pandora & Cormorant	brick additions	2,000
Levy, J. Frederick	1 1 story w. h.	1,600
Lepine, Mark, Chatham	1 1 do do	600
Lacomb, A do	1 1 do do	600
Leitch, Dr. Pandora	1 2 do do	3,000
McCarter, W. Govt.	1 2 do do	3,000
Messick, Mrs. N. C Esq	2 1½ do do	3,000
Malpas, A. David	1 2 do do	1,500
McDonald, R. Gorge Rd	1 2 do do	2,000
Mesher, G Second	1 2 do do	2,000
Mesher, G C Hill and First	6 2 do do	6,000
Lawless, M. Market	1 1½ do do	1,200
Moir, A. Henry	1 1 do do	1,000
Mable, W. J. Russell	1 2 do do	3,000
Market City, Cormorant	sheds, etc	1,000
Nelson, A. Esq & Mary	1 2 story w. h.	4,000
McDonald, F. D, Belton	1 2 do do	18,000
Okell-M. P. Co. Turner	wharf and shads	4,000
Oliver, W. H. Herald and Store	additions	600
Ohlsen, Andrew Lansdowne	1 2 story w. h.	3,000
Oakland Estate, Lansdowne	6 1 do do	3,000
Oakland Estate Lansdowne	5 1½ do do	3,000
Oakland Estate, Lansdowne	3 2 do do	6,000
Oakland Estate Lansdowne	2 2 do w. s.	1,000
Orestl, F. Speed	1 1 do w. h.	500
Porter, A. Store	2 2 do b. b.	2,000
Post, C. A. N Park	1 1½ do w. h.	1,500
Pool, W. Front	1 1 do do	600
Parsell, D. Esq and Dalton	1 2 do do	1,200
Patterson, D. Saanich and Speed	1 1 do do	1,000
Phœnix, J. Chatham and Store	1 1 do w. s.	1,500
Phœnix, J. Pine	10 1 do w. h.	6,000
Phœnix, Jos. Launton Road	1 2 do do	900
Pearson, C. S. Richmond Road	1 2 do do	1,500
Rhode, Jos. Store	2 2 do b. s.	4,000
Richards, F. J. Speed add Saanich	6 2 do w. h.	10,800
Raitt, F. W. N Park	1 1½ do do	1,500
Ross, W. N. Harrison	2 1 do do	1,200
" do Spring Ridge	1 1½ do do	2,400
Rollins, M. Pandora and Harrison	1 1½ do do	1,000
Renouf, R. N Chatham	1 2 do do	900
Rothwell, W. Esq Road	1 2 do do	2,000
Sherburn, Mrs. Oscar	1 1 do do	3,000
Sayea, John South Rd	1 2 do do	2,000
do do N Chatham	2 1 do do	800
Farrend, Chas N Chatham	1 1 do do	500
Smith, John H. Front	1 1 do do	800
Sehl, Mrs. F. Quadra	2 2 do do	4,000
Saunders, H Pandora	2 do add	4,000
do do Sixth	1 1 do w. h.	1,200
St. Andrew's Presbyterian Ch. Oak Bay	1 1 do church	1,500
Smith, M. J. Montrose	1 3 do b. b.	8,000
Sabine, N. Cook	1 1 do w s.	1,000
Tolmie Estate, Hillside	10 1 do w. h.	5,000
Trustees E. B. Church N Chatham	church	8,000
Taylor Mill Co Govt.	alterations	500
Tubman, T. Richmond	1 1 do w. h.	500
Turner, John Store	additions	2,000
Vic Brewery, Govt.	1 3 story b. b.	50,000
Weiler, J. Pembroke	1 1 do w. h.	900
Wiley, Wm. do	1 1½ do do	900
Walker, W. Pine	2 1½ do do	900
Wright, W. W. Speed	1 1 do do	500
Whittaker, Wm. Whittaker	6 2 do do	10,000
Walker—Esq Road	1 2 do w. s.	1,500
Wood, T. E. Caledonia	1 2 do w. h.	600
Yates, H. M. Burnside	1 1 do do	3,000
Bland, J. J. Esq and Mary	1 1 do do	1,800
Beer, Mrs. H. E. Esq	1 1 do do	1,000
Collins, G. Discovery & Store	6 1 do do	1,500
Carpenter, J. Store	10 cabins	750
Dunsmuir, Jas. Craigflower Road	1 2 story w. h.	30,000
Gowdy, W. G. Esq and Mary	1 2 do do	2,000
Greenwood, Mrs. J. K. Frederick	2 2 do do	3,000
Greenwood, Mrs. J. K. Cameron	6 1 do do	
Greenwood, Mrs. J. K. Cameron	3 2 do do	5,400

CENTRAL WARD.

Name	Description	Value
Angus, Mrs. W. Stanley	1 1 story w. h.	1,600
Bossi, A. V. Johnson	1 1 do do	1,000
Bodley, A. McGregor	2 2 do do	5,000
Board of Trade, Bastion	1 4 do b. b	37,000
Bank B. N. A. Yates	additions	4,000
Bowers—Harrison	1 1½ story w. h.	2,500
Baker, T. H. Johnson	1 1 do do	1,400
Chambers, W. S. View	6 2 do do	12,000
Clayton, J. Amphion	1 2 do do	1,800
Davie, Jno. L. Langley	1 2 do b. b.	8,000
Davie, Hon. T. Yates and Govt.	1 3 do b. b.	28,000
Duck, S. Broad	3 3 do b. s.	18,000
Ellis & Co, Langley	1 1 do b. b.	1,500
Hooper, Thos. Yates	1 2 do w. h.	3,000
Haggerty, Jno. Yates	1 2 do b. h.	3,500
Hiscock, A. D. View	1 2 do w. h.	1,500
Jones, Mrs. L. Fort and Quadra	1 2 do do	3,000
Knapp, Catherine Belcher	1 1 do do	1,000
Jamieson, Mrs. View	1 1 do do	800
Leiser, S. Store and Johnson	1 3 do b. b.	18,000
Leask, J. C. Fort	1 2 do w. h.	2,000
Labonne, J. Pandora	1 3 do b. b.	8,000
McBeath, D. View	1 2 do w. h.	1,800
Miles, G. W. Stanley	1 2 do do	2,000
McGregor, A. Terrace	1 2 do do	2,500
Munsie Wm. Pandora and Vancouver	3 1 do do	4,800
McMillan, A. View	2 2 do do	3,600
Russell, G. S. Yates	brick add.	1,000
Sinclair, — Johnson	12 2 story cabins	1,000
Spencer, D. Broad	brick add.	500
Toller, A. St. Charles	1 2 story w. h.	1,500
St. A. and C. Society Blanchard	1 2 do hall	4,500
Turner, John, Johnson	3 3 do b. s.	20,000
Thomson C. R. Johnson	2 2 do w. h.	4,000
Wilson, J. K. Yates	3 4 do b. s.	17,000
Wilson, Wm. Pandora	1 2 do w. h.	1,500
Wilson, J. K. Broad & Johnson	8 2 do b. s.	21,000
Woolford, Mrs. E. C.B. and St. C.	1 2 do w. h.	2,000
Yates, J. S. Wharf	brick add.	2,500
do do do	2 2 story b. s.	11,000
Young, D. R. Stanley	1 1½ do w. h.	1,800
do do do	3 2 do do	5,800
do do do	5 1 do do	8,000
do do do	1 2½ do do	4,000
Young, M. & L. Govt.	2 2 1 do b. s.	25,000

SOUTH WARD.

Name	Description	Value
Asplin, Belcher	1 2 story w. h.	7,000
Angus, F. Kane	2 2 do do	4,000
Anderson, E. H. Fort	alterations	500
Alsop & Mason Govt.	2 story add.	1,000
Byar, Helen Humbolt	1 2 do w h.	2,500
Brown, P. R. do	addition	500
Bawkins, B. R. Lovers Lane	2 1½ story w. h.	2,400
Bolden, J. W. Lovers Lane	1 1½ do do	600
Bantly, M. Fort	1 2 do b. s.	6,000
Barlow, Mrs. J. superior	1 2 do w. h.	1,800
Borthwick, R. St. J. & Quebec	1 2 do do	3,500
Bank Montreal, Belcher	1 2 do do	12,000
Brittain, R. Niagara	1 1 do do	800
Barber, John San Juan	1 1½ do do	1,000
Chapman, H. Vancouver	3 2 do do	16,000
Cowper, J. M. Dallas	1 2 do do	2,500
Churton, Mrs. W. Humbolt	1 2 do do	2,000
Carter, J. W. Rae	1 2 do do	3,000
Collister, R. Dallas	1 2 do do	2,500
Caton, J. A. T. Moss	1 1 do do	500
Dow, S. San Juan	1 2 do do	1,000
Drill Shed, A. Menzies	stone and brick	45,000
Duncan, A. B. St. James	1 1½ story w.h.	1,500
Day, A. G. Belcher	1 2 do do	8,000
Dougall, John, Croft and Niagara	1 1 do do	1,000
Ellis, W. H. Churchway	addition	1,000
Hughes, J. H. Toronto	1 1 story w.h.	1,500
Moore, Huron street	chemical works	4,000
Jensen, M. Dallas	addition	300
Jensen, M. Dallas	1 2 story w.h.	1,500
Lang, A. Earl	1 2 do do	2,500
Lawrence, J. A. Menzies	addition	1,000
Lombard, C. Collinson	1 2 story w.h.	2,500
Maidment, G. Cobourg	3 1½ do do	1,800
McDowell, W. Menzies	2 1½ do do	2,000
McDowell, McClure and Collinson	1 1 do do	600
Munday, H. E. St. Ch'rls	1 2 do do	1,500
McLeod, Rev, Boyd	1 2 do do	3,500
McQuade, E. A. Vancvr	1 2 do do	8,000
Mathews, J. B. Montr'l	3 1 do do	2,400
Milne, Dr. Dallas	additions	2,500
Methodist Ch'rch, M'chigan	church	8,000
Munro, Mrs. Ritheet	1 2 story w.h.	1,800
McCaulay, W. J. Belchr	1 2 do do	15,000
Munday, H. E. Menzies	1 2 do do	1,500
Mathews, F. G. Menzies	additions	500
Maidment & Reeve, San Juan	1 1 story w.h.	1,600
Morrison, D. S. San Juan	1 1 do do	1,400
McConnell, Mrs. Michigan	additions	500
Mouatt Estate, Belleville	additions	1,800
Maidment, G. Cobourg	4 1 story w.h.	2,000
McKenzie, A. Milne	1 1½ do do	1,000
Piper, T. W. C. Broad	addition	500
Pendray, W. J. Humbolt	additions	300
Pemberton, J. D. Sylvia	1 1 story w.h.	1,000
Piercey, Jno. Lewis	2 2 do do	3,000
Rendall, R. Simcoe	3 1 do do	2,100
Monroe, Rithet	1 2 do do	1,800
Robbins, J. R. Boyd	1 1 do do	900
Rutherford, Mrs. Superior	1 1 do do	1,800
Smith, A. J. Erie	1 2 do factory	1,500
Sorby, T. C. Menzies	1 1 do w.h.	8,000
Sherbourne, F. Carr	1 2 do do	3,000
Shotbolt, T. Fowl Bay Road	1 2 do do	7,000
Somers, J. Government	addition	2,000
Shendley, P. Oswego	1 1½ story w.h.	800
Steenson, W. J. St. James	1 1 do do	800
Smith, Mr. San Juan	1 1 do do	1,800
Sen. Mrs. D. Brought'n	1 2 do b.h.	2,000
Tait, Robt. Dallas	1 2 do w.h.	1,000
Trounce, Thos. Michigan	additions	500
Vernon, Hon. F. G. Cook	3 2 story w.h.	7,500
Vernon, Hon. F. G. Bell't	1 2 do do	2,000
Vincent, F. W. Erie	addition	2,500
Westington, W. Phœnix	1 2 story w.h.	2,500
Walters, W. J. Menzies	2 2 do do	4,000
Williams, Mr. Michig'n	4 2 do do	4,000
Wilson, S. Michigan	1 2 do do	2,500
Wheeler, W. H. Toronto	1 2 do do	1,200
Wheeler, W. H. Toronto	1 1 do do	800
Weiler, Jno. Humboldt	addition	300
Walker, Mrs. M. South Turner	1 2 story w.h.	1,800
Wooler, W. H. Sylvia	1 2 do do	3,000
Young, A. Superior	1 1 do do	3,500

TOTALS.

North Ward	$ 392,500
Central Ward	310,500
South Ward	267,500
Repairs, etc	75,000
Grand Total	$1,045,500

ABBREVIATIONS.

W.h., wooden house; b.b., brick building; b.h., brick house; b.s., brick store; w.s., wooden store.

A Brute.

A disagreeable husband once misquoted to the effect "that a thing of beauty is a (jaw) forever."

A Rigby coat or mantle is a thing of beauty and a joy forever, and an effectual producer of good temper. Ill health and good temper cannot go together, and the most prevalent breeder of ill health is a cold. With the old fashioned and unsightly rubber coat a damp, clammy feeling with attendant chill and cold was almost inevitable. With a Rigby garment it is an impossibility, because Rigby is warm, light, porous, and perfectly waterproof. P.—I—Please Investigate.

Phœnix Lager Beer.

ALDERMAN BAKER DISGUSTED

At the Rushing Through of Business Leaves the Council Chamber Abruptly.

The Trouble Over Building Specifications—Ald. Styles' Chinese Birdcage.

Ald. Baker set the ball rolling at the special meeting of the city council last night. Ald. Baker rose to a question of privilege. He quoted from the TIMES of the 30th inst. He said that the official publication of the by-law respecting sewer connections was incorrect. Section 18 of the by-law as published left it to the discretion of the city engineer whether the roof water should run into the sewers.

Ald. Baker maintained that the matter was not left to the discretion of the city engineer. The by-law, as it passed the council, was that the roof water could run into the sewers. Mayor Beaven said that the by-law published in the TIMES was the same as the gazetted by-law. The original by-law was sent for and found to tally with the official publication.

Ald. Bragg said that was not the intention of the council. Roof water should either be permitted to run into the sewers or not. There was nothing definite in leaving the matter to the city engineer.

Mayor Beaven agreed that it was the intention of the council to let the roof water run into the sewers.

Ald. Hunter contended that it would be impossible to run roof water through such small sewer connections. The pipes in some cases were only a few inches wide. The combined sewerage and roof water would "choke-up" the sewers and the streets would be flooded, or the water be driven back into the cellars.

Ald. Munn criticized the idea of running the storm water from the roofs into the sewers. Why not as well run the storm water from the streets into the sewers. The street storm water could find an outlet and why not the roof storm water?

The discussion was dropped.

MRS. NILES GETS $25.

Requisitions from the finance committee totalling $1500 were passed by the council. Among these were an appropriation for fitting up the quarantine station for winter use and $25 to Mrs. Niles for injury sustained by falling through the Vancouver street sidewalk.

WAS IT ELECTIONEERING?

Surveyor Cridge had a bill in for $24.50 for giving street lines during the illness of the city engineer. Ald. Lovell said that he would not sign the voucher. Ald. Baker and Ald. Styles said that they would pay it if the council did not.

Ald. Lovell—I will not sign it. It is a little electioneering.

Ald. Styles—I do not resort to such tricks.

Mayor Beaven—Order! Order! Please address the chair.

Ald. Munn said the work had been done and the city received the fees, $20.

Ald. Lovell insisted that it had not been done. It was not proved that the city had the fees.

The finance committee had reported adversely, and the council by a majority vote referred it back.

Ald. Lovell—It is no good. I will not sign it.

JOHN SEXSMITH AWARDED $75.

The award of the finance committee of $75 to John Sexsmith for injuries sustained by driving over a defective crossing was ratified

VICTORIA WEST STREET LINES.

The question of defining street lines for Victoria West was brought up. The matter was discussed. Some were of the opinion that the old city lines could be followed with least inconvenience to the majority. It was left to Mayor Beaven to give Gazette notice for the introduction of private legislation at the next legislature.

A CHICKEN RANCH ON THE STREET.

Engineer Wilmot reported that Mr. Phillips, who had a portion of a chicken ranch on St. Andrew's street, which was complained of as a nuisance, said that he had had the place for twenty years. He would relinquish it if required. The report was adopted and Mr. Phillips was asked to vacate.

WILL GIVE $10,000.

City Assessor Northcotte reported recommending the payment of $10,000 for the lot required for the extension of Broad street through to the market hall. Adopted.

Secretary Yates, of the Jubilee hospital directors, reported that it was the opinion of the board that the city should have charge of the quarantine station till May 31 next. Accepted.

WANT STREETS PUT IN ORDER.

Oak Bay avenue residents asked that that street be put in a proper condition. Referred to street committee and city engineer.

Cadboro Bay road residents had a similar request. It was ordered to be done under the local improvement by-law.

ALD. BAKER LEAVES.

The council resolved itself into committee of the whole on specifications governing the manner of sewer connections.

Ald. Hunter said the specifications were going to make building expensive.

Ald. Styles said that the specifications would make the building on the outside like a Chinese birdcage. There were too many pipes.

Ald. Bragg wanted the specifications referred to the incoming council.

Ald. Baker agreed with Ald. Bragg.

Ald. Hunter did not like delay. It was a great fault of the present council. He would like the aldermen to content themselves to go through the specifications. They might not have another chance. He would like to consult the ability of Ald. Humber.

Ald. Humber, "Hear, hear! Soft soap." (Laughter.)

Ald. Baker said that they were rushing matters through unnecessarily fast.

Ald. Munn had never had a copy of the specifications. Ald. Humber was in the same boat.

The motion to rise and report was defeated.

Yeas—Ald. Bragg, Baker, Humber and Styles.

Nays—Ald. Hunter, Lovell, Munn and McKillican.

Mayor Beaven voted yea.

Ald. Baker—This specification shall not pass if I have to stay two hours in one clause.

Ald. Hunter said he would not be threatened. He would stand no such tactics.

Ald. Baker said his remarks were only a joke. It was not his intention to impede progress. But he would no longer stay in the council chamber. Before leaving he wished that the specifications would be literally torn to pieces by someone.

Ald. Baker left the council board.

A few more clauses passed. Ald. Humber said if the old houses were made to put in all the pipes the buildings would have to be torn to pieces.

Ald. Styles said it was tantamount to a reconstruction of the city.

The specifications were finally adopted with amendments.

Council adjourned 11:45 o'clock.

THE ORPHANS' CHRISTMAS.

An Interesting Programme Presented by the Children.

Right Rev. Bishop Cridge occupied the chair at the annual Christmas tree entertainment held at the Protestant Orphans' Home last evening. A number of ladies and gentlemen were present and were entertained with a programme of songs and recitations by the children. The programme was as follows:

Christmas Carol.....Children
Recitation.....Flora St. Clair
Recitation.....Catherine Smith
Christmas Carol.....Children
Recitation.....Louisa Christopher
Recitation.....Annie Phillips
Recitation.....Hannah Smith
Christmas Carol.....Children
Recitation.....Ada and Helen
Recitation.....Dolly Perkins
Christmas Carol.....Children
Recitation.....Arthur St. Clair
Recitation.....George Brown
Christmas Carol.....Children
Doxology and Benediction.

Mrs. Kent distributed the presents among the children, everyone receiving something to please. After this Mr. Worlock, the president, made a few remarks, which brought the evening's entertainment to a close.

Claims Change Hands.

Mr. E. Mahon, who has just returned to Vancouver from Kootenay, gives a list of some of the claims that have changed hands lately. Prominent among the transfers are: Two third interest in the Reco group, $50,000; Twin Lake group, $40,000; Stormfont group, $6000; Jardine group, $75,000; Ruby Silver, $25,000; Idaho, $20,000; half interest in the California, $8000; one-third interest in the Best, $10,000; Last Chance, $10,000; Slocan Star group, $25,000; Freddy Lee, $20,000; Blue Bird, $25,000; Lucky Jim, $10,000; Great Western, $15,000; Washington, 5-12 interest, $8000; Washington, ¼ interest, $8500; Washington, ¼ interest, $22,000; Dardanelles, 9-16 interest, $56,000; Mountain Chief, $15,000; Montezuma, $25,000. The lowest of these is $8000 and there are also a number of other sales recorded under $5000 and downwards. The total amount of the transactions reaches the immense sum of $700,000, and an idea of the increased confidence in the mines can be seen from the different sales of portions of the Washington, a quarter interest having been sold for $8500, while shortly after another quarter interest was sold for no less than $22,000.

Passed Off Pleasantly.

The Sunday school Christmas entertainments of the Baptist and Presbyterian churches of Victoria West passed off very pleasantly last night. The children enjoyed themselves.

Mrs. H. D. West
of Cornwallis, Nova Scotia.

$200 Worth

Of Other Medicines Failed

But 4 Bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla Cured.

"It is with pleasure that I tell of the great benefit I derived from Hood's Sarsaparilla. For 6 years I have been badly afflicted with

Erysipelas

breaking out with running sores during hot summer months. I have sometimes not been able to use my limbs for two months at a time. Being induced to try Hood's Sarsaparilla, I got one bottle last spring, commenced using it; felt so much better, got two bottles more; took them during the summer, was able to do my housework, and

Walk Two Miles

which I had not done for six years. Think I am cured of erysipelas, and recommend any person so afflicted to use

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Four bottles has done more for me than $200 worth of other medicine. I think it the best blood purifier known." MRS. H. D. WEST, Church street, Cornwallis, N. S.

HOOD'S PILLS cure liver ills, constipation, biliousness, jaundice, sick headache. 25c.

MEDICAL.

THE CELEBRATED FRENCH CURE.

Warranted to cure **"APHRODITINE"** or money refunded.

IS SOLD ON A POSITIVE GUARANTEE to cure any form of nervous disease, or disorder of the generative organs, whether arising from the excessive use of Stimulants, Tobacco or Opium or through Indiscretion, etc., such as Loss of Brain Power, Wakefulness, Bearing down Pains in the Back, Hysteria, Nervous Prostration, Leucorrhœa, Dizziness, Weak Memory, Loss of Power, which if neglected often lead to premature old age and insanity. Price $1.00 a box, 6 boxes for $5.00.

A WRITTEN GUARANTEE for every $5.00 order, to refund the money if a Permanent cure is not effected. Thousands of testimonials from old and young, of both sexes, permanently cured by APHRODITINE. Circular free. Address

THE APHRO MEDICINE CO
WESTERN BRANCH,
Box 27, PORTLAND, OR.

SOLD BY COCHRANE & MUNN, Druggists, Corner of Yates and Douglas streets, sa29 Sole Wholesale Agents, Victoria

GREAT ENGLISH PRESCRIPTION

A SUCCESSFUL MEDICINE OF 30 YEARS' TEST. Has cured thousands of cases of Nervous Prostration, Weakness of Brain, Poor Memory, Dizziness and all diseases caused by ignorance in youth. Six boxes are guaranteed to cure when all other medicines fail. One box $1.00; six boxes, $5.00. Manufactured by EUREKA CHEMICAL CO. Detroit, Mich. Sold and sent anywhere by mail by LANGLEY & CO. Victoria B.C. june10-1y

PENNYROYAL WAFERS.

Prescription of a physician who has had a life long experience in treating female diseases. Is used monthly with perfect success by over 10,000 ladies. Pleasant, safe, effectual. Ladies ask your druggist for Pennyroyal Wafers and take no substitute, or inclose postage for sealed particulars. Sold by all druggists, $1 per box. Address THE EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., DETROIT, MICH. For sale by LANGLEY & CO., Victoria. vues17 1y.

TRADE MARK
BIG G
CURE YOURSELF!
Ask your Druggist for a bottle of Big G. The only non-poisonous remedy for all the unnatural discharges and private diseases of men and the debilitating weakness peculiar to women. It cures in a few days without the aid or publicity of a doctor. The Universal American Cure. Manufactured by The Evans Chemical Co. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.
PRICE $1.00

CUBB'S COUGH CURE (ANTISEPTIC) CUBB'S COUGH CURE

A lady, who, by the way, is the wife of an M.P. in one our B. C. cities, said to our manufacturing chemist a few days ago: "What first attracted my attention to Cubb's Cough Cure was the novel claim that it is ANTISEPTIC. I thought if this is really the case it must be a good medicine. I bought a bottle and found it all that is claimed for it. My husband who has been troubled with a severe bronchial cough for a long time, used it with the most surprising results."

The name of the above lady is on file in our office with many more equally reliable.

Our dealers report the sales of Cubb's Cough Cure for the month of November, far in excess of any other cough mixture. This is because it is the only ANTISEPTIC REMEDY in the market.

Cubb's Cough Cure is made only by

THE HYBRYLYNE CO., Victoria, B.C.

☞ Ask your Druggist or Dealer for it.

Wholesale by LANGLEY & CO., Victoria B. C., or address THE HYBRYLYNE CO., Victoria, B.C

KEEPS YOU IN HEALTH.
DUNN'S FRUIT SALINE
DELIGHTFULLY REFRESHING.
A safeguard against infectious diseases. Sold by chemists throughout the world. W. G. DUNN & CO. Works—Croydon, England.
LANGLEY & CO., Victoria, Agents for B.C. de14 6mecd

NOTICE.

Any person afflicted with

Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Lumbago, Toothache, Hollow Tooth, Weak or inflamed Eyes or Eyelids, Internal Pain or Nasal Catarrh, apply for relief to

PROFESSOR TOTTENHAM,
Dominion Hotel, Victoria, B. C.

Neuralgia cures in 5 or 10 minutes.

My Agents are:—C. E. Jones, Druggist, 36 Government Street, Thos. Shotbolt, Druggist, Johnson Street. oct-tf

SNOWFLAKE FLOUR

—:— FOR FAMILY USE, —:—
IS THE BEST.

Ask your Grocer for it. Have no other

Manufactured by
ISOM LANNING & CO
ALBANY, OREGON.

A. MAXWELL MUIR,
ARCHITECT,
Rooms 2 and 13, - - - Turner Block
ap29

HOTELS.

New Telegraph HOTEL.

Having Leased the New Telegraph Hotel, Store Street, and furnished it anew, it will be opened for the accommodation of the public on the 25th inst.

ACCOMMODATION FOR 100 GUESTS

This Hotel is a three-story brick, with basement, has electric light and gas, and all the modern conveniences, and commands a fine view of the harbor.

TERMS, from $1 to $2 per Day.

JONATHAN MERRIFIELD.
se7-tf

The Management of the

HOTEL VICTORIA

Is now prepared to accept Boarders, with or without rooms, at Reduced Prices for the Winter months. Tariff of Rates on application.

The cuisine acknowledged to be the best in the City.

P. T. PATTON, PROPRIETOR
de 23-tf

New England Bakery.

116 AND 118 GOVERNMENT ST.

The New New England Bakery and Restaurant is

Now Open Day and Night

AT THE OLD STAND.

THREE DINING ROOMS FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.

The Finest in the City. Meals at all hours. Telephone Call 161.

YOUNG BROS.

B. C. Board of Trade Building

OFFICES TO LET.

The Directors are prepared to receive applications for offices in the new Board of Trade Building, on Bastion Street. Responsible parties can secure on leases more than one suite of offices, with privilege of sub-letting. The offices are heated and conveniently arranged, singly and in suites of two and three rooms, having fire-proof vaults, electric light, gas fixtures and other modern conveniences. Special attention has been given to the sanitary arrangements. For further particulars and plans apply at No. 80 Wharf St., to

F. ELWORTHY,
Secretary pro. tem.
de29-1m

VICTORIA RICE MILLS

Store street, Victoria, B. C.

Millers of China and Japan Rice

RICE MEAL,

Rice Flour, Chit Rice, Etc.

VICTORIA

ROLLER FLOUR MILL

Delta Brand Family Flour, Superfine Flour Bran and Shorts

No. 64 & 66 Store St. Victoria.

Local Improvement Assessment—Rockland Avenue and Oak Bay Avenue.

Notice is hereby given that the Reports of the City Engineer and Assessor, which have been adopted by the Council, are open for inspection, at the City Assessor's Office, Douglas Street.

Any person objecting to the proposed improvements can sign and present to the Council a petition against either of them, at any time within 15 days of the first publication of this notice.

By order,

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.

City Clerk's Office,
Victoria, B.C., Dec. 29th, 1892.

Dr. McKechnie

Will attend to Dr. Hall's patients during his absence.

Victoria, Dec. 24. 824

B. Williams & Co., CLOTHIER & HATTERS, 97 Johnson St.

See our FALL STOCK of Macintoshes, Melissa and Rigby Waterproofs.
UMBRELLAS, OVERCOATS, SUITS, ETC.
Boys' and Men's SCOTCH TWEED SUITS a Specialty. Good Values. Low Prices.

FIRES DURING THE YEAR.

The Losses Increased Four-Fold by the Electric Tramway Company's Fire.

Fifty-Six Thousand Dollars Hardly Covers the Loss—Fires and Alarms.

The loss by fire during the past year has been larger by $45,000 than for many years. The total loss was $56,237, more than half of which was caused by the fire which destroyed the National Electric Tramway Company's building and plant. The loss at that fire was estimated at $38,000, and the same night while the firemen were busy, $4000 went up in smoke at Sivertz's bakery on Spring Ridge. The fires during the year were as follows:

JANUARY.

Sunday, Jan. 3., 9 p.m.—still alarm, smoke issuing from store occupied by A. Lewis, Yates street, cause, defective chimney, no loss.

Sunday, Jan. 10, 1 p.m.—Box 31, fire at store occupied by H. Gribble, Government street, cause unknown, loss $2500, insured.

Monday, Jan. 11, 12 o'clock noon—Box 26, no fire.

Monday, Jan. 11, 2:35 p.m.—Box 31, fire at R. Jamieson's store, Government street, cause electric wires, loss $25, insured.

Tuesday, Jan. 12, 1:30 p.m.—Box 31, fire at residence, No. 14 View street, cause defective chimney, no loss.

Thursday, Jan. 14, 1:10 p.m.—Box 31, fire at asphalt vat on Kane street, no loss.

Wednesday, Jan. 20, 9 a.m.—Box 61, alarm from rice mills, no loss.

Friday, Jan. 22, 11:45 p.m.—Box 31, fire in boxes filled with straw at Commercial Alley, no loss.

Saturday, Jan. 30, 6:45 p.m.—Box 31, fire at residence of J. Thompson, Johnson street, cause unknown, loss $1200, insured.

Alarms during January 9, estimated loss $3725.

FEBRUARY.

Monday, 8th, 9:30 p.m.—Box 23, fire in barn, No. 145 Fort street. Cause, incendiary. No loss.

Thursday, 11th, 12:50 a. m.—Box 14, fire at A. S. Richardson's second-hand clothing store, No. 62 Johnson street. Cause, supposed incendiary. Loss, $50. Insured.

Thursday, 18th, 1:30 p.m.—Telephone alarm, fire in basement of St. Andrew's church, Broughton street. Cause, children with matches. No loss.

Thursday, 18th, 2:55 p.m.—Box 31, fire on roof of B. C. Cattle Market. Cause, defective chimney. No loss.

Saturday, 20th, 9 a.m.—Box 31, fire on roof of E. Thain's residence, Fisgard street. Cause, sparks. No loss.

Monday, 22nd, 9:40 p.m.—Box 25, chimney fire. No loss. Alarms during February, 6, estimated loss $50.

MARCH.

Wednesday, 2nd—Fire at Janion Hotel. Cause, crossed wire. No loss.

Wednesday, 2nd, 5 p.m.—Fire at D. McPhadden's residence, Elizabeth street. Cause, children playing with matches. No loss.

Alarms during March, 2, no losses.

APRIL.

Friday, 22nd, still alarm—Fire at residence of R. Menaugh, Esquimalt road; outside city limits.

Tuesday 26th, 2 p.m.—Box 31, fire at McIntosh's boat house, Government street. Cause, burning cloth falling on roof. No loss.

Thursday, 28th, 5 a.m.—Fire at Lee & Sons mill, Rock Bay. Cause unknown. Loss $150.

Thursday, 28th, 9:35 p.m.—Box 31 chimney fire. No loss.

Friday, 29th, 5:30 p.m.—Fire caused by children lighting shavings and straw near St. Andrew's cathedral. No loss.

Alarms during April, 5; estimated loss $150.

MAY.

Sunday, 1st, 11:35 a.m.—Box 23; fire on roof, No. 142 Fort street; cause sparks. Loss, $5.

Saturday, 21st, 12 noon—Box 31; fire on Rock Bay bridge; cause sparks. No loss.

Wednesday, 25th, 5:30 p.m.—Telephone alarm; fire on beach, Dallas road. No loss.

Sunday, 29th, 12:45 p. m.—Box 52; brush fire, Simcoe street. No loss.

Sunday, 29th, 3:30 p.m.—Box 61; fire on roof of residence owned by J. Dwyer, Cormorant street; cause unknown. No loss.

Monday, 30th, 7 p.m.—Fire on roof of residence, No. 81 Humboldt street; cause sparks. No loss.

Alarms during May, 6; estimated loss $5.

JUNE.

Friday, 3rd, 11:30 a.m.—Box 23; fire at Falconer's Vinegar Works, Yates street; cause sparks. No loss.

Sunday, 5th, 4:23 p.m.—Box 15, fire at residence owned by W. P. Sayward, Constance street, cause, sparks. No loss.

Wednesday, 8th, 12:30 a.m.—Fire at Chinese cabins, Herald street, cause, burning paper. No loss.

Thursday, 9th, 5:30 a.m.—Box 21, alarm from District Telegraph office. No fire.

Saturday, 11th, 10:25 p.m.—Box 64, fire at two-story frame factory, Broughton street, building owned by C. Hayward, occupied by Tebb & Yelland, cause, supposed incendiary. Loss estimated at $1200 on stock, $300 on building, stock insured.

Tuesday, 14th, 1:10 p.m.—Box 31, fire at two story brick building, southeast corner Yates and Government streets, cause, defective chimney. Loss $235, insured.

Monday, 20th, 10:10 a.m.—Box 23, fire on roof of W. Neal's residence, Quadra street, cause, sparks. No loss.

Monday, 27th, 3:45 p.m.—Box 31, fire at No. 129 Johnson street, one-story frame building, cause, explosion of lamp. Loss $15.

Wednesday, 29th, 1 a.m.—Fire in shed on Bastion street, cause, hot coals. No loss.

Wednesday, 29th, 11:07 a.m.—Box 25, chimney fire, Chinatown.

Alarms during June, 10. Estimated loss, $1750.

JULY.

Thursday, July 7, 7:30 p.m.—Box 64. Burning old shed on Courtenay street. No loss.

Friday, July 8, 3:30 p.m.—Box 7. Grass fire.

Saturday, July 9, 4 p.m.—Chimney fire at No. 9 Pandora street.

Sunday, July 10.—Still alarm. Grass fire.

Monday, July 11, 11:15 a.m.—Still alarm. Grass fire.

Thursday, July 14, 3:45 p.m.—Box 24. Grass fire.

Monday, July 18, 1:50 p.m.—Box 24. Grass fire.

Tuesday, July 19, 2 p.m.—Brush fire.

Saturday, July 23, 2 p.m.—Grass fire.

Saturday, July 23, 4:40 p.m.—Box 42. Grass fire.

Sunday, July 24, 11:30 p.m.—Box 31. Fire at one storey frame residence, Fernwood road, owner J. Blackburn, occupant S. Reid, cause defective flue, loss $300, insured.

Tuesday, July 26, 2:45 p.m.—Box 61, fire at Douglas house, No. 14 Gordon street, two-storey frame building, owner Senator W. J. McDonald, occupant Mrs. P. H. Marshall, cause defective chimney, loss $100, insured.

Sunday, July 31, 11:50 a.m.—Box 24, grass fire.

Alarms during July 13. Estimated loss $400.

AUGUST.

Tuesday, 2, 11:30 a.m.—Still alarm, grass fire.

Tuesday, 2, 12:30 p.m.—Box 23, fire at Falconer's Vinegar Works, frame building, cause defective chimney, loss $10.

Sunday, 7, 1:38 a.m.—Box 61, fire at National Electric Tramway building, Rock Bay, cause unknown, loss $38,000, insured.

Sunday, 7, 2:10 a.m.—Box 33, fire at store and residence, Spring Ridge; owners and occupants, Sivertz Bros. and J. Carron; two one-story frame buildings destroyed, cause unknown, loss $4000, insured.

Monday, 8, 9:30 p.m.—Telephone alarm caused by steamers blowing whistles at outer wharf.

Sunday, 21, 2:30 p.m.—Still alarm, grass fire.

Sunday, 28—Two grass fires.

Alarms during August, 8; estimated loss, $42,010.

SEPTEMBER.

Saturday, 3—Two grass fires.
Wednesday, 7—Grass fire.
Monday, 12—Grass fire.
Tuesday, 13—Brush fire.

Monday, 19, 11:05 p.m.—Box 63, fire at Weiler's three-story brick factory, Humboldt street, cause carelessness, no loss.

Tuesday, 20, 6:45 a.m.—Box 31, fire at Protestant Orphans' Home, Rae street, cause clothing igniting from contact with hot ashes, no loss.

Tuesday, 20—Two grass fires.

Friday, 23, 7:25 p.m.—Box 23, fire at Falconer's Vinegar Works, Yates street, cause defective furnace, loss $10.

Wednesday, 28, 8:30 p.m.—Box 31, alarm from Dominion Hotel, Yates street, no fire.

Alarms during September, 11; estimated loss, $10.

OCTOBER.

Monday, 10, 6:40 a.m.—Fire at No. 72 Fort street, two-story frame building, owner P. R. Brown, occupant J. Whitelaw, cause defective flue, loss $650, insured, box 31.

Thursday, 13, 4:25 a.m.—Fire at unoccupied one-story frame building No. 60 North Chatham street, box 45, owner J. A. Sayer, cause unknown, loss $350, insured.

Saturday, 15, 4:10 p.m.—Box 31, fire at Kirk Block, Douglas street, two-story brick building, owners B. C. Land & Investment Company, occupants, B. Pettingill, W. S. Hampson, J. Garland, G. Simpson and W.G. Stevenson, cause unknown, loss $663, insured.

Sunday, 16, 9 p.m.—Box 21, fire at No. 41 Broad street, cause electric wires, no loss.

Tuesday, 18, 8:50 p.m.—Box 24, fire at one-story residence, No. 67 North Park street, owner R. Hall, occupant J. Smith, cause of fire unknown, supposed incendiary, loss $75, building uninsured, furniture insured.

Saturday, 22, 6:50 p.m.—Box 31, burning pest house, no loss.

Friday, 28—Still alarm, fire at one-story frame building, Langley street, occupant J. Willis, cause unknown, no loss.

Alarms during October, 7; estimated loss, $1737.

NOVEMBER.

Friday, 4th, 11:40 p.m.—Box 54, incendiary fire, one-story frame building, No. 23 Frederick street, owner Le Point, unoccupied, loss $400, insured.

Tuesday, 8th, 6 p.m.—Box 61, smoke issuing from Women's Refuge Home, Cormorant street, no fire, no loss.

Alarms during November, 2, estimated loss $400.

DECEMBER.

Friday, 2nd, 10:30 p.m.—Box 61, fire at St. George's Inn, Esquimalt road, owner W. Rothwell, occupant, B. Carter, cause lamp breaking, loss $1700.

Monday, 12th, 10:45 p.m.—Box 14, chimney fire.

Wednesday, 14th, 7 p.m.—Box 41, burning infected building near fountain, no loss.

Sunday, 18th, 10 a.m.—Box 13, fire at two-story residence, No. 115 Humboldt street, owner B. W. Dempster, occupant W. H. Routledge, cause supposed that child was playing with matches, loss $100, insured, extinguished with chemical.

Tuesday, 20th, 10:30 p.m.—Still alarm, crossed wire on Douglas street.

Tuesday, 20th, 11 p.m.—Chimney fire.

Wednesday, 21, 3:10 a.m.—Box 31; fire at green house adjoining residence of D. R. Harris, Burdette avenue; cause, overheating furnace. Extinguished with chemical. Laid 150 feet 1½ inch hose. Loss $150.

Thursday, 22, 7 a.m.—Still alarm; fire in refuse box, No. 97 Johnson street; cause, hot ashes. No loss.

Wednesday, 28, 4:40 p.m.—Box 61; fire at telephone office; cause crossed wires. Loss $50.

Friday, 30, 12:10 a.m.—Still alarm; fire at 53 Yates street; cause; crossed wire. No loss.

Friday, 30, 2:30 a.m. Fire at Russ House, Johnson street; cause, electric wires. No loss.

Friday, 30, 7 a.m. Fire at King Tye's store, No. 8 Cormorant street; cause, electric wires. No loss.

Number of fires during December, 14. Loss $2000

Total number of fires and alarms during 1892, 91.

Estimated loss at fires during 1892.

January	$ 3,725
February	50
March	nil
April	150
May	5
June	1,750
July	400
August	42,010
September	10
October	1,737
November	400
December	2,000
Total	$56,237

LANDED AT QUARANTINE.

The Steamship Tacoma's Chinese Passengers Put Ashore at Albert Head.

The hundred Chinese passengers on the steamship Tacoma were landed at Albert Head this morning with their baggage. They will be kept in quarantine for four or five days. The Chinaman affected is not in a serious condition. He had a light attack of the disease, and is now convalescent. The steamer will be fumigated by the Earl this afternoon. The di-oxide blast machine will be used for the first time on an infected vessel. The operation will be completed some time this evening, and the Tacoma will either come to the outer wharf immediately after or in the morning. The crew have all been vaccinated, and disinfectants freely used, and no outbreak among them is expected.

Mr. Alex. Stewart, Puget Sound agent for the company, went to Port Townsend late evening. He suspected that the United States authorities might not let the vessel pass when she reaches there to-morrow night, so he went on to explain the case and tell the medical authorities what is being done.

THE SEALERS' CLAIMS.

Semi-Official Advices Received Regarding the Claims Sent in This Year.

Mr. A. L. Belyea, solicitor for the sealing men who sent in claims to the British Government for losses sustained through the closing of Behring Sea, was asked to-day if there was any truth in the report published in the Toronto Empire of a recent date. The item in the Empire was as follows:

"It is understood that a decision has been arrived at respecting the claims of the Canadian sealers upon the British Government arising out of the modus vivendi with the United States, for the temporary suspension of sealing in the Behring Sea in 1891-92. Over 40 claims have been received altogether, but three were practically withdrawn, owing to very valid objections against them. In 15 or 16 other cases no loss could be proved, the receipts for the voyage having been found equal to the outlay. In these no allowances will, therefore, be made, except perhaps a small amount towards covering the cost of pushing forward the claims, the grounds of rejection being somewhat technical. In the remaining cases the accounts have been enquired into and various amounts allowed, and it is estimated that a vote of £20,000 will be required to settle the claims upon which an agreement has been arrived at. The arrangement is subject to the approval of Parliament, but having regard to the spirit in which the act empowering the modus vivendi was discussed in both Houses, this is not likely to be withheld."

Mr. Belyea stated that the item was substantially correct, he having received a semi-official report to that effect. As yet, however, no further particulars have been received.

The sealers do not know whether to be pleased or displeased, in fact they do not know what they will receive. The claims sent in amounted to about $500,000, so that the £20,000 will not amount to much.

The claims sent in were of different kinds. Some owners claimed damages for being shut out of the sea, and others for being poevented from continuing work after they arrived in the sea. Then there were claims for what schooners might have done if they had been allowed to continue hunting. Many of the sealers, however will be glad to receive some remuneration, no matter how small.

Christmas Benevolence.

The following donations to the Old People's Home for Christmas were in addition to the list already published:—Watson & Hall, biscuits, nuts and raisins; Lenz & Leiser, stockings and towels; Mrs. Finlayson, preserves; W. J. Bowman, goose and clothing; Mrs. Dewdney, Government House, a roast of meat and a goose; J. & A. Clearihue, boxes of oranges; B. C. Cattle Co., a goose; Elsie T. Douglas Bullen, tobacco; G. Caton, clothing; W. J. Pendray, goose; Mrs. McNaughton, Christmas Letters; Mr. Aspland, tobacco; Mr. Elworthy, clothing; A. T. Monteith, clothing; Mrs. F. W. Foster, meat; a goose, chicken and turkey, from a friend.

For fine ball programmes, invitation, wedding and visiting cards, and all kinds of commercial work, maps, checks, billheads, letter and note heads color labels, etc., etc., go to to the Victoria Lithograph Co., cor. Yates and Government streets, up stairs; entrance Yates street. Orders taken at the TIMES office.

Queen's Music Hall. The greatest show in the province. Admission free.

A luxury of luxuries—Tamilkande. □

Phœnix Lager Beer.

CUSTOM HOUSE RETURNS.

Imports and Exports From January First to December Thirty-First.

Duties and Revenues Collected at the Custom House During the Year.

The value of the imports to and exports from British Columbia, the amount of duty and other revenues collected during 1892 are given in the tables that follow:

IMPORTS.

	Dutiable Goods.	Free Goods.	Duty Col'ct'd.	Other Rev.
January	$ 222,389	$ 51,513	$ 36,189	$ 9,049
February	179,031	49,199	62,666	8,942
March	228,574	44,698	78,982	13,140
April	236,227	126,337	83,173	14,440
May	286,335	166,078	80,748	17,671
June	213,321	26,823	69,896	10,729
July	201,116	61,070	74,232	14,648
August	194,410	118,774	68,700	3,147
Sept'mb'r	217,748	47,167	77,253	4,167
October	144,763	37,679	60,160	2,342
Novemb'r	243,632	22,334	71,077	7,117
Decemb'r	155,690	19,594	56,426	8,353
Totals	$2,553,176	$771,266	$849,098	$114,056

EXPORTS.

	Produce of Canada.	Not Produce of Canada.
January	$ 64,462	$ 14,813
February	84,974	90,978
March	31,934	8,360
April	75,161	12,323
May	96,215	5,850
June	91,145	20,410
July	50,654	9,161
August	107,415	6,385
September	36,503	20,446
October	48,903	7,473
November	81,631	9,114
December	541,417	9,956
Totals	$1,268,515	$215,799

INLAND REVENUE.

January	$ 9,336.18
February	10,636.34
March	11,870.13
April	12,812.00
May	11,120.44
June	13,643.33
July	12,868.88
August	13,722.30
September	15,193.05
October	12,183.45
November	10,961.81
Total for eleven months	$134,356.89

The inland revenue returns for December are not obtainable until reports have been received from the districts connected with the Victoria office.

BIRTHS, DEATHS, MARRIAGES.

The Registrar's Statistics For the Different Months During the Past Year.

The number of births, deaths and marriages during the past year are as follows:

Month	Births.	Deaths.	Marriages.
January	36	27	29
February	73	17	18
March	13	21	10
April	26	18	12
May	18	27	24
June	21	33	35
July	35	24	7
August	32	48	16
September	22	23	27
October	31	37	12
November	28	19	18
December	41	17	19
Total	378	309	216

Victoria Postoffice.

The money order business has increased to such an extent during the last year that Victoria will probably rank fourth in the Dominion as to number of orders issued and amounts received for such orders. The amount of mail matter received and dispatched has also greatly increased. The free delivery of letters by letter-carriers is being taken advantage of generally by the citizens as is shown by the large increase in the amount of mail matter delivered by them. The parcel post between Victoria and Liverpool, which is dispatched and received in sealed baskets, has grown to immense proportions. As many as 350 parcels have been received in one mail.

The Pacific Flagship.

There is no abatement to the activity being displayed in hastening the completion of the first-class cruiser Royal Arthur, although it appears to be settled that she will not be required as the new flagship of the Pacific. It is said that a larger class of ship will be sent here as a match for a formidable cruiser which the Russians are about to station in those waters, but unless a battle ship be sent the Blenheim is the only available cruiser of a larger size and superior armament to the Royal Arthur, the former carrying two 22 ton (9.2 inch) and ten 6-inch B. L. and the latter one 22 ton and twelve 6-inch B. L.

Small Boy Gamblers.

Half a dozen boys, ranging in age from twelve to eighteen, have for some time been conducting a gambling house on a small scale, in a cabin on Johnson street. They have a regular gambling outfit, consisting of dice, cards and tables, and play anything from casino to faro. The simpler games, such as dice, black jack, and poker are, however, the favorites. Every night the cabin is crowded with small boys playing away their five and ten cent pieces, and those who are better off, become "blooded" when excited and go so far as to bet 50 cents.

For California.

The steamer Umatilla sailed for San Francisco this morning with the following cabin passengers from this port:—Miss L. Griffith, D. Birrell, P. Birrell, Mrs. R. W. Kidner, Miss E. Lindridge, Mrs. J. Nesbitt, Miss E. Nesbitt, Mrs. S. J. Nesbitt and child, F. Reading and wife, Mrs. R. Beauchamp, Geo. Beauchamp and wife, D. M. DeLang, wife and child, and Jno. Stevens.

They Want Light.

Workmen living on the outskirts of the city and who go to work early morning complain that all the electric lights are out. The lights are said to be extinguished before 6 o'clock.

A Happy Event.

Spring Ridge Christmas entertainment last night was a happy event. Mr. McIntosh presided and F. Watson was vocal director.

Brass fenders and firesets at McLennan & McFeely's.

Phœnix Lager Beer.

Protecting Sea Beaches.

It is estimated that about 1,000,000 acres on the Atlantic and Baltic shores of Europe have become since the destruction of the forests a moving desert of sand dunes, rolling inland, burying the fertile soil and rendering the land barren by the sand showers sprinkled over it, while following the landward roll of the dunes came the resistless march of the victorious sea.

The endeavor of these threatened countries has been to regain by slow degrees the protection of the forests so rashly destroyed. First, a breakwater or dike is constructed—occasionally a mere plank fence—against which the sand from the beach soon forms long rows of dunes. These sand hills, usually the enemies of the land, being thus hindered from drifting inland, are impressed into the service of the land and become its coast guard against the invading waves.

The second step is to plant them with beach grass, or some other sand loving plant, to bind the sand together and by the succession of growth and decay finally form a soil.—Agnes L. Carter in Popular Science Monthly.

If you only knew how nice it is—Tamilkande Tea.

Phœnix Lager Beer.

CAUTION.
EACH PLUG OF THE
Myrtle Navy
IS MARKED
T. & B.
IN BRONZE LETTERS.
NONE OTHER GENUINE
jan19-1y-tu-th-sat

NOTICE
To Merchants, Owners and Captains.
THE CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO., Ld., is prepared to load and unload cargoes, furnish Ballast, etc. Lowest Rates. Satisfaction guaranteed.
For further information as to rates, apply at office, or to
JNO. IRVING, Manager.
16 Dec. 1892.—1m

NOTICE.
Notice is hereby given that having sold my business to the Sayward Mill and Lumber Co., Limited, I take this opportunity of thanking my friends and patrons for past favors and ask that the same be extended to the new firm.
Persons having claims against me are requested to present the same, and all persons indebted to me are requested to pay such indebtedness at my office, 16 Trounce Avenue.
oc22-tf W. P. SAYWARD.

Whale Oil Soap
For Washing Fruit Trees
MANUFACTURED BY
W. J. Pendray

To Rent.
ONE OF THE FINEST OFFICES IN THE CITY
Splendid location. On ground floor, Five Sisters Block. Large; well lighted by electricity; heated with steam. Apply at C. P. R. ticket office. oct12-1m

VICTORIA OPTICAL CO.,
The Leading Opticians. 100 Government St.
Perfected Spectacles and Eye-glasses on hand and carefully adjusted. Satisfaction guaranteed. Optical goods of every description. Repairing in all branches done with neatness and despatch. No fancy prices.
A. HYAMS - - Manager

NOTICE.
The offices of Messrs. W. H. BAINBRIDGE & CO., the B. C. Pottery and Terra Cotta Co. the B. C. Agricultural Association and the Thunder Hill Mining Co., have been removed from the Jewell Block, Douglas Street, to No. 42 and 44 Government Street. se20-tf

STEAMBOATS.
PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y
Dispatch a steamer
Every 7 days for San Francisco
Carrying Her Majesty's Mails.
FROM OUTER WHARF AT 12 A.M.
Walla Walla - - - - - Jan. 7
R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.

TENDERS WANTED.
TENDERS.
The St. Andrew's & Caledonian Society invites tenders up to noon on 6th January next, for the lease of the Caledonia Park for the year 1893. For further information apply to Mr. R. MITCHELL, Chairman Park Committee.
EDWIN C. SMITH, Secretary.
Dec. 23, 1892.

The Japanese Bazaar
Splendid Assortment of New Goods, imported per S. S. Victoria.
Great: Christmas: Show
Attractive, Useful Articles, suitable for all classes and all sizes.
Japanese and Chinese
Porcelain, Ivory, Sandalwood and Bronze Ornaments, Silk Handkerchiefs, Dressing Gowns, Smoking Jackets, Bed Covers, Petticoats, Skirts, etc., etc.
Also best quality only Paris made
Gloves, Dolls, Fans.
Sainburgh's celebrated Lavender Water from London, England. The most refreshing and fragrant perfume for the handkerchief.
Choice Brands of Manilla Cheroots, Senoritas and Cigars.
The Oldest, Largest and Best Oriental Show in this Province. Prices Always Right.
T. S. FUTCHER,
Importer and Retailer.
41 FORT ST., VICTORIA, B. C.

THE SAMARITAN
Lying-In-Home,
NO. 11 RAE STREET.
TERMS:—Patients, previous to confinement, $3 per week. During confinement, including medical attendance and nursing, $10 per week. Patients, with good references, who may be unable to pay will be treated free of charge. For admission apply at the Home.

GOING TO
Jewelers or so called Opticians for Glasses is equivalent to going to a Blacksmith for Jewelry. If your vision is defective consult the
ONLY OPTICIANS
F. W. Nolte & Co.
(Successors to Hyams)
27 FORT STREET

WINNING NUMBERS :: ::
—IN—
Russell, McDonald & Co's
REGULAR ANNUAL DRAWING:

2839	1434	1803	3992
3238	2224	289	1352
1631	504	4027	4170
4014	835	2676	3813
2880	4016	2989	1113
4613	4249	1335	310
4175	264	473	1068
2816	1758	4359	216
3114	2844	47	1589
4244	2279	854	1315
1595	1725	1404	2838
2019	4450	639	1084
3138	4303	1638	2670
274	2636	3708	561
1801	2889	109	1161
4421	3799	1747	2340
3921	1297	1693	2542
1474	3954	3016	3069
477	380	3059	

de29-1

Fine Goods Left
—IN—
Photo Albums,
Photo Screens,
Leather Writing Sets,
Art Vases,
Art Frames,
—ALSO—
Lots of Cheap Books
Jamieson
NEXT TO POST OFFICE.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

Advertisements under this head will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

AGENTS—$200 monthly made selling our new household goods. Write for terms. Clauss Shear Co., Toronto. no12-s7t

WANTED—A servant girl. Enquire 76 Chatham St. de29 6t

WANTED—A good cook (female) for small family. Two other servants kept. Must have good credentials. Address B., P. O. Box 664. de29-5t

WANTED—A good plumber with small capital, who thoroughly understands hot water and steam heating; to combine with an old established stove, tinware and hot air business. Apply, Plumber, TIMES Office. de1

SITUATIONS WANTED.

A MARRIED LADY (English), who has resided in Victoria several years, desires daily teaching in a family. English, French, German, Music. Address "Hope," TIMES Office. de29-1m

A LADY desires copying, or position as clerk in a store. Apply 118 Fort St. de28-tf

WANTED—By middle aged lady, situation as housekeeper. Address, N. R., TIMES Office. de28

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

WANTED—In or near Victoria, for two months, small furnished house. Write to ——, TIMES Office.

WANTED—$1000 at 10 per cent, on a private residence and 2 lots. Address X. Q., this office. de6-1m

LADY desires at her own home entire care of a child, or would take two of same family. References. S. S. TIMES office. d5-4w

LOST OR FOUND.

FOUND—A small row boat. Owner can have it by paying expenses. Apply to No. 9, Wallace St., City. de29-3t

LOST—A watch guard. Five dollars reward. Return to this office. d27-tf

LOST—Several weeks ago a lady's silk umbrella, with white fluted handle and silver mountings. Finder please leave at this office, as owner values it for other reasons than intrinsic value. de7-tf

LOST—A pair of gold rimmed glasses. Finder will be rewarded on leaving them at the TIMES Office. no23-tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—One half interest in a good milk business, with 23 cows and 7 horses, also 20 fine young heifers, and all kinds of farming implements, with a good run of customers; also 75 pigs, old and young, also one farm of 172 acres. For further particulars apply to James N. Algar, Nanaimo, B. C., Cranberry Distric n11-tf-d-w

FOR SALE—Rare Chance—A Bargain—A house and corner lot in Victoria West. 5 rooms; pantry, bath room, out houses, etc. One block from tramway. On easy terms. Apply 92 Douglas St. de30-6t

COW FOR SALE—Apply to Charles McKay, Russell St., or at Mable's Carriage Shop. de29-1w

FOR SALE—A BARGAIN—One two-story house, new, 6 rooms and bath; one cottage, 4 rooms; on lot 60x90 feet; 15 minutes from post office. The property is now renting at $17 and $10. Must be sold. Commission saved by purchasing from the owner. For full particulars address Box R. W. C., TIMES Office. de28-6t

FOR SALE CHEAP—A number of fruit trees, all sizes and ages. Inquire of Robert Elford, 130 Cadboro Bay Road. ne29-tf

FOR SALE OR HIRE—A good combination safe, suitable for office or store. Apply to G. Denny, at the TIMES office. oc21-tf

TO LET.

TO LET—House with seven rooms and bath; inside W.C. Heated with hot air furnace in basement. Apply R. R. Bayne, architect, 50½ Government street. d24-eod

$10 A MONTH—Nice detached cottages, Spring Ridge, six rooms each; this rent is very moderate. Also seven-roomed house and shop. Apply C. Farrington, Spring Ridge, or Mr. Kearns on the premises. se20tf

INSURANCE.

THE NORWICH UNION
FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY.
Established 1797. Amount insured $200,000,000.
H. D. HELMCKEN, Agent
Bastion street, Victoria, B. C. jan8-1y

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE,
VETERINARY SURGEON,
Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V. S. Buffalo, N. Y.) Office at Bray's Livery 109 Johnson Street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417. VICTORIA, B. C.

PIANO TUNING.

PIANOS TUNED AND REGULATED, $2.
MR. W. C. WINDEBANK, Vocal Humorist, Teacher of Vocal Music. Voices trained and improved for public singing. Terms moderate. 85 Fort St. A few more members wanted to complete singing class. Satisfaction guaranteed. no1-tf

GEO. W. FUGGLE,
PIANOFORTE MAKER AND TUNER.
Three years with Goodwin & Co. Orders left at factory, 76 Princess avenue; also at Jamieson's book store, next postoffice. Violins Mandolins and Guitars repaired. P. O Box 22

SOCIETIES.

SONS OF ENGLAND BENEVOLENT SOC'Y
Pride of the Island No. 123 meets first and third Wednesdays at 7:45 p.m., in St. George's Hall, Government and Bastion Sts. Visiting brethren cordially invited. ARTHUR LEE, P.O. Box 732. au19yr Secretary.

ROYAL TEMPLARS OF TEMPERANCE.
Victoria Council No. 2, R. T. of T., meets every Monday night in the St. Andrew's Society Hall, Blanchard Street, at 8 p.m. Visiting members welcome.
Select Degree meets 1st Wednesday in each month.
A. H. MATTHEW,
O. SUTHERLAND, S.C. ap12 R. Sec.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.
The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS
Court Vancouver No. 5755, A.O.F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Foresters' Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited.
fe13 SIDNEY WILSON, Sec.

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE,
No. 1, A. F. & A.M., B.C.R. Regular communications the first Thursday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner of Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
ja16 C. DUBOIS MASON, Secretary.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE
No. 2, A. F. & A. M., R.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
jy23 R. A. BROWN, Secretary.

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH
Chapter, No. 120, G.R.C. Regular convocations held on the first Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street. Sojourning companions cordially invited. E. LANGLEY, 1-1y Scribe E.

FAR WEST LODGE, No. 1, K. of P.
Regular convention every Friday evening at Knights of Pythias Hall, Broad street. Sojourning knights are cordially invited to attend.
E. PERRIN, K. of R. & S.
oc19

ST. ANDREWS & CALEDONIAN
Society meets in their own hall, Blanchard St., on the last Friday in every month. All Scotsmen are invited to join.
E. G. SMITH, Secretary. 2

ARCHITECTS.

THOMAS HOOPER
ARCHITECT.
Office over SPENCER'S ARCADE, Government street. jy5-tf

JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT,
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue. fe20tf

PHYSICIANS.

DR. E. C. FOOT,
B. A. and M. B., University of Dublin. Licentiate Royal College of Surgeons, Ireland. Residence, 122 Michigan Street, James Bay. Office, Jewell Block, corner Yates and Douglas Street. de3

J. K. GARROW, M.D.,
Physician and Surgeon.
Office: Rooms 15 and 17 Wilson Block, Yates St., At office from 10 a.m. to 3 p.m. At residence, 85 Superior St., near corner Menzies, 9 to 10 a.m., 7 to 8 p.m. oc26

DR. METHERELL,
Graduate of the University of Trinity College; Fellow (by examination) of Trinity Medical College; Member of the College of Physicians and Surgeons; Licentiate of the Royal College of Physicians of Edinburgh; Licentiate of the Faculty of Physicians and Surgeons of Glasgow, and Fellow of the Academy of Medicine and Surgery of the Canary Islands. Late of Her Majesty's Service.
50½ Government street. Telephone 80.
Hours 1 to 3 p.m. and 7 to 9 p.m.
Residence, Victoria West. Telephone 580. Calls promptly attended day or night. au17

DR. ERNEST HALL,
L.R.C.P., Edinburgh,
Physician, Surgeon, etc. Specialty:—Eye Ear, Nose and Throat.
Office, corner Yates and Douglas streets.
Residence, corner Cadboro Bay road and Fernwood. au4

MRS. McGREGOR,
MIDWIFE.
Cormorant Street.

MRS. J. H. THOMAS, Lady Nurse. No. 100 Pandora Street. de6-1m

MISCELLANEOUS.

QUEEN'S MARKET.
L. GOODACRE.
Government street, Victoria, B. C., wholesale and retail Butcher. Contractor by appointment to Her Majesty's Royal Navy.

A. & W. WILSON,
PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS.
Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 126

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NOTARY PUBLIC
Real Estate and General Agent. Loans negotiated. Town and Country Property for sale. Office Government street Victoria. P.C Box 50.

SCAVENGERS.

PETER HANSEN
CITY SCAVENGER.
Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders and prices reasonable.
Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets.
Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 184, jul8

JOHN DOHERTY
GENERAL SCAVENGER.
Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, or George Doughty, corner Fort and Blanchard streets, will be promptly attended to. Coal and wood for sale. g22-1y

ELECTION CARDS.

The Mayoralty.

TO THE MUNICIPAL ELECTORS:

A year ago you elected me to the position of Mayor. With the aid of the Aldermen the condition of civic affairs has been much improved, but much remains to be accomplished.

Feeling confident that the experience gained can be exercised beneficially to the city, I have decided to be again a candidate and respectfully solicit your support and influence.

ROBERT BEAVEN.

December 30th, 1892.

To the Electors of North Ward.

I shall be a candidate for Alderman at the coming election and solicit your support.

MUNROE MILLER.

de12-td

To the Electors of the North Ward.

I intend to be a candidate for alderman at the coming municipal election, and respectfully solicit your vote and influence.

dec17 A. G. McCANDLESS.

To the Electors of North Ward.

I will be a candidate for election to the Municipal Council for the North Ward, and solicit your votes and influence.

G. C. GEROW.

Victoria, Dec. 21.

To the Electors of Victoria.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:—By request of numerous friends in the North Ward, I offer myself as a Candidate for School Trustee for the ensuing year, and solicit your votes and influence.

de23-td GEORGE GLOVER.

To the Electors of South Ward.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:—Having my whole time to spare in attending to the duties of an Alderman, I beg to again announce myself as a Candidate for South Ward at the coming Municipal Election, and respectfully solicit your support and votes.

JOHN HALL.

Niagara Street, Dec. 22nd, 1892. tf

To the Electors of the North Ward.

I will be a candidate for alderman at the coming municipal election, and respectfully solicit your vote and influence.

d24 THOMAS SHAW.

To the Electors of North Ward.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:—I am a candidate for election to the Municipal Council as Alderman, and respectfully solicit your support. As public meetings to be held in the Ward, I will fully explain my views on Municipal questions.

d27 B. H. WEST.

To the Electors of Centre Ward.

I will be a candidate for election to the Municipal Council and respectfully solicit your votes and influence.

JOSEPH WRIGLESWORTH.

Yates Street, Dec. 30th, 1893.

AMUSEMENTS.

EVENT OF THE SEASON.

GRAND

Concert

In PHILHARMONIC HALL, on

HOGMANAY NIGHT,

Saturday, 31st December, 1892,

Under the auspices of Sir William Wallace Society,

ADMISSION 50c. RESERVED SEATS 75c.

TICKETS FROM
R. H. Jameson, Grocer, Fort St.
Kerr & Begg, Stationers, Government St.;
Members of the Society,
And at the Hall.

VICTORIA THEATRE.

SPECIAL!

The Management beg to announce a Season of Comic Opera.

COMMENCING JAN. 10th, 1893.

The Calhoun Opera Co.

Tuesday, January 10th:
"SAID PASHA."
Wednesday, January 11th:
"BOCCACICO."
Thursday, January 12th:
"FATINITZA."

Prices, $1.50, $1.00 and 50 cts.

A Special Sale of Commutation Books of six seats, good for any opera, and giving purchaser the right to first choice of seats, will commence one week before the regular single ticket sale at Jamieson's bookstore. The prices of these books are $7.50. Sale of Season Books will commence Wednesday, Dec. 28th at 10 a.m.
de28-5t

BY SPECIAL REQUEST
A GRAND

Entertainment

Will be given in the Old Methodist Church, at the corner of Broad and Pandora Streets, on

Monday Ev'g, January 2nd, 1892
At 8 o'clock.

A trip through British Columbia, Canada, United States, England, Ireland and Scotland. The views will be given by Lime Light, 25 feet in diameter in size. The finest yet given in Victoria. Interesting and instructive to both young and old. A number of Valuable Prizes will be Given Away by drawing, FREE. Gold Bracelets, Chains, Charms, etc. Prizes to be seen at Waitt & Co.'s Music Store, Government St.

ADMISSION ONLY 25c. CHILDREN HALF PRICE.
de30-3t

B. C. Poultry, Dog and Pet Stock Association
Will hold their
ANNUAL SHOW
At Victoria, January 17th to 20th, 1893.
D. M. EBERTS, M.P.P., President. R. P. McLENNAN, Secretary.
de28

CONCERT AND DANCE
In the School House, Boleskine Road, on
Wednesday, January 4th, 1893.
TABLEAUX will form part of the programme. Tickets admitting Lady and Gentleman $1 each; to concert only 25 cents. To commence at 7:30 sharp; dance at 9. Refreshments will be provided. w-s-w-3t

MEETINGS TO BE HELD.

The Next Tri-Annual Examination
—OF THE—
British Columbia Medical Council
Takes place in the City of Victoria,
—on—
TUESDAY, the 10th Day of JANUARY NEXT,
Commencing at 9 o'clock a. m.
G. L. MILNE,
de28-2w Registrar and Secretary.

NOTICE.

Is hereby given that the Sixth Annual Meeting of the British Columbia Fire Insurance Co'y will be held at the Company's Office, 64 Yates Street, Victoria, on Thursday, January 19th, 1893, at four p.m., when the annual report of the company will be presented. Members of the Company are requested to attend.
December 16th, 1892.
WM. DALBY,
de17 1m Manager.

Diamond Cycles
STRICTLY HIGH GRADE.
For Ladies, Gentlemen, Youths and Boys; in solid, cushion, and pneumatic tires.
CHEAP FOR CASH.
SPRATT & GRAY, 17, 19 Work St., Rock Bay.
de8-1m

Monument to Jeff Davis.

JACKSON, Miss., Dec. 31.—In this state as well as all over the South, Monday next will be observed as a general contribution day for the raising of funds for the monument to the memory of Jefferson Davis which it is proposed to erect at Richmond Va. Every resident of Mississippi will be asked to contribute twenty-five cents or more toward the object in question.

The Purest Wines for Christmas and New Year's are the California. California Wine Co., Nos. 55 and 57 Broad St.

Phœnix Lager Beer.

THE DAILY TIMES
Published every afternoon except Sunday, by the
Victoria Times Printing and Publishing Company, Limited,
At No. 37 Yates street, near Government
Victoria, B. C.
SUBSCRIPTION:
Delivered by carrier in any part of the city, per week.....25 cts.
By mail to any part of the world, per year $10.00

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is published every Friday morning, and mailed to any part of Canada, the United States, or Great Britain for $2.00 per annum, paid in advance.

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CONDENSED ADVERTISEMENTS, such as To Let, Wanted, etc., etc., one cent per word per insertion.
NOTICES of Births, Marriages and Deaths, free. Deaths with funeral announcements, $1.50.
SPECIAL NOTICES, set in brevier (the type used for general reading) and placed in reading columns, 25 cents a line for first insertion, and 12½ cents each subsequent insertion. Set in nonpareil type (this size) and placed under the heading of "Special Notices," 12½ cents for first insertion, and 6 cents for each subsequent insertion.
Theatrical notices, legal advertisements, political announcements, and all advertisements of a special class, and not included in the above, 10 cents a line first insertion, and 5 cents for each subsequent insertion.
Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions inserted until ordered out.
Address
THE TIMES P. & P. COMPANY, Ld.
WM. TEMPLEMAN, Manager

Changes of Advertisements.
It is necessary that copy for changes of advertisements (to be sure of insertion) should be handed in on the day previous to that on which their appearance is desired.

The Daily Times.

THE YEAR.

Though Victoria has been far from enjoying a "boom" during the year that is now closing, the figures which we give elsewhere show that it has made some solid progress. In the matter of building operations, especially, there has been considerable activity, and it is quite likely that even among our own citizens there was no general expectation that the expenditure on new buildings would aggregate so largely. It cannot be denied that there is some depression of trade; but the whole country is at present suffering in that way, and it is quite probable that Victoria will pass through the period of reaction more successfully than most other places. The province is but at the beginning of its development, which will next year in all likelihood take on a more rapid pace. Nothing can prevent this city from enjoying its share of the profits that such development must bring; and the extent of that share will depend largely on the course of her capitalists and men of business. We could wish for the sake of many, that the immediate prospects were a little brighter, but intervals of dulness are inevitable, and, to repeat, Victoria has to congratulate herself on escaping more easily than other places. It would be exceedingly foolish for the people of any city to expect uninterrupted prosperity, independent of all outside conditions. These must govern our rate of progress to some extent whether we will it or not. And, as we have said, the outside conditions to which Victoria has to look forward convey a promise of better things, even for the year that is immediately ahead of us. There is always hope in the future, and the TIMES wishes its readers a "a happy New Year" with confidence that its wish will be fulfilled.

THE BRITISH FARMER.

The Empire affected to regard the British Agricultural Conference's declaration in favor of retaliatory duties as a "great object lesson" for the Canadian farmer. It thinks the Canadian people would be "mad indeed" to listen to the doctrine of free trade when they can profit by the experience of the people of Britain. It is interesting to turn from the Empire's solemn preaching to the comments of the London Times on the action of the conference. The "Thunderer" frankly admits that the agricultural industry is suffering sevevely from depression, but it does not agree with the proposals of the conference. Here are some of its remarks:—"The agricultural conference unhappily seems to have made up its mind to defy the recognized laws of economic science, instead of endeavoring to adopt their farming methods to them. The first of the two operative resolutions passed yesterday was an undisguised proposal for the re-adoption of protection, while the second endorsed the principle of bimetallism. It is not by such means that the British agricultural classes can hope to recover any portion of their prosperity, and we rejoice to know that these rude panaceas are by no means unanimously approved by the members of the conference. The Marquis of Huntly, speaking on behalf of the Scottish delegates, points out, in the sensible letter which we print elsewhere, that the experience of protected Continental countries is a conclusive reply to the advocates of a duty upon imports. France, with all her advantages of soil and climate, has suffered quite as severely in her farming industries as we have for several years past, and nevertheless her wheat-growers are protected by very heavy duties against foreign corn. But, even if protection could be relied upon to bring back to all sections of the landed interest prosperity in full flood, there is one unanswerable reason why the Conference should not have wasted time over it. The country at large, as Mr. Chaplin had the courage and sense to remind the meeting, will not for a moment consent to consider any proposals which involve the taxation of the food of the whole community for the benefit of a part of it. That is absolutely certain, and to encourage the farmers in the delusion that protection in any form is within the range of practical politics is simply to divert their energies from the pursuit of effective remedies for the distress which they feel."

WHAT AUSTRALIA DOES.

Some interesting facts are given in a recent number of the London Time in regard to the agricultural products supplied to the Mother Country by the Australian colonies. The creamery method of butter-making appears to have done great things for the Australian dairy trade. In the year 1889-90 Great Britain imported from the Australian colonies 790,944 pounds of butter, and from New Zealand 2,081,376 pounds. In the following year the imports were 1,665,500 and 2,200,510 pounds, respectively. In 1891-92 Australia sent home 5,206,944 pounds and New Zealand 3,010,672 pounds. During the current year Australia's export is expected to reach 7,200,000 pounds. Thus does Australia profit by the adoption of the creamery system. Another interesting fact is that New Zealand's export of dairy products increased from $5165 in 1886 to $1,184,500 in 1891. The "trickiness" of London retail dealers is shown by the statement that while the wholesale price of the finest brands of colonial butter is kept 10 shillings per cwt. below that of Danish butter, those gentlemen retail great quantities of the former as "prime Dorset" or "best Danish," and at full prices. It may also be said that this illustrates the unreasonable prejudice of the British consumer against anything new in the provision line.

The Australasian mutton trade has also its graphic statistics. Twelve years ago this trade was practically non-existent. In 1882, two years after Australia had sent 400 carcasses to London, New Zealand forwarded 8839. In the following year, 1883, she consigned 120,892, and so went on advancing by leaps and bounds until last year she reached the great total of 1,896,706 carcasses, far outstripping the Australian colonies which first took up the business, their total for last year being only 334,693. The increase in money value was from £19,339 in 1882 to £1,194,724 in 1891. New South Wales and Queensland, however, are likely to become much more formidable rivals of New Zealand in the immediate future. The frozen meat trade is described as having already been "the salvation of New Zealand." But the Britisher objects to eating Australian mutton as such; it must be presented to him as English or Scotch before it tastes just right. Only the poorer carcasses and joints are labeled "New Zealand." The writer in the London Times observes that two things may be thus explained—first, why the trade in foreign or colonial meat does not appear, to the retail purchasers, to be so large as to represent one carcass out of every five offered for sale; and, in the second place, why there should still be so much prejudice against "New Zealand mutton." On the other hand, competent authorities assert that, but for the supplies from Australasia, mutton would, by this time, for a large section of the British community, have attained a price altogether prohibitive.

There are also given some fruit statistics, and these have probably more instruction for British Columbia than those relating to other products. The Times writer states that some small consignments of fruit were received in England from Australia in 1886, more came in 1887, and in 1889 a fair trade was developed. In 1891, 130,000 boxes (each holding about a bushel and weighing gross from 50lb. to 60lb.) were sent, and the total for last season was about 200,000. For next season the whole of the available space in the cool chambers of the steamers (some of which load from 25,000 to 30,000 boxes at a time) has been already contracted for. Tasmania is the chief producer, and so carefully is the quality watched in that colony that the orchards are visited from time to time by a Government inspector, who, if he should find that any tree had been attacked by moth, has the fruit taken off and destroyed. This latter statement should have significance for British Columbians and for Canadians in general. The Australian trade with Great Britain has been very much helped by taking care that the products are good. Canadians have hurt their trade in fruit and butter by carelessness as to the packing, good and bad being mixed together. There is every reason to believe that British Columbia can secure a goodly share of the fruit trade with England, because of its peculiar fruit-producing capabilities. It would be well, therefore, if we should take a leaf from Tasmania's book and spend some care on our orchards.

Queen's Music Hall. Albert Hawthorne, thunders of applause.

PERSONAL.

Visitors and Passengers to and from the City and Province.

H. J. Bourne, of Revelstoke, is at the Driard.

A. McQueen came down from Vancouver last evening.

E. A. Jenns, of New Westminster, is at the Oriental hotel.

E. Jorgenson went to the Sound for New Year last evening.

W. H. Bainbridge returned from the Mainland last evening.

A. T. Montieth went to Seattle last night to spend a few days.

Miss Thain went to Port Townsend last evening to spend New Years with friends.

Mrs. Hansenn, who nursed the Vancouver smallpox patients, has returned to Victoria.

Warren P. Skillings, the architect, went to Seattle last evening. He will return next week.

Mrs. Dr. Black and Miss Webster, of Vancouver, are the guests of Mrs. H. E. Connon, Menzie street.

Leonard Heynemann of San Francisco, who is visiting here, went to Seattle last evening to spend New Years. He returns on Tuesday.

James Cash, of Westminster, is in town. Mr. Cash has been spending a week on the Sound. He returns to Westminster Sunday night and will open up the new Holbrook House Monday.

PRINCIPAL CHURCH'S REPORT

Progress Made at Corrig College During the Past Term.

Principal Church, M.A., of Corrig College, last evening issued the reports of his pupils, accompanied by the results of the recent examinations.

Accompanying the reports Mr. Church sent a few remarks. He said:

"Notwithstanding the difficulties with which Victoria has had to contend during the past year, the steady and continued growth and success of Corrig College has been more marked than before. Not alone do I refer to the increase in numbers, which has been noticeable, but rather to the steady improvement in the general standard of educational efficiency throughout all the classes of the college. The curriculum has been enlarged, the amount and difficulty of each paper have been increased, the percentage of marks necessary for a pass has been twice raised, and yet the general average is higher and the percentage of failures lower than at any previous examination.

"I note also what I consider a better sign than ever (since the clever boy is no criterion of the teacher's ability, but the dull one), that only two lads have a general average of less than a third, and each of these have not been a term with us. Palpably this success is in no sense personal, but is almost entirely due to the efficient and untiring services of the other masters, the energy, loyalty and enthusiasm of the scholars and the interest of the parents.

"Owing to increased attendance, changes have taken place since the last report—another master has joined our staff, and class rooms to accomodate two fresh divisions have been added to the college. The latter are already so nearly full that a further enlargement will probably be needed next summer. The elementary department of the college has already proved a great success; the age limit to which has now been altered so that suitable scholars of about nine years of age or over, who can read, write and understand the four simple rules of arithmetic, are eligible for admission.

"The Beacon Hill Park extension of the N. E. T. Co. has now been brought to the doors of the college, and the present frequent and excellent service affords a ready means of transit for our day scholars, who have school, playground and sports brought to their very doors.

"I am plessed to record from time to time how well our old Corrig boys are doing, both in the battle of life and in the 'battle of the books.' Since last report R. Dunsmuir has successfully entered at Malvern College, England, while J. Pemberton has continued to gain excellent marks at his recent examinations at University College, London. W. Earle has also been making good progress, distinguishing himself as he used to at Corrig in languages. At Bedford Grammar school all the three Corrig boys have already attracted attention, Macdonald being ready to leave for University, Ray Green having become a monitor, and Frank Green gaining distinction.

"In conclusion, all our old boys will be grieved to hear that R. Carr has had to leave Upper Canada College, his health being unable to withstand the terrible rigor of the Port Hope winter."

Amusements.

For particulars and dates of amusements, see fourth page, column next editorial.

Return Presents.

New Year's gifts are selling at cost at Kerr & Begg's bookstore, 45 Government street. New stock each year. *

He "Stood In" With the Company.

Chas. Peterson boarded the Islander in Vancouver yesterday in a state of intoxication. When Purser Moore asked him for his passage money Peterson became indignant. He "stood in" with the company, he said, and was going to travel for nothing. Had he a pass? "Why, no. Everyone knew Chas. Peterson." The honored passenger was closely watched and handed over to the police when the steamer arrived in Victoria. In the court this afternoon Peterson said that it must have been bad Mainland whiskey that was talking. He was fined $10.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

INCIDENTS OF FOREIGN TRAVEL.

Crossing the Channel From Dover to Calais—Valuable Points on "Tipping."

Burns' Cottages and Burns' Descendents—Leaves From Wakeman's Note Book.

Special Correspondence of the TIMES.]

LONDON, Dec. 19, 1892.—I pray all of you who are to follow after in European jaunts, never to cross the English channel between Dover and Calais save by day. It has always been my grewsome fortune to make the passage by night and in storm.

It is pleasant surely from the time our train leaves the grim London house-tops, all the way in the evening gloaming through the lovely shire of Kent; but the roar of the sea is always louder upon the great stone quays than the din of our fast night mail, as we rush in upon quaint old Dover town.

A moment at the station, and then we creep along the docks and come alongside the royal mail steamer; hustled out of our wheeled, half-lighted cells and driven like unwilling cattle down the slippery descent and up over the gangway which seesaws with desperate suggestions of danger; and are finally hauled aboard the rocking craft like the faint-hearted land-lubbers we are.

"First class aft! second class for'd!" Sorting as like sheep, we were at last huddled aboard the Foam, most appropriate name, for even here at the docks the sea is so wild that its spume is dashed over us; the luggage and continental mail are somehow taken on; and, with a great lurch from which the steel-ribbed though diminutive and shell-like craft only recovers to be hurled violently in another direction, our steamer fairly began its *ricocheting* across the channel.

Behind us, nestled in one of the most charming ravines in all England, is ancient Dover town, with its lights winding away to the westward and blinking from the sides of the cliff; while the great Dover light house flames out upon the channel and brings into weird outlines the stupendous castellated fortifications upon mighty Dover Heights.

You are instantly plunged into the plain, old fashioned misery of sea-sickness. You do not go in-doors, for all those nice people who must be quite as used to a channel boat as a ferry would surely notice you were becoming ill. On the other hand all the terrors of the deep and of approaching physical helplessness, are resultant from your enforced acrobatic feats upon deck.

Between humiliation and possible death, in sheer desperation you choose disgrace. Your hand is upon the cabin door but seems palsied. No, you will seek the second class cabin, "for'd." They will be less critical there. Its door is but fifty feet away, but where is braver pilgrimage than this? It seems an age until you have been able to throw yourself down the winding stairway into the strange triangular cabin below.

Ugh!—the odor of the place, its subtle dread and subtler qualms will always possess you whenever your crossing of the English channel returns as a hateful blot upon your memory.

Under the stairway, from behind a crescent-shaped bar, two Tom Thumb like old boys, attired like men-of-war's men, are dispensing liquors and ales at a lively rate. Every male in the cabin is smoking, some at the same time munching food at the sloppy lunch table, where the dishes click and slip with a greasy grind with the lurching of the vessel. Through the noxious vapors, and as if far away and in an oppressive dream, you see, at either side of the cabin and in tiers, each beyond and slightly higher than another, in amphitheatra form of arrangement, capacious bunks. Each is provided with a leather-encased cushion, a serge-covered pillow and a sunken cuspidore; and nearly all of these bunks are occupied by men and women in every imaginable attitude of human suffering, or of preparation against torturing experience.

Over there is a party of Americans, evidently an entire family. They are cursing everything outside of America, and struggling with each other as their physical convulsions increase. Beyond are several friars in brown and gray, perhaps from some of the French cloisters beyond Amiens, sober and grave in their rough habit and cowls, bearing their misery with wonderful fortitude. Opposite are stolid commercial travelers, silent Jews, and Frenchmen full of antics in their torture, with Frenchwomen, graceful and pretty even in this most remorselessly leveling of all human ills, an English Channel sea sickness.

The horrible air and scenes of this cabin force you with others back upon deck, where the steamer's rail at one side catches you in its banging grip to hurl you to the iron netting embrace of the other. There is no escape. All bravery, resolution and supreme will power are of no avail. You recall in an ecstacy of hopelessness that no channel steamer was ever lost. With this thought all possibility of relief is abandoned. For a good hour every aspiration and ambition of life is swept away. You grovel and slide and slop as limp as a strand of cold maccaroni upon the night mail steamer's deck; for utter exhaustion has come.

But at last the bracing storm which has whipped the channel into foam pounds new life into you. The salt spray dashes into your face and revives you. You crawl to where the four grim wheelmen are, for in the cutting wind there is a faint odor of the land. The chief wheelman comforts you with—

"Doan't mind it, mon. The best there be doan't be able to stand on their legs hereabout!"

Away to the right is now seen the light at the French cape of Griz Nez. Soon your steamer begins skirting the coast. Here and there are glintings and glimmerings of light from the coastwise villages, where the late revel or vigil is being kept. The pier-head light at Calais grows and glows. Over the looming quay where the sea plays mad havoc is a continuous wreathing of flashing phosphorescence. Speedily now your steamer literally gallops into port.

Here at one side are the fantastic fishing craft and the bellying "lighters." At the other, as the bedraggled passengers crowd to the gangway opening, are rows of French porters, bowing and scraping and chattering glibly. The weird cresset flare over the picture strangely; and a flavor of decaying, salty things, of half-digested Cognac and of penetrating garlic is over all.

And what a din is there!

With a swash and a bump the Storm is finally made fast. Then the perilous midnight ascent to the docks, the keen-eyed customs officers, the skirmishes and more serious engagements with porters, the cries of the guards, the miserable entanglements and wild-eyed sorties, and finally, the mad haste to the different trains for Paris, for Vienna and for Berlin. In half an hour everything has come to rights; you have with an hundred "pardons!" and "remercies!" been hustled into one carriage only to be hustled out of this into another; and at last you are locked tightly within one which has got you safely for a little time.

Then, certain of still being all wrong, the train moves away from the docks;—weaving and swaying past where red-shirted French boys play through long summer days on golden sands; past frowning battlements; past quaint old rookeries of the seaport town; underneath the shadows of the great Calais lighthouse; past out jutting roofs and underneath over-reaching balconies and hood-like arches; until at last, with a bump that brings you to your feet, you are within another raging" din where trains are made up for all parts of the continent.

Here porters with blue blouses and red-rimmed caps, guards with gold lace and itching palms and *gens d'armes* with bow legs and Quixotic stateliness, again hustle you; tear your tickets from you; turow your baggage after you; commiserate you; wheedle you; take your *pourboire* and hurl you, as from a catapult, into a carriage compartment; where, sick in body and demented in mind, you sink exhausted into perturbed sleep as the hour of 1 is tolled from the ghostly towers of the Calais churches; haunted by dreams of Brobdignagian, gaudily dressed guards continuing infinite tortures through compartment windows, supplemented by invisible choruses of

"Je vous remercie!"
"Pardonez moi!"

fitted to the staccato of the wheels upon the rails; ever after carried in the memory like some infernal realization of a witch-wailed Walpurgis Night.

There is a great distinction between British "tipping" and American "tipping" in Great Britain. Your true Briton "tips" with something like unconscious kindliness. We Americans who travel in Europe bestow our gratuities largely, loosely, loudly, as though we were either defying criticism or resenting petty brigandage.

Quite as striking a difference will be found in the disposition of all British serving people in their acceptance of "tips" from Briton or foreigner. They often seem bullies to us, because our manner arouses their antagonism or cupidity, or both. But they are veritable lambs to their own folk, and the Englishman, who is the greatest of travellers in his own country, will leave a shining trail of gratitude and good will behind him by the judicious use of copper only, when we perforce follow in perturbation and discomfort, though we spangle our way with silver.

I have seen the English side of this fact illustrated on countless occasions. Only recently while waiting for a London train at the great Rugby station, a handsome, portly, venerable gentleman alighted from the carriage of the train from Coventry. A porter hastened to his assistance and conducted him to a comfortable seat next the door where I stood. Then he struggled with the luggage. There were altogether sixteen parcels. Four were huge leather, hand-bags, each of the size and weight of a marketable Limerick pig. They were all finally tidily piled alongside the distinguished traveler. The latter's hand went into his pocket where there was apparently much coin, and surely, I thought, it will reappear with at least a shilling, possibly with a half crown. I could not help seeing it was only a ha'penny. But the bland and perfect grace with which it was bestowed, and of attention and sympathy which accompanied it, were what filled me with amazement and admiration. The porter, still blowing from exertion, touched his cap with a glad sort of humility, and said "Thankee, sir!" in a tone of positive gratitude. In response to my own "thripenny bit" and an inquiry who the gentleman that "tipped" with halfpennies might be, the porter answered heartily:—

"'Im? W'y ees the' Earl of ——. An' a werry fine man ee is, sir."

"What an excellent courier he would make!" I could not help thinking and saying.

"Doan't know as to that, sir;" replied the porter admiringly; "but ee's a werry fine man, sir; werry good un to ee's people."

One of the sweetest lassies in all Scotland, one of the best mothers and one of the sturdiest of fathers, are dear friends of mine at Dumfries, Scotland. The lassie is Jean Armour Burns Brown. Her mother is the daughter of the oldest and best-beloved of Robert Burns' sons, Robert Burns, jr., who was himself a true poet and a man of profound intellectual attainment. This mother and daughter are the immortal bard's nearest living relatives. The home is modest and plain but rich in love, sentiment and the most priceless of human sympathies; and I have long since come to love this truly lovable Scottish home for the manhood, womanhood and purity that dwell within it.

They are not rich people these; not even folk of moderate means; but there is a true nobility in their ever fine and lofty independence which honors the memory of the bard whose fame bestowed no little honor upon them. Some one conceived the idea of constructing a duplicate of the "Burns Cottage" at Ayr, in which the poet was born, for exhibition at the World's Fair. This was all well enough. Then some fertile mind devoid of sensitiveness or sentiment further conceived. This little family must be coralled, lassooed and herded in the "Burns Cottage" to be catalogued, labelled and gazed at, like a Kaffir band, a two-headed calf, or the wild Australian children, by millions of World's Fair visitors. A United States Consul in Scotland has just broke the hilarious news of what was expected of them to these reputable descendents of Robert Burns in Dumfries; and the gentle but dignified reply he has received, will undoubtedly be omitted from his forthcoming consulate memoirs to be entitled "Rifts in the Mists of Auld Reekie."

While on the subject of Burns and his descendents it is also an interesting fact that the Ellisland farm home of Robt. Burns has just been thrown open to the public. The house, on the banks of the songful Nith, about six miles north of Dumfries, is standing as sturdily to-day as when its strong walls was completed by Robert Burns' own hands. If there is to be a "Burns Cottage" at the World's Fair, this is the one which should be copied, or at least those having the matter in charge should recognize the truth that its representation would infinitely more emphatically memorize "fair Coila's bard" than a prototype of the Ayr Cottage wherein he was born.

This Nith-side cottage is hallowed by a myriad sacred memories of Burns. He built it while singing many a lusty song to his absent love and wife. When done it was to his honest eyes fairer than any palace in Britain. To it he brought his adored Jean "preceded by a peasant girl carrying the family Bible and a bowl of salt." The most of his children were born within its walls. It was the one Eden of labor, love and song that the poet and his wife ever knew.

There are hundreds of visible relics still at the Ellisland cottage of the poet's own handiwork. He was the great, the immortal Burns, more for his life within this humble home than for all else of earthly accomplishment; for here were produced, among scores of minor poems, his most ecstatic achievement, "Tam o' Shanter," written in a day and denominated by Alexander Smith "since Bruce fought Bannockburn, the best single day's work done in Scotland," his magnificent battle-piece, "The Song of Death," his wonderful satire, "The Kirk's Alarm," his matchless embodiment of connubial affection, "John Anderson my Jo," "O blaw ye wastlin winds," his "Address to the Nith," "On Seeing a Wounded Hare," that grand "Address to the Shade of Thomson," "Of a' the Airts the Winds Can Blaw," and that divinest of all his odes, 'To My Mary in Heaven."

EDGAR L. WAKEMAN.

NEW CURE FOR PNEUMONIA.

A Healthy Man's Blood Injected Into the System of a Sufferer.

A novel operation was performed a few days ago at the Philadelphia hospital by Visiting Physician W. E. Hughes, and it is said a new and immediate cure for pneumonia has been discovered. The operation consisted in a patient who was recovering from the disease being bled and his blood being infused into the arm of the sufferer. The patient on whom the operation was performed was a white man who had been brought in by the district surgeons. The convalescent from whom blood was extracted was a colored man.

An incision was made in the white man's upper arm, and one of the veins was isolated for about half an inch. After it had been bound and the natural flow of blood stopped, a slit was made in it, and a glass tube with a wide aperture was inserted. Then about a pint of blood, extracted from the arm of the colored man, was poured in. Gravity carried it into the veins, and soon the blood was coursing through the man's body. In order that the body should not be supercharged with blood a similar amount was extracted previous to the operation. This was black and unhealthy looking, while the blood infused was of a bright red color.

After the operation the man's temperature arose, and symptoms similar to those that were noticed after the Koch lymph injections followed. In a few hours, however, a change for the better set in, and yesterday morning the man's temperature was normal and apparently he is a well man. According to the theory acted upon, the system of a convalescent is full of the pneumonia bacteria antidote, and when the blood charged with this is infused into a sufferer it works a cure immediately.

Water as a Medicine.

The human body is constantly undergoing tissue change. Worn-out particles are cast aside and eliminated from the system, while the new are ever being formed, from the inception of life to its close. Water has the power of increasing these changes, which multiply the waste products, but at the same time they are renewed by its agency, giving rise to increased appetite, which in turn provides fresh nutriment.

Persons but little accustomed to drink water are liable to have the waste products formed faster than they are removed. Any obstruction to the free working of natural laws at once produces disease, which, if once firmly seated, requires both time and money to cure.

People accustomed to rise in the morning weak and languid will find the cause in the imperfect secretion of wastes, which many times may be remedied by drinking a full tumbler of water before retiring. This very materially assists in the process during the night, and leaves tissue fresh and strong, and ready for the active work of the day.

Hot water is one of the best remedial agents. A hot bath on going to bed, even in the hot nights of summer, is a better reliever of insomnia that many drugs. Inflated parts will subside under the continued poulticing of real hot water. Very hot water, as we all know, is a prompt checker of bleeding, and besides, if it is clean, as it should be, it aids in sterilizing our wounds. A riotous stomach will nearly always gratefully receive a glass or more of hot water.

Impulsiveness and Bravery.

English papers are bubbling over with praise of the graciousness of the Czarina in kissing a hospital nurse who had been in the midst of cholera infection—an impulsive womanly way of showing her admiration for the nurse's bravery and self-sacrifice. How much greater the bravery of Queen Margaret of Italy, who during the plague walked herself the wards of the hospitals, cheering both nurses and patients with her presence and earnest sympathy, while the poor victims pressed their lips to the hand she gave them, and died as content as if in the presence of one of their beloved saints.

To-Day

Hood's Sarsaparilla stands at the head in the medicine world, admired in prosperity and envied in merit by thousands of would-be competitors. It has a larger sale than any other medicine. Such success could not be won without positive merit.

Hood's Pills cure constipation by restoring the peristaltic action of the alimentary canal. They are the best family cathartic.

Phœnix Lager Beer.

STEAMBOATS.

THE

Northern Pacific

STEAMSHIP COMPANY

IN CONNECTION WITH

THE NORTHERN PACIFIC

Railroad Company,

the Shortest Route to

Japan and China.

Proposed Sailing of Steamers:

(SUBJECT TO ALTERATION)

WILL LEAVE VICTORIA

S. S. TACOMA, January 12th.

S. S. FLINTSHIRE, February 10th

And thereafter the permanent service of the Company's regular steamers.

THE S.S. "TACOMA,"

Captain Hill, will leave Victoria, on the 12th January, and will carry passengers and freight at current rates.

For freight or passage apply to

DODWELL, CARLILL & CO.,

Gen. Agts. Trounce Avenue, Victoria, or

E. E. BLACKWOOD,

Agt. N. P. R. R. Co., Victoria. se20

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

STEAMER

JOAN

J. E. BUTLER, Master.

On and after August 23rd, 1892,

Steamer JOAN will sail as follows:

[CALLING AT WAY PORTS:

Leave Victoria.....Tuesday 5 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox.....Wednesday, 7 a.m.
" Comox for Valdez Island.....Thursday, 7 a.m.
Returning same day.
" Comox for Nanaimo.....Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria.....Saturday, 7 a.m.

For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria ion, Store street.

THE OCEANIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY

Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial mails, will leave the Company's wharf, foot Folsom street,

For Honolulu,

S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Wednesday, Jan. 18, 1893, 2 p.m.

For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change

The Splendid New 3,000 ton Iron Steamer Alameda.....MONDAY, Jan. 9th, 1893 3 p.m. Or immediately on arrival of the English Mails

For freight or passage apply at office, 327 Market street, San Francisco.

J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS. CO.
General Agents.

no3

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY

Royal Mail Steamship Line.

THE IMPERIAL SHORT ROUTE TO CHINA AND JAPAN.

TABLE OF SAILING.

(Subject to change and individual postponement.)

STEAMSHIPS.	Arrive Victoria About.	Leave Victoria.
Empress of India...	.....	Oct. 16, 1892
Empress of Japan..	Oct. 29, 1892	Nov. 12, "
Empress of China..	Nov. 23, "	Dec. 12, "
Empress of India...	Dec. 21, "	Jan. 9, 1893
Empress of Japan..	Jan. 18, 1893	Feb. 6, "
Empress of China..	Feb. 15, "	Mar. 6, "

This New Steamship Route between the American Continent and Japan and China is 300 miles shorter than any other route, and as the contract for the carriage of the mails require a fast speed, the time hitherto taken to reach the Orient has been materially lessened.

TICKETS to and from all points on American, European and Asiatic Continents.

For full particulars apply to

ALLAN CAMERON, Agent, Cor. Fort and Government Streets.

GEO. McL. BROWN, Dist. Pass. Agent, Vancouver, B.C.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,

(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE No. 17.

Taking effect April 1, 1892

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday, at 2 o'clock, a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday, at 13 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

LEAVE VICTORIA for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock; Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday.)

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock

For Moresby Island Friday at 7 o'clock.

LEAVE NEW WESTMINSTER for Victoria, Monday at 13 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Ft. Simpson and intermediate ports on the 1st and 15th of each month. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 1st and 15th of each month.

The Company reserves the right of changing this Time Table at any time without notification.

JOHN IRVING, Agent.

D. A. CARLETON, General Agent. oct

FOR SALE.

ONE POOL TABLE, nearly new (5 ft. x 10 ft) by Brunswick, Balke & Co., with balls, cues and usual fittings complete. Can be seen by applying to the steward at the Victoria Club Fort street, Victoria. jan2-tf

RAILWAYS.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO. 17.

To take effect at 8.00 a.m. on Friday, September 30th, 1892.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

NORTH BOUND.

READ DOWN. No. 2 Daily.	No. 4 Passenger Saturdays & Sundays.	STATIONS	BOUND SOUTH. READ UP. No. 1 Daily.	No. 3 Passenger Saturdays & Sundays.	Miles from Wellington.
Dep. 8.30 A.M.	Dep. 2.30 P.M.	VICTORIA	Arr. 12.20 P.M.	Arr. 5.55 P.M.	72
8.34	2.34	PUNSULLS	12.16	5.44	76
8.44	2.44	ESQUIMALT	12.05	5.34	78
8.50	2.50	GOLDSTREAM	11.54 A.M.	5.19	82
8.58	2.58	SUMMIT SIDING	11.50	4.50	85
9.04	3.04	SHAWNIGAN LAKE	11.38	4.24	88
9.14	3.14	COBBLE HILL	11.29	4.14	91
9.20	3.20	MOUNTSIONS	11.22	4.03	93
9.27	3.27	KOKSILAH	11.17	3.53	95
9.34	3.34	DUNCANS	11.11	3.46	98
9.44	3.44	SOMENOS	11.03	3.34	101
9.50	3.50	CHEMAINUS	10.57	3.19	105
10.13	4.13	OYSTER BAY SID'G	9.38	2.25	114
10.23	4.23	NANAIMO	9.17	2.05	124
11.50	5.45	WELLINGTON	8.05	12.50	139
Arr. 12.10 P.M.	Arr. 6.05 P.M.		Dep. 8.00 A.M.	Dep. 1.30 P.M.	

On Saturdays and Sundays

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter, good for return not later than Monday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter, where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.

H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

octl

QUICK TIME!!!

TO SAN FRANCISCO

AND

ALL POINTS IN CALIFORNIA,

Via the Mt Shasta Route of the

Southern Pacific Company

The Great Highway through California to all points East and South.

Grand Scenic Route of the Pacific Coast

PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPERS.

Pullman Tourist Sleeping Cars

Attached to EXPRESS TRAINS, affording superior accommodations for SECOND-CLASS Passengers.

For rates, tickets, sleeping car reservations etc., call upon or address

TEOS A. GRAHAM, Dist. Pass. Agent, No. 1113 Pacific Ave., Washington Block

E. P. ROGERS, Asst. Gen. Fgt. and Pass. Agt. Tacoma, Wash.

UNION PACIFIC THE GREAT TRAVEL ROUTE

Tickets ON SALE —TO— OMAHA

KANSAS CITY, ST. PAUL.

CHICAGO, ST. LOUIS,

AND ALL POINTS

East, North and South.

PULLMAN SLEEPERS
COLONIST SLEEPERS,
RECLINING CHAIR CARS
AND DINERS.

STEAMERS PORTLAND TO SAN FRANCISCO EVERY 4 DAYS

TICKETS TO AND FROM EUROPE

For rates and general information call on or address

HALL, GOEPEL & CO., Agents, 100 Government street.

W. H. HURLBURT, Asst. Genl. Pass. Agt. 254 Washington street, Portland, Oregon.

JOHN MESTON

CARRIAGE MAKER

BLACKSMITH, ETC.

Broad street, between Johnson and Pand streets

VICTORIA, B.C.

CHAS. HAYWARD

(Established 1867)

Funeral Director and Embalmer.

Government street, Victoria.

LEGAL NOTICES.

Dissolution of Partnership.

The Partnership business heretofore existing between Pemberton & Dumbleton, barristers and solicitors has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. The business will in future be carried on by Alan S. Dumbleton at 51 Langley street, who assumess all liabilities and to whom all debts are to be paid.

Dated this 10th day of December, 1892.

(Signed) C. C. PEMBERTON.
dec10-30days ALAN S. DUMBLETON.

NOTICE OF ASSIGNMENT.

Pursuant to the Creditors' Trust Deeds Act, 1890

Notice is hereby given that William A. Sprinkling, of the City of Victoria, Tailor, has assigned all his real and personal property to Charles A. Gonson, of the City of Victoria, in trust, for the purpose of paying and satisfying proportionately and without preference or priority the creditors of the said William A. Sprinkling.

The said deed was executed by the said Assignor and Trustee on the 5th day of December, A.D., 1892, and the said Assignee has undertaken the trusts created by the said deed. All persons having claims against the said William A. Sprinkling must forward and deliver full particulars of claim, duly verified, to the Assignee at Victoria, on or before the 5th day of February, A. D. 1893. All persons indebted to the said William A. Sprinkling are required to pay the amount due by them to the said Assignee forthwith. After the said 5th day of February, 1893, the Trustee will proceed to distribute the assets of the said estate among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have had notice. A meeting of the creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned on Friday, the 23rd day of December, 1892, at 3 o'clock p.m.

THORNTON FELL,
50 Langley Street, Victoria,
Solicitor for the Assignee.

Dated this 6th day of December, 1892.
d6-1m

"LAND REGISTRY ACT."

Lots 141, 142 and 144, in the City of Victoria.

CERTIFICATES of Indefeasible Title to the above lots will be issued to William Parsons Sayward on the 21st day of January, 1893, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to me in writing by some person claiming an estate or interest therein, or some part thereof.

[L.S.] C. J. LEGGATT,
Registrar General.

Land Registry Office,
Victoria, 19th October, 1892. oc21-3m

"Land Registry Act."

Section Fifteen (15), Range One East, South Saanich District, excepting three acres thereof as described in a conveyance dated the 16th day of January, 1875, and made between George Thomas, of the one part, and Alexander Caulfield Anderson and William Thomson, of the other part.

A Certificate of Indefeasible Title to the above property will be issued to George Thomas on the first day of March, 1893, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to me, in writing, by some person claiming an estate or interest in said property, or some part thereof.

C. J. LEGGATT,
Registrar-General.

Land Registry Office,
Victoria, 23rd November, 1892. n25-3m

"Land Registry Act."

Lot 2 of Lot 1, Block 1 of part of Section LXXIV Victoria District, Map 271.

Whereas the certificate of title of Louisa Anne Whiteley to the above Lot bearing date the 20th day of April, 1891, has been destroyed and application has been made for a duplicate of such certificate. Notice is therefore hereby given that such duplicate will be issued unless cause be shown to the contrary in writing within one month from the date hereof.

C. J. LEGGATT,
Registrar-General.

Land Registry Office,
Victoria, 23rd November, 1892. dec10-1m

THE ROBERTS SAFETY Water Tube MARINE BOILER

FOR YACHTS, LAUNCHES, AND OTHER STEAMERS.

THE

Original Fixed Water Line Pipe Boiler

NEARLY 400 IN USE!

SAFE, Reliable, Simple, Light Weight, Economical, No Shop Repairs, Small Space. Send for Illustrated Pamphlet and other reading matter, with hundreds of enthusiastic letters from purchasers and engineers.

Also Triple Expansion and Compound Marine Engines for Yachts and other Steamers. Large Marine Boilers a specialty.

DOTY ENGINE WORKS CO.

MANUFACTURERS,

TORONTO, - ONTARIO.

FARM FOR SALE.

A FARM OF TWO HUNDRED ACRES ON West Saanich road, about eight miles from Victoria. Sixty acres good bottom land, forty acres cleared, well ditched and fenced. Price $30 per acre; half cash, balance on time. Apply to GEORGE LINDSAY, 62 Third street, Victoria. m29-tf

Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital

Notice is hereby given that the "Dupont" Hospital Ambulance is now ready for service in cases of accidents, and can be obtained at the Victoria Transfer Stables.

The use of the ambulance for all cases other than accidents can only be obtained on the order of one of the Consulting or Visiting Physicians of the Hospital.

The names of the said Physicians can be had on application at the Victoria Transfer Stables.

H. M. YATES,
Secretary.

d23-tf

A LATTER DAY UTOPIA.

The Topolobampo Settlement in Southwestern Mexico—A Hard Struggle.

Organized Eight Years Ago—Entire Freedom of Thought—Life of the Settlers.

The searchers after ideal conditions of society have attempted their reformations in many climes. More's Utopia was far in the dark continent and Plato's Atlantis was an island in the sea; but it remained for the people of these fin-de-siecle nineteenth century days to build in reality on the far southwestern coast of Mexico a start toward what is hoped to become a perfect state. This colony, called the Topolobampo settlement, is well separated from interfering elements. It has chosen a location in the State of Sinaloa, facing the Pacific Ocean, 600 miles south of California and 200 miles south of Guaymas, the southern terminus of the Santa

SINALOA BAY FROM THE PIER—THE STEAMER.

Fe railway. No communication can be had with the United States except by water or a tedious trip through an unsettled country, and to the south and east for 500 miles stretch Mexican plateans, uninhabited except by occasional "Greasers." A more out-of-the-way place it would be hard to find, and the projectors believed that there would in the tropical climate and freedom from interference exist perfect conditions for the upbuilding of an ideal society.

The colony was organized in 1884 by Albert Owen, a New York writer on social topics, assisted by others, among whom was Marie Howland, the novelist. Owen made trips to the City of Mexico and arranged with the Government for permission to start the colony and for concessions of land, provided irrigation ditches and railways were built. The sums of $300 for each family and $150 for each single man staying in Mexico two years were promised, the only stipulation being that the towns should have one-third their property in the hands of the native-born Mexicans. Capital was not easily secured for the Sinaloa Investment Company then organized, but colonists were not hard to find.

It is obligatory that all colonists shall take stock in the company. The entire products of the settlement are to go into a common fund from which each shall draw according to necessities and the amount of work performed. The good old Gospel rule, "He who will not work neither shall he eat," is strictly obeyed.

The annually elected directors are supreme in authority and not only is there no appeal from their decision, but they can pass upon the eligibility of the colonists to membership in the community.

The people represent western states almost exclusively, Kansas furnishing the most, then Wisconsin, Iowa, Missouri, Michigan and Nebraska in the order named. Most of the colonists have staked their all on the venture and have not a cent in the world but their clothes and the thatched hut in which they live. A few single men are among the population.

The story told by a colonist just returned is one of the hardships and struggles incident to new countries everywhere, but intensified by the re-

A TYPICAL TOPOLOBAMPO RESIDENCE—HOME OF THE COMMANDER OF COLONY.

moteness of the location from the civilized world. The trip there has some pleasant features. From Guaymas it is made in a pretty little two-masted steamer that, in favorable weather, is borne by the winds on its white sails over the Gulf of California. When the gulf is left, and the little vessel reaches the ocean, and feels the swell that has rolled from the faraway shores of Asia, it takes careful guidance to breast the billows. Some times it is days before the schooner can approach land and discharge its load of freight and passengers. It makes the trip once a month and its coming is eagerly awaited by the colonists at the southern end of the route.

Sinaloa Bay is the only one for half a thousand miles on the coast. It has a great mountain at the entrance and a deep harbor lies sheltered behind it. Into this inlet empty the waters from the uplands of interior Mexico.

There are three communities, Pacific City, La Logia and La Fuerte. Pacific City is known as the Model City, and has the best location of the three. The title of the land remains in the company. The colonists pay $20 each for members of the family to become members of the company, which gives them the right to occupy, cultivate and improve forty acres of land and all improvements descend by legacy in the family, provided dues, taxes, etc., are kept up.

All United States money taken there by the colonists must be exchanged for company scrip, the only kind of currency used in the colony. Everyone who works is paid one-half in this scrip and the other half goes to a general insurance fund.

Everything produced goes to the company and is paid for one-half in scrip and one-half in credit, which goes to build up the model community. The colony is controlled by nine directors, three chosen by the Topolobampo Company, three by the Sinaloa Company, and three by the people. As the companies are identical, it gives the managers six directors to the people's three.

The first company owns nothing, having given up its right to the Sinaloa company, but it incurs all the indebtedness and issues scrip. The second owns everything and incurs no indebtedness. By such a complicated system of finances are the managers protected from any loss.

There have been three principal emigrations to Sinaloa. The first consisted of about 300 men, women and children who went out eight years ago. They located at La Logia, in a 1,000-acre basin watered by the Fuerte river, too brackish for use in cooking or drinking. They remained all summer, and raising nothing, many came home. Then more colonists were sent out and the second and third years saw fair crops of corn and rice, and there was considerable encouragement. But famine came again and owing to the steamer failing to appear in two or three months there was dire distress. Again many left and a number died until only 200 were left. These were reinforced two years ago until about 500 are now located on the ground.

The hardships of the famine years are related by those who returned as something distressing. James Fair, of Ottawa County, Ks., was one and he stayed but a year in the place. He sold a well-improved farm to get money to go into the scheme. He became bankrupted and is working as a day laborer on the farm he sold when he left. He brought back $1,500 in scrip, which he offered to the officers of the company cheap, but they replied that they were selling, not buying, scrip. He says that corn meal, beans, oats and a little meat are the staples of the colony's bill of fare. This summer's crops have failed, so that it is likely to be even less varied. Wheat flour is too expensive for the average resident—eight to thirteen cents a pound. Fruit, owing to the heat, can be kept but a short time, and meat must be used at once. Under a tropical sky, ice is unknown except such of the artificial article as is brought in by boat. The absence of ice or even of good cellars makes the question of provision for even the immediate future an exceedingly difficult one. Of course insects and vermin are frightfully prevalent in such a clime, and the closest scrutiny of food is necessary.

The social pleasures are even less varied and attractive. The conditions im-

LARGEST BUILDING IN THE SETTLEMENT—HALL AND EATING HOUSE.

posed by the company make religious tenets unavailable, and Sunday is as any other day except for a lecture on some secular or philosophic subject given in the central hall. The only approach to gayety is the Saturday night dance given in the same hall. It is a free-thinker's paradise, but not a free-lover's. The family relations are rigidly enforced, and though some of the colonists would be glad to turn it into a kind of Oneida community, there are too many loving mothers and kind husbands to allow it.

Added to other inconveniences is the lack of pure water. During the famine of 1886 Capt. Wilke, one of the colony's leaders, saved the life of a Mexican Indian who had been bitten by a rattlesnake. Soon after even the supply of brackish water in the shallow wells dug by the people gave out and they seemed on the verge of death by thirst, for the river water was unbearable. The leader heard a knocking at the light door of his thatched cabin one midnight. It was the Indian.

"Water," was all he said, and motioned Capt. Wilke to follow.

With three friends the leader set forth. Down to the bay they followed the Indian and all embarked in a large canoe. Silently the Indian guided them far out among the islets of the bay until they landed on what seemed only a little point of rock. It was a small island and a few rods inshore gushed out a pure, clear, cold spring, the finest water on the coast. Joyously the colonists drank, and since then daily pilgrimages have been made for the water.

The colonists have the burden of enormous duties to pay on entering Mexico, though the Government has dealt liberally with them in the way of concessions, etc. There is under way an 8-mile ditch by which the colonists hope to irrigate some of the land and make it certainly productive. M. Fernandez, acting for the Mexican Government, has ceded 100,000 acres at six cents an acre to the company. When the irrigation ditch, now about half completed, is done the colonists who stay in to the finish are to receive fifty acres per family. The remainder goes to the managers and chief stockholders, who will make a handsome thing out of it.

There is also a railway project being worked at—the Tepolobampo-Texas Limited Railway—to be built some time in the far distant future from San Antonio, Tex., to Sinaloa. Several trips have been made to Europe to interest European capital in the plan, but thus far without avail.

Could the plans of the projectors be realized an Eden would result. The country is fertile, it lies under a warmth-giving sun. Palms and bananas rear their heads where properly cultivated and a beautiful landscape greets the onlooker. Off to the west is the bay and ocean, a waterway to the farthest points of the earth. Eastward the slopes reach rapidly upward until the southern portions of the "backbone of earth," the Rocky Mountains (here the Sierra Madres) are soon discovered and snowy peaks point upward here and there and the greatest variety of climate can be found in a two days' journey.

But a thousand miles of such country lies between Sinaloa and Colorado—all beautiful, all fertile, yet most of it unfit for homes. There is no reason why the seekers for new conditions should go so far from civilization.

It is a daring and unique attempt at nineteenth century communism, and like other attempts will not succeed. A few colonists will go out each year for a while seeking novelty and perhaps believing in the theory of the colony, but eventually all will find graves beneath the Mexican soil or return to the only land of true freedom on this continent.

C. M. HARGER.

CHRISTMAS SHADOWS.

G. W. Curtis' Last Contribution to Editor's Easy Chair in Harper's Monthly.

A Nice Discrimination in the Feelings Regarding the Advent of Christmas.

In the very prime of the year appears the hectic of its decay. Sitting upon some happy June lawn, or strolling in some wood whose branches "high overarch and embower," while still the roses are blowing and the dog-days are far away, one little yellow leaf forecasts autumn, frost, and winter. Shall we say because of the startling hue, as of that bright spirit, "far off his coming shone," or as in Lochiel's warning, "and coming events cast their shadows before"? This will depend upon the mood of the mind. If it be a pensive or minor mood anticipating decay or sorrow, the coming event will cast a shadow. If, on the contrary, it be a major mood, a feeling of cheerful anticipation, then far off the coming event will shine.

Coleridge speaks of a melancholy both in the spring and in the autumn. But he discriminates between them. One is soft, buoyant, evanescent, the mist of the morning. The other is a grathering shroud of storm. Every pleasant anniversary is anticipated with pleasure until, as time passes, it comes to record inexorably the loss of time, and the heart begins to ask itself, "How many more shall I behold?" One of Hawthorne's grewsome tales is the "Christmas Banquet," whose company is never to be enlarged. With the inexorable years the guests dwindle and dwindle, until only one remains, and the happiest of festivals becomes a ghastly feast. The reader is ready to chide the story-teller who can find it in his heart to cast a shadow upon that day of happiness, and turns to Irving and Dickens and Thackeray for the Christmas of good cheer and general joy.

Irving's "Christmas," we are told, is his most delightful paper. There is a peacefulness, a freshness, a simplicity, a domesticity in his treatment which breathe the very spirit of the day. It is very Christmas that he describes, whether in the Sketch-book or in Bracebridge Hall. It is a soft, idyllic picture, blended of the spirit of Christmas and of England.

But what is the substance of the picture? Is it vast and ostentatious expense, a lavish display, a toilsome and exhausting endeavor to give something to all your acquaintance, a wearisome anticipation, and a painful suspicion that somebody has been omitted? Thackeray describes a little dinner at Timmins's. A modest couple make themselves miserable and spend all their little earnings in order to give a dinner to people for whom they do not care and who do not care for them. It is a series of mortifications, and the young pair make themselves needlessly miserable and at a most damaging cost. They know it. Their good sense accuses them of it. But other people do so, and they cannot do otherwise. What would Mrs. Grundy say? Awful thought! She might tell the truth, and say that they could not afford it. They cannot afford it. Timmins and his wife cannot live as the Duke of Westminster lives, nor even as the water-tax collector. But instead of living pleasantly as they can live, they must needs pretend to do as their richer neighbors do, and ludicrously fail in the pretence.

Christmas is made miserable to the Timminses because they feel that they must spend lavishly to buy gifts like their richer neighbors. They thank God with warmth that Christmas comes but once a year. It is becoming a vulgar day, a day not of domestic pleasure, but of ruinous rivalry in extravagance, a day to be deprecated rather than welcomed. Are not the Timminses legion? Is there not reason in their dread of Christmas because of their sordid and mercenary standards by which it is measured?

The same good sense that sees the folly of Timmins's little dinner and avoids it can stay the abuse and regenerate Christmas. It is essentially a day of human good-will. It commemorates the spirit of the brotherhood of men. You cannot buy Christmas at the shops, and a sign of friendly sympathy costs little. If the extravagance of funerals is such that a great society is organized to withstand it, should not the extravagance of Christmas cause every honest man and woman practically to protest by refusing to yield to the extravagance!—From George William Curtis' last contribution to the Editor's Easy Chair, in Harper's Magazine for November.

THE WIZARD OF MENLO PARK.

The Visions That the Electrician Saw at the Great Wheel.

The men of brains and business success who control the great telegraph company knew Edison a year or two before the great public began to speak of him as the wizard of electricity. Edison had surprised these capitalists by showing them two or three inventions which they made haste to perfect, and they paid him so much for them that he leaped almost in a day from the place of an operator whose wages were not much more than $100 a month to the position of a capitalist, as it seemed to him, with more than $100,000. That sum is a paltry one in comparison with the wealth he has to-day.

Edison's popular fame was due, perhaps to his discovery of the phonograph. That he would have become famous is beyond all question, but that peculiar and romantic suggestion which has always been attached to his name in the public mind since he first became known was caused by the story of the phonograph.

A year or two after he became thus famous, Mr. Edison received an invitation to visit the manufactory of the Wallaces in Ansonia, Conn. A great machine had been built there and a part of it was an enormous wheel, capable of developing great amounts of electricity by friction. Edison sent for his friend, Prof. George Barker, who was the instructor in chemistry in the University of Pennsylvania, and urged Prof. Barker to take the trip with him, suggesting that it would be merely a holiday excursion. They took the train from New York one Saturday afternoon in the early fall, and if any person on that train had been asked to pick out the famous Edison from the passengers who were aboard of it, the chances are that the last man who would have been thus selected would have been Edison himself. He wore an old linen duster, and the day being warm perspiration had left the marks of his suspenders on its back. A rather rusty straw hat was on his head and he seemed more like a farmer on his way home from a trip to the city than like a scientist who had read deeper into the mysteries of electricity than any man of his time.

The train was crowded and the only seat that Edison could find was one of those cross seats which are placed at the ends of railway cars. He and Prof. Barker squeezed into it, and Edison told funny stories in a manner of which he is the master.

On the following day, Sunday, the only time when it was convenient to display the workings of this new machine, Edison, Prof. Barker, Mr. Wallace and one or two others went to the shop. The great piece of machinery was started up. The wheel whirled in rapid revolutions and the company looked with the delight of experts upon it for a while, but at last some of them saw another sight which was far more interesting to them. They perceived Edison under the complete domination

FOR HOURS HE WATCHED IT.

of his genius, no longer a fun-loving, farmer-like man, but seemingly something more than human, so wholly was he absorbed in this machine, so intently did he watch it, so possessed was he by an idea which the machine had suggested to him.

For hours he watched it, forgetful that anyone was there. He seemed another man. The fire of genius was revealed in his glance, and his countenance was scarcely like the countenance of Edison as his jovial friends knew him, but in some measure revealed the genius that was in him.

As it grew dusk and the machinery was shut down Edison turned with solemn face to his friends and said: "I believe that I have got the right idea for dividing the electric current so as to secure the perfect electric light." In that homely way he suggested the story that that great machine had been telling to him all that afternoon. It was no longer a holiday excursion. A secret of nature had been revealed to him as he thought, and he returned to his home like one who was living in another world, so absorbed was he by those things that were in his mind.

Edison said as he parted with his friends that he should give the next three years of his life to perfecting the electric light, and he said what was proved to be the truth. He put nearly every other matter that he had on hand aside, and plunged with that enthusiasm and energy which is characterizing this genius into his new field. He ransacked the works of the chemists and the fields of nature. He sent agents here and there throughout the world, and he at last discovered that a bit of cardboard charred, so that nothing but the carboniferous substance remained would do the work. He discovered, too, that the fiber of a certain bamboo plant having ductile strength furnished the best carbon material. And he sent daring explorers up the Amazon, into Africa and the Indies with the instructions to search for fields where this bamboo grew, so that the supply might always be sufficient. Thus he made what is called the carbon point, which is the little black fiber seen within the incandescent globe, and thus we have the perfect electric light.

It would take many columns to tell all the experiments which Edison made—sometimes so exhaustive that he went without sleep as many as 60 consecutive hours.

E. JAY EDWARDS.

Scrofula, whether hereditary or acquired, is thoroughly expelled from the blood by Hood's Sarsaparilla, the great blood purifier.

Drink Tamilkande.

★ ★

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Thoroughly Matured in Wood.

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Edinburgh Waterproof { Free from odor. Always soft and Durable.

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Don't be persuaded that Chemically Prepared Cloth will take the place of a good Currie Waterproof Coat.

It won't. Always ask for Currie's Coats.

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Over One Hundred Million Pounds of these blends consumed annually in Great Britain.
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BECAUSE THEY ARE HONESTLY MADE.
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MAPS, CHECKS, DRAFTS, BILL HEADS,
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Visiting Cards printed from copper plates and stone. Portraits enlarged from small photographs in the best style of the lithographer's art. Orders left at the TIMES office or with the manager will be promptly attended to.
W. R. CREECH, Manager.

Stop that Cough by using LANGLEY'S Balsam of Aniseed

THE CANADA WESTERN.

Deposit of $100,000 Said to be Up—Important Developments Looked For.

The construction of the Canada Western railway, if current reports prove true, is assured. The TIMES is semi-officially informed that the sum of $100,000, required to be posted in the hands of the provisional directors before January, 1893, is up, that the scheme has been successfully floated in the east, and that the construction company is organized on new lines to the old plan mapped out last fall. The particulars of that and the identity of the parties in New York and Boston who have been interested in the project have not been disclosed. They will, however, in good time.

A TIMES man called on Mr. R. P. Rithet this morning. That gentleman was not inclined to talk very freely, as as he was awaiting the arrival of a rather important telegram from the east. He, said, however, that he was informed by letter several days ago that the money deposit was up, and every arrangement in a financial way had been brought to a successful completion. He promised to talk freely when the wires brought the look-for message.

Mr. Rithet is not the only one apprised of the deposit of money. Mr. Blackman was notified on his return from Oregon on Thursday, and other parties interested with Mr. Frank Bakeman, of Chicago, have also been notified. A couple of representatives of Mr. Bakeman, gentlemen who are to be connected with the enterprise, will arrive here on Monday evening. Then many of the details of this scheme, so important to all British Columbia and Western Canada, will be given to the public. Mr. Bakeman will not come to Victoria before the latter part of January, or just prior to the opening of the house. He will be accompanied by at least six of the financial men whose support has been enlisted to build the Canada Western or British Pacific railway. He will remain here some time, as will the gentlemen who accompany him, and devote himself to the railway.

Now that the enterprise has assumed more definite shape, little time, it is expected will be lost in the commencement of construction. The survey and locating party, which has been out for a month, will be augmented and the work before it will be pressed with all possible speed. There is of course a vast amount of detail to receive consideration before active construction is proceeded with, but with a corps of competent and experienced men at the helm but little time will expire without satisfactory results.

Mr. Bakeman and his associates have deposited $100,000 as a pledge of their good faith, the people of British Columbia are friendly, the charter is liberal, and the scheme of construction is feasible. With all these advantages nothing should keep the road from being constructed.

WHARF AND WAVE.

Jottings of Interest to Marine Men Concisely Compiled.

The City of Kingston's passenger lists have been double the usual number the last two days.

The steamship Haytien Republic, came in from the Sound at 7:30 this morning and left four hours later for Portland.

The tug Active came down from Vancouver this morning and took hold of the bark Katherine bound for Burrard Inlet to load lumber.

Capt. Foster has bought the Indian schooner which has been moored near Clark's ways for over a year. He will fit her out for a cruise this season.

The British bark Sabrina, 180 days from Liverpool, with an assorted cargo for Vancouver and New Westminster, passed up this morning. She was delayed by contrary winds and had a very stormy passage during the most part of the voyage.

Still Stick to the Pedro.

A report was round town this afternoon that the San Pedro would be abandoned. Captain Lachlan, representing the Southern Pacific, was asked about it. He replied: "It is untrue. She will not be abandoned. Neither shall we sell her and draw out. We intend again working on her by a new method."

Do You Want a Home?

A new eleven roomed house, corner of Fort and McGregor avenue, finished in red wood with oak mantles, and all the latest improvements. Two lots, coach house and sheds. Will be sold very cheap. Principals only need address Box 563, P. O. *

Social Dance.

A social dance will take place at the skating pavilion, Lyceum hall, Broad street, on Tuesday evening. Skating from 7:30 till 9:30 and dancing commences afterwards. Music by the Bantly family. Admission, gents, 50cts; ladies free. Skating 10 cents extra. *

Choice New Year's Gifts.

To-night at 7 o'clock Messrs. H. Cuthbert & Co., will sell the balance of the stock of plush goods from Spencer's Arcade. To-morrow morning the same firm conduct an important auction of furniture at their rooms. *

New Year's Ball.

Pro. J. Oliver will give a social dance on Monday eve, January 2. Good music will be in attendance and those attending are assured of a good time. Admission, gentlemen, 50cts; ladies free. *

Wedding This Evening.

Mr. W. Rendall, of the firm of Hay & Rendall, is to be married this evening to Miss Campbell.

Banker's Notice.

You will be happy during 1893 if you buy blank books at Kerr & Begg's bookstore. *

A delicious cup of Tea, Coffee or Cocoa can be prepared in a few seconds for a cent by using "Reindeer Brand" Condensed Tea, Coffee or Cocoa. Sold by grocers. *

Buy your Christmas and New Year's Wines at the California Wine Co.'s Store, Nos. 55 and 57 Broad St.

Their Second Concert.

The second concert this season of the St. Andrew's Choral Union will be held Wednesday, January 18th.

They are Very Choice.

The car load of eastern apples that arrived on Saturday are something extra. Call and see them at Gordon's. *

Beautiful Type.

Just received by Munro Miller some beautiful faces of brass type, suitable for fancy lettering of Xmas and New Year presents. *

Will Change Quarters.

The office of the Superintendent of Provincial Police Hussey will be removed from the Government buildings to the court house.

Holiday Cakes.

Leave your orders at the New England for Xmas cakes, assorted cakes, English plum pudding, etc. Have received a large invoice of bon-bons crystalized fruits and assorted candies. Ornamenting cakes a specialty. Goods promptly delivered to all parts of the city. *

New Sealer Being Built.

On Thursday at Biggs' shipyard, Port Townsend, the keel was laid for a sealing schooner. The length of the keel is 65 feet, and the vessel will be 75 feet over all, and will have a 10-foot depth of hold. The vessel has not been sold, but Mr. Bigg expects to find a buyer by the time it is finished.

Some Miscreant's Work.

There is a poultry fancier living in the James Bay district who is justly indignant. He had a game cock which he planned to exhibit in the coming poultry show. Last night some miscreat entered his yard and cut the cock's wings and tail, destroying it for exhibition purposes for some time to come. Fanciers are warned to protect their birds.

Chuck Will Return to China.

In the police court this morning Lee Chuen Chuck was committed of assaulting Lin Ho. The court suspended sentence. Chuck is an old Chinaman and his friends said that they were going to send him back to China. Lin Ho said that she did not wish to prosecute. F. W. Weekleigh, for swearing on the street, was fined $5. John Thompson, drunk, was discharged. First offense.

City Police Returns.

During the year there were 1260 cases in the police court as compared with 1434 in 1891. The largest number was in August, when there were 160 cases. June was the smallest month. Sixty-five cases. Number of whites convicted 646, sent up for trial 24, discharged 274; Indians convicted 144, discharged 11; Chinese convicted 80, sent up for trial 7, discharged 70. Not a murder was committed in the city throughout 1892.

The Romulus Safe.

The steam collier Romulus is safe. She arrived at San Francisco late Thursday night after a terribly stormy passage. She was caught in the hurricane last week, which battered up the Umatilla and Oregon so badly. She sailed from Nanaimo on Dec. 17th and was therefore 12 days making the passage which should not at the furthest have occupied six days. The Empire, which left on Dec. 20th also arrived on the 29th. She had a very rough time of it and nearly foundered.

Offices to Let.

The directors of the B. C. Board of Trade building are now prepared to receive application for offices in the new Board of Trade Building, on Bastion street. Responsible parties can secure on leases more than one suite of offices, with privilege of sub-letting. The offices are heated and conveniently arranged, singly and in suites of two and three rooms, having fire proof vaults, electric light, gas fixtures and other modern conveniences. Special attention has been given to sanitary arrangements. Full particulars can be obtained from the Secretary, Mr. F. Elworthy.

At It Again.

The report is current that Whalley, who was interested in the movements of the Halcyon on this coast, was no doubt interested in the opium confiscated on the steamer Oceanic at San Francisco a few days ago. Whalley and his confederates, it will be remembered, disputed over the division of the proceeds made out of the different schemes that they entered into with the aid of the Halcyon, and as a result the partners separated. Whalley went to Honolulu, thence to Yokohamma or Hong Kong, and was at one of these places before the Oceanic arrived there on her last trip. He remained behind after her departure.

Prominent Chinamen.

Seid Back and Chung Suie, two of Portland's big merchants, were in Victoria a few days ago. As the former had not intended to cross the line he had not provided himself with any papers to show that he was a merchant, so he was charged $50 for landing, but told that on forwarding the proper papers to the British consul the money would be returned. As soon as he reached Victoria he was obliged to accept invitations to five banquets on five successive days, and only got out of accepting a dozen more invitations by telling his friends that his birthday fell on the 27th and it was necessary for him to return home on that occasion.

TRADE WITH THE U. S.

Consul Myers Furnishes Figures on the Exports to the States.

U.S. Consul Myers kindly furnishes the following figures relative to trade with his country. The showing made is a splendid one.

Exports from Victoria to the United States for calendar year of 1892:

Animals	$ 4,167.00
Baking powder	726.70
Columbia Exposition exhibits	602.50
Coal	1,038.50
Cocoanut extract	595.50
Dry goods	792.20
Fish	55.00
Gold dust, nuggets, etc	332,390.84
Hides, furs and skins	394,863.03
Indian curios	1,578.51
Junk	970.00
Iron rails	1,652.37
Liquors	7,646.45
Lumber	5,829.40
Miscellaneous mdse	4,246.01
Nursery stock	57.28
Oat bran	873.50
Returned goods, boxes and barrels	50,669.50
Rice	6,978.90
Seeds	153.37
Slate	376.00
Sugar	2,350.00
Tea	2,092.80
Tin plate	482.50
Total	$635,660.95

The coal shipments from this consular district to the United States for first three quarters of the year, with the fourth quarter estimated were as follows:

Quarter ending March 31	$ 512,382.75
" " June 30	439,068.80
" " September 30	455,563.25
" " December 31 (est.)	500,000.00
Total	$1,907,015.50

The appended summary gives the American shipping in the port of Victoria for the year 1892:

Number of American vessels arriving during 1892	656
Number of American vessels departing during 1892	650
Total American tonnage arriving during 1892	620,432
Total American tonnage departing during 1892	618,837

Have you tried the famous Tamilkande?

A Bullet for Someone.

Ald. Humber fired a parting bullet at the Citizens' Association at the council meeting last night. A few minutes before adjournment Ald. Humber rose to a question of privilege. He saw an item in the TIMES that City Treasurer Kent would pay all accounts against the city in full Saturday (this) afternoon. He would ask Mayor Beaven was the council being libelled by the evening journal?

Mayor Beaven said that the city had sufficient money in the exchequer to liquidate all debts.

"Then why all this talk?" queried the alderman. "We show a clear sheet at the end of the year, and what more do the citizens want? Gentlemen, I congratulate you all and myself upon our record, and wish you all a Happy New Year."

Do Not Miss

Reading this item. As Lange & Co. did not succeed in selling their business for the figure agreed to to their Eastern friend, nor in disposing of all of their stock this Christmas to the public, and as the building wherein they have conducted business for the last 17 years is to be destroyed shortly and a new one erected in place, under the circumstances Lange & Co. are obliged to reopen in their own place, No. 88 Douglas street, opposite Odd Fellows' hall. Reduced sales will continue until goods which are left are sold. Any one wishing to secure a good going business, established since 30 years, can do so at a very reasonable figure. And the new premises can be rented at a moderate rate. *

To Discuss Municipal Business.

As will be seen by advertisement in another column a public meeting is called for Tuesday evening, January 3rd at 8 o'clock in the City Hall for the discussion of municipal affairs. Every ratepayer should attend this meeting and hear the explanations regarding the city's finances and credit. Some important speeches will be delivered.

Mr. Dalby's Candidature.

The requisitions to Mr. Dalby, inviting him to become a candidate for the position of Mayor, were being circulated to-day, and are reported to have four hundred names attached. A meeting of the friends of that gentleman will be held to-night, after which his letter of acceptance will be given to the public.

Provincial Jail.

Two hundred and ninety-eight prisoners were in the provincial jail during the year, of which number there are now thirty-seven in custody. In the provincial police court there were 138 cases.

City Clerk's Returns.

During the year $6654.20 has been paid into the city coffers for police court fines and fees. During the same period the cemetery fees amouted to $2764.25.

New Year's Day.

Monday will be celebrated as New Year's Day and will be a general holiday. The TIMES, consequently, will not be issued until Tuesday evening.

Tuesday is the Day.

The cases against the Chinese for infraction of the health regulations will come up for hearing in the police court Tuesday morning.

$500 In a Month.

The British Columbia Benevolent Society have given $500 away in charity within the past month.

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.
The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum.
Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard

SPENCER'S ARCADE

DURING THIS WEEK we will sell our remaning Stock of

Fancy Articles,
Sachets,
Glove and Handkerchief Sets,
Etc., Etc.
at Half Price.

D. SPENCER, Government Street.

Duluth

Situated at the entrance to Seymour Narrows, the Terminus of the Canada Western Railway, in connection with the Ferry to the Mainland.

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Lots in this Townsite can be obtained at present prices until January 1st, at which date prices will be raised 25 per cent.

The Lots owned by the Canada Western Railway Co. in Duluth are NOT FOR SALE.

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no21-1m

Suitable Gifts for Christmas
AT THE WESTSIDE

"Alexandre Kid Gloves," "Westside Kid Gloves" the "French Lacing Glove." Every pair guaranteed.
Beautifully Embroidered Initial Silk Handkerchiefs, and Handkerchiefs of every description.
Real Lace Sets. Silk Shawls. Silk Hosiery.
Silk Umbrellas, mounted in Sterling Silver.
Dress Silks. Hand Painted Fans.
Real Seal Jackets and Muffs, Fur-lined and Quilted.
Cloaks. Eiderdown Quilts. Fur Boas and Muffs.
Ladies' Companions, Hand Satchels, and Many other articles too numerous to mention.

J. HUTCHESON & Co.

WE NEVER HAVE ANY OLD STOCK

The Westside Special Sale of This Season's Jackets, Mantles and Waterproofs Still Continues
AND WILL BE CONTINUED TILL EVERY ARTICLE IS DISPOSED OF.

WE HAVE THE FOLLOWING LINES LEFT:

21 Ladies' Silk Stripe Waterproofs, $6.50, Reduced to $1.90.
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3 Colored Winter Jackets, $12.50, Reduced to $5.90.
22 Ladies' Fashionable Ulsters, $12.50, Reduced to $2.75.
4 Heavy Winter Jackets, $12, Reduced to $5.90.
17 Heavy Winter Jackets, $16, Reduced to $7.50.
14 Silk Lined Winter Jackets, $17 to $22, Reduced to $9.50.
Waterproofs at 50c., 75c. and 90c.
Heavy English Waterproofs at Half Price.

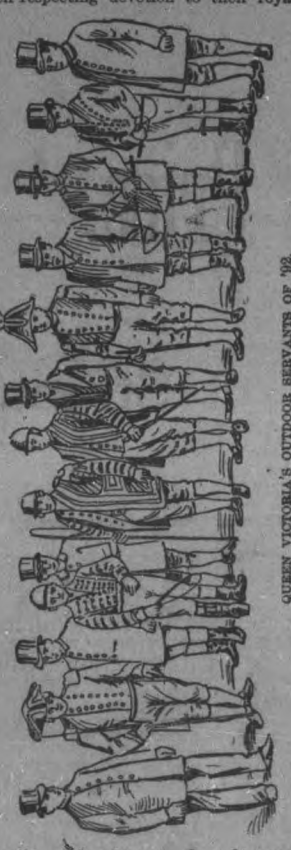
J. HUTCHESON & Co.

THE SERVANTS OF THE QUEEN.

People Who are Much More to Her Majesty than Courtiers and Statesmen.

The Domestic Life of Royalty—The Queen Pours Thomas Sand's Tea.

Queen Victoria, although burdened with the cares and anxieties involved by sovereignty over one of the greatest empires of the universe, is exempt from all trouble and worry in connection with that blighting curse on the existence of the ordinary people, namely, the tormenting and everlasting servant problem. Her domestics—and they are many in number—may be described as perfection. Their fathers and their father's fathers before them have lived and died in the service of the royal family, and, brought up from their earliest childhood in an atmosphere impregnated with sentiments of discipline and loyalty, they possess infinitely more tact and a finer appreciation of the border line that separates obsequious servility from manly, self-respecting devotion to their royal



QUEEN VICTORIA'S OUTDOOR SERVANTS OF '92.

masters and mistresses, than do many courtiers, born and bred in more exalted spheres of society. They enjoy the advantage of having been trained under the eye of their parents, and deriving all the benefit of their experience of the latter naturally possess a more perfect knowledge of their duties than could be expected from any stranger.

They never ask for higher wages, never give warning, and are content with both the relatively moderate pay and the strict discipline, aware that after a certain number of years' service they not only receive pensions for the remainder of their days, but also a friendly care and helping hand in providing for the future of their children. Contrary to what might be imagined, the perquisites and "vails" of domestic servants in royal employ are very small, the late Prince Consort having some forty years ago effected sweeping reforms in connection with the royal household which put a stop to the flagrant abuses which up to that time had cost many thousands of pounds every year to the privy purse of the sovereign. Indeed, from a financial point of view, there is no doubt that a groom, a coachman, a footman or a gamekeeper would be infinitely better off in the service of a nobleman or plutocrat than that of a monarch. Certain it is, at any rate, that no servant either of the Queen or of the Prince of Wales, has ever enjoyed so large an income as that footman of the Earl of Northbrook, who some time ago testified under oath in a court of law that although his regular wages amounted to but $300 annually, yet that he received from $2,000 to $2,500 more a year in the shape of tips from the Earl's guests, whom he was called upon to valet during their stay at Stratton.

The Queen's chief or state coachman, portrayed above, is a man of the name of Edwin Miller, who during the earlier portion of his career was employed to assist in the care of thirty-five saddle horses kept for the use of the royal family. After the death of the Prince Consort he was transferred from Windsor to the royal stables at Buckingham Palace as one of the assistant coachmen. For nearly twelve years his duties consisted in driving the carriage of Colonel Sir Charles Maude, who bears the title of Crown Equerry, and who has the direction not only of the entire royal stables, but also of the royal stud at Hampton Court Palace, where annual and very profitable sales are held of the Queen's yearlings. Subsequently he was entrusted with the charge of breaking in all the young horses used for the Queen's carriage, and it is owing to his marvelous treatment of them that they are all so quiet and docile in their behavior, her Majesty having never been subjected to any kind of carriage accident throughout her long reign. Some four years ago he was promoted to the post of principal State coachman, which he now holds. I may add, in connection with Mr. Miller's duties, that an important point in training the Queen's horses consists in making them accustomed to the sound of drums and bands of music. It is the practice at the royal stables for the children belonging to the various employes of the Mews to be sent to the stables frequently with their toy drums and trumpets, and in every way possible the horses are inured to noise. It is only rarely that Mr. Miller has the opportunity of driving the Queen, the last occasion having been at the time of her jubilee, for during her ordinary visit to London she usually goes about in a barouche drawn by four horses mounted by postillions. These postillions on such occasions wear top boots, white leather breeches, black jackets and hats. On State occasions, however, they don velvet caps, white wigs and gold embroidered scarlet jackets.

The Queen's personal coachman, who drives her at Windsor, Balmoral and Osborne, and who likewise accompanies her during her annual visits to the Continent, is an elderly man of the name of Thomas Sands, and is a great favorite of Her Majesty, in whose service he has been very long indeed. The Queen is exceedingly kind and considerate to him, and greets him always with a friendly "good day." Frequently, when the drives are long, the Queen causes the carriage to be stopped and the tea equipage, which she generally carries about with her, to be extracted from the rumble. Tea is thereupon brewed by means of a spirit lamp, and in partaking of this gentle stimulant with her ladies in attendance, the Queen does not forget her coachman, but invariably makes a point of pouring out a cup for him too. On one occasion, when her daughter, the widowed Empress of Germany, was with her and attempted to pour out the tea for the coachman herself, the Queen took the cup away from her under the pretext that she did not know "how Thomas liked to have his tea sugared and creamed," and fixed it for him herself. Thomas is very fond of relating this story as an illustration of his mistress' kindness and consideration for her old servants. Both he, as well as the State coachman above referred to, are decorated with the silver medal conferred upon them by the Queen on the occasion of her jubilee, and they wear it on the left breast of the coat of their livery.

The latter is of a four-fold character. On ordinary occasions both Mr. Miller and Mr. Sands, as well as their subordinates, wear liveries of plain black, white breeches and top boots, together with a hat flanked by the royal cockade. On more ceremonious occasions, such as, for instance, the fetching of royal visitors from the railroad stations, etc., they wear a black-faced scarlet coat and gold buttons, instead of a black one, while the hat is adorned with a gold band. Then there is what is known as the semi-state livery. This consists of a scarlet tail coat, gold embroidered at the cuffs and collar, and buttoned across the breast with two rows of buttons. With this white knee breeches, black patent leather pumps and white silk stockings are worn, while the hat is similar in shape and fashion to the one which the first Emperor Napoleon is represented as wearing. In fact, it resembles the chapeau of an American naval or military officer of high rank, with the two peaks instead of being worn fore and aft, sticking out at the sides.

The full State livery is a very gorgeous affair and costs an enormous sum of money. All the seams of the scarlet coat as well as the facing and the pocket flaps and the sleeves are covered with gold embroidery. The buckles of the shoes are of silver gilt, while the head is adorned with a white wig and a three-cornered hat similar to those worn in the eighteenth century at the courts of King Louis XIV. and King Louis XV. of France. These suits of State livery cost as much as $1,000, while those of the footman and of the subordinate coachman range from $500 to $700. They are rarely used except when driving the Prince of Wales or the Princess from Marlborough House to either St. James' Place or Buckingham Palace for the purpose of holding levees and drawing rooms on behalf of the Queen. When these State liveries are renewed, however, the old garments become the perquisites of the wearers, who derive a considerable sum from the sale of the gold lace with which they are adorned. The Queen's footmen are quite numerous and commence with wages amounting to $250 a year, which in course of time rises to $400 per annum, but no further. Out of this money they have to pay for their own washing. They are under the command of several so-called sergeant footmen, whose salary does not exceed $600 a year. Their liveries resemble those of the royal coachmen which I have described, and on grand occasions they carry in their right hand a long, gold-mounted cane, or staff, almost five feet long. The royal footmen are, every one of them, over six feet in height, and of course are clean shaven.

When the Queen drives out, one of these footmen is ordinarily seated in the rumble of the royal carriage, the other place being occupied by her Majesty's Scotch gillie, Francis Clarke, who has succeeded to the office held so many years by the celebrated John Brown. He of course is arrayed in full Highland garb, with kilt and plaid of the royal Stewart tartan. It is on his arm that the Queen leans on entering and leaving her carriage, during which time both the coachman, the footman and the two military officers who, arrayed in plain clothes, gallop alongside the royal carriage on horseback as equerries, remain with heads bared.

Her Majesty has likewise a couple of Hindoo servants, gorgeously arrayed in

THE QUEEN AT HYERES; A DRIVE IN THE GARDENS.

picturesque Oriental costumes. These darkies are, however, a source of endless trouble and annoyance on account of their queer prejudices with regard to the cooking of their food, and are objects of general detestation to the entire royal household.

I do not know what salary Francis Clarke, the Queen's Highland gillie, now receives, but it is a fact that his predecessor, John Brown, was paid at the rate of $1,500 a year, besides which he received an immense number of presents from his royal mistress, to whom he was accustomed to talk in the most free and unconstrained manner. His title used to be Page of the Presence, and it was he who practically controlled the access of every one to the Queen. He would permit no one, not even Her Majesty's own children to enter their mother's presence without previously having taken her pleasure in the matter and obtained her consent thereto. On one memorable occasion at Windsor, when the Queen's eldest daughter, the widowed Empress Frederick, at that time Crown Princess of Germany, was about to pass into her mother's apartment unannounced, John Brown deliberately barred the way and declined to allow her to enter until he had announced her beforehand. So indignant was the imperious lady at this treatment on the part of the man whom she regarded in the light of a menial, that she demanded from her mother his dismissal, and, on the Queen declining to accede to her wishes, she left Windsor in a huff with her husband and suite, and established herself at the German Embassy, in London, where she remained during the remainder of her stay in England. Nor did she ever become the guest of her mother again until after John Brown's death. I may add that the late Earl of Beaconsfield, who was aware of the high favor which John Brown enjoyed with his royal mistress and of the interest which she generally manifested in the gillie's conversation, was careful to pay great attention to the man, and on one occasion when the earl happened to be awaiting the arrival of the Queen at the entrance to the palace on her return from a drive, I saw him step forward and shake hands warmly with John Brown as the latter was about to help her Majesty to alight. The Queen seemed pleased by this condenscension on the part of the earl, and it may be safely taken for granted that the Right Honorable Benjamin lost nothing by this little piece of diplomacy.

Besides the Scotch, English and Indian male servants, the Queen has a couple of German attendants who go by the name of Jaeger, and who attend her Majesty wherever she goes. When

QUEEN VICTORIA.

in full dress they are garbed in the most magnificent fashion—plumed hats, green coats with gold embroideries and a short sword, or rather hunting knife, the hilt of which is goldmounted buck horn. These German Jaegers are an institution that owes its origin to the Prince Consort, for in Germany, not only every royal personage, but moreover every good nobleman or ambassador has his special body Jaeger. The Prince of Wales' Jaeger, for instance, invariably attends his royal master to all the dinners at which the prince may be present. He stands behind the prince's chair arrayed in a scarlet coat and the dishes, with which the prince is to be served, are invariably handed to him, to place before his Royal Highness. None of the ordinary servants of the establishment is permitted to serve the prince himself.

The kindness and the consideration lavished by the Queen upon her domestic servants is manifested also in the pages of the books which she has written, concerning her "Life in the Highlands." Their names are frequently mentioned therein, together with homely little comments on their traits and character, and indeed, one may gather from a perusal of the volumes the impression that they play a far more important role than either statesmen, officials or courtiers in the Queen's life. For the names of such personages as Sir Robert Peel, Lord Beaconsfield, Mr. Gladstone and Lord Palmerstone figure much more rarely in these descriptions by the Queen of her home life than the name, for instance, of her Highland servant, John Brown. WYCOLLER.

The Names of Dogs.

Harriers are chiefly used in hunting hares in England. Poodle is derived from the German "pudel," a puddle or pool. Dalmatian, or coach dogs, are said to have been first bred in Dalmatia. Spaniels, of which there are many breeds, are supposed to have first come from Spain. Mastiff is derived from the Italian "mastina," or the French "mastin," both of which signify large-limbed. The terrier takes its name from its habit of following game into burrows of the earth, which latter in Latin is termed "terra." Beagle is probably derived from the Celtic "beag" or "bige," or the Welsh "bach," signifying little, they being in reality a small species of hound. The shepherd dog—called collie in Scotland from the Gaelic "cuilean," or puppy—gains its title from the fact of its being used to watch sheep and protect them from marauders of every description. Various explanations have been given of the origin of the term greyhound, some authorities claiming that the prefix "grey" is taken from "Graius," meaning Greek, others that it signifies great, while still others say it has reference to the color of the animal.

On Mount Ætna in a Storm.

Our footing, as we strove to and fro on the brink and tried in vain to see through the noisome smoke, was very unpleasant. We were on the mud outcast that very morning and so but a quarter congealed. It clogged our boots like new snow, and there was, or seemed to be, some danger that it might fail to support our weight and let us down heaven knows whither. Under these conditions it was unwise to stand long in one spot, though, to be sure, the turmoil of the elements and the cold (thermometer at 38 degrees, with a fierce wind), was another effectual bar to this. There was such a shrieking of the storm fiend and such a merciless whipping of hail and snow upon our cheeks, and such a stifling malodor of sulphur that while we stumbled along we pivoted round and round in vain attempts at self-protection. Our view of Sicily from the summit is soon described. We saw none of it except the ground we trod upon. Half an hour by the crater was enough for us.—Cornhill Magazine.

BIG FIRST THINGS.

The Ages at Which Great Men Began Their Work.

According to tradition Buddha began his revelations at 35.

Burns wrote songs in childhood, and published some at 16.

Congreve wrote "The Old Bachelor," his first comedy, at 23.

Lamb's first printed poems came out when the author was 22.

The "Pleasures of Hope" appeared when Campbell was 22.

Maria Edgeworth wrote her story "Castle Rackrent" at 34.

Terence is believed to have written his first play at about 25.

Hugh Miller published "The Testimony of the Rocks" at 55.

Thiers finished the "History of the French Revolution" at 26.

Plautus is said to have written the first of his comedies at 23.

The early Christian writers say Paul wrote his first epistle at 46.

Thucydides wrote his "History of the Peloponesian War" after 50.

The "Sketches of Boz" were printed by Dickens when he was 24.

Ben Jonson was 24 when he wrote "Every Man in His Humor."

Tasso wrote the "Rinaldo" at 17, the "Jerusalem Delivered" at 31.

Bishop Berkeley wrote the "Principles of Human Knowledge" at 26.

According to the Talmud, Daniel wrote his first prophecy at 50.

"Jane Eyre" was the work of Charlotte Bronte when she was 22.

John Locke finished the "Essay on the Human Understanding" at 58.

William Tyndale's translation of the Bible into English began at 43.

Wilkie Collins' first novel, "Antonina," came out when he was 36.

Cicero is thought to have written "De Officiis" after he had passed 40.

Bulwer-Lytton was 29 when he printed "The Last Days of Pompeii."

Marlowe produced his first play, "Tamburlaine the Great," at 26.

Pollock was 29 when the "Course of Time" was issued from the press.

Sir William Jones wrote his "Commentaries on Asiatic Poets" at 28.

Ariosto began the "Orlando Furioso" at 32 and finished it ten years later.

Burke wrote the "Essay on the Subline and Beautiful" when about 28.

Mrs. Southworth wrote "Retribution," her first novel, at the age of 25.

Buckle brought out the first volume of the "History of Civilization" at 36.

When Victor Hugo was 20 he issued his first volume—a collection of poems.

Mill's "Logic" appeared at 37, his "Principles of Political Economy" at 42.

"Hours of Idleness" appeared when Byron was 18, his "Childe Harold" at 28.

De Quincey published "The Confessions of an English Opium Eater" at 36.

Chaucer is thought to have written the "Canterbury Tales" after he was 50.

Isaac Newton wrote the last of the "Natural Philosophy" when he was 45.

Oliver Wendell Holmes wrote the "Autocrat of the Breakfast Table" at 48.

"Nature's Divine Revelations" was written by Andrew Jackson Davis at 23.

"Little Poems," the first work of Thomas Moore, appeared when he was 23.

Carlyle published "Sarter Resartus" at 38, and the "French Revolution" at 42.

Miss Sedgwick wrote her first novel, "The New England Tale," at the age of 33.

Emanuel Swedenborg's "Arcana Coelestia" was printed when the author was 61.

Immanuel Kant's "Critique of Pure Reason" appeared when the author was 57.

The first volume of the "History of England" appeared when David Hume was 43.

Xenophon is supposed to have finished the "Retreat of the Ten Thousand" about 50.

William Wordsworth wrote "An Evening Walk" at 13, and the "Excursion" at 44.

According to tradition, Moses wrote the book of Job at 70, and finished the Law at 120.

Elizabeth Barrett Browning produced "An Essay on the Mind" and other poems at 18.

Alexander Pope was 45 years old when he wrote the immortal "Essay on Man."
—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

The Longest in the World.

A tunnel, the longest in the world, has been projected and begun, practically under Simplon to supercede the famous road over the mountain constructed by Napoleon. The "Route of the Simplon" is 38 miles in length; the tunnel will be a trifle less than twelve miles and a half. The wagon road is 6,592 feet above sea level, is 25 to 30 feet wide, crosses 611 bridges, and passes through several tunnels. It takes eight or nine hours to cross the mountain by the wagon road; the tunnel can be traversed in three-quarters of an hour. The power to run the drills, light the workings, and ventilate the tunnel is to be derived from the river Marsa. The cost is estimated at $1,240,000 a mile.

A Mathematical Trick.

A Rochester banker, who is interested in mathematics, discovered a way in which the nine numerals could be arranged so as to make 100, using each figure but once. This is the way:

15
36
47
—
98
2
—
100

The banker gave the problem to a boy not long ago who found a solution which was much better, the numerals being arranged in regular order, like this: 9 times 8 plus 7 plus 6 plus 5 plus 4 plus 3 plus 2 plus 1 equal 100.

Sir Edwin Says It's Stomach Ache.

Sir Edwin Arnold says of cholera: "More people die from bronchitis, teething and measles than from cholera. It is not such a terrible disease. I have helped carry into hospital many persons afflicted with it in the streets of India. It is no more than a colossal, protean stomach ache. Simple precautions will ward it off. Five drops of hydrochloric acid in a cup of tea every other day will kill the bacillus. It cannot live in an acidulated stomach. I think the English and American constitutions are almost proof against the disease when care is exercised."

DOES YOUR WIFE DO HER OWN WASHING?

If you regard her health and strength, and want to keep your home free from hot steam and smell, and save fuel, washing powders, and the clothes,

GET HER SUNLIGHT SOAP.

It will be a blessing to her and to your home.

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Citizens' Ticket
1893.

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G. A. McTAVISH

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CHARLES HAYWARD
M. S. WADE, M.D.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:

The above named gentlemen having been chosen at a Citizens' Meeting held on Monday evening last, to represent the city as Aldermen and School Trustees for the year 1893, your support and hearty co-operation to elect them is earnestly solicited.

B. GORDON, Chairman.
B. BOGGS, Secretary.

de21 tf

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CIVIL AND MINING ENGINEERS

Provincial Land Surveyors, Real Estate & Mining Brokers

Railway Reconnaissance and Location Contracts taken. Estimates Prepared. Prospecting Outfits Organized. Mines Reported on and Assays Furnished.

In connection with our Engineering and Surveying Department, we are opening up an office at Nelson, in the now famous Kootenay District, for the purpose of handling Real Estate and Mining in all its branches. Our partner Mr. M. S. Davys having resided in the Kootenay country for the past five years, and successfully developed valuable mining properties there is thus able to furnish reliable information as to location and values of properties.

OFFICES

VICTORIA Room 4, Spencer's Arcade, Government Street. NELSON, B.C.

Compliments of the Season.

I BEG to thank the Housekeepers and Business Public of the Province of British Columbia for the liberal support they have accorded to the goods of my manufacture during the past year.

Victoria Vinegar and Pickle Works,
JAMES H. FALCONER, Proprietor.
Victoria, Dec. 21. d24

To the Public.

Owing various uncomplimentary remarks to o ers an members of the Victoria Typographical Union relating to a BLASPHEMOUS CIRCULAR printed in this city during the late Presidential campaign, the Executive Committee of the Union hereby publicly state that the aforesaid circular was not printed in any of the Union offices in this city.

By order
Executive Committee.
VICTORIA TYPOGRAPHICAL UNION.
d21-2w Nov. 30.

FUTURE OF WEST KOOTENAY.

An Experienced Miner Gives His Views of the Great Mineral District.

What Samples From Some of the Claims Have Assayed—New Locations.

The Lardeau and Fish River section, embracing the western slope of the Great Selkirk range, between Illecillewaet on the main line of the C.P.R., and Kootenay Lake, is rapidly coming into prominence and is unquestionably the most extensive and the richest surface showing mineral region on the American continent. The gigantic proportions of its veins, lodes and mineral deposits, coupled with fabulously rich high grade ore, will shortly place it in the front rank among the many magnificent mining camps of the now far-famed West Kootenay district. While the ores average of the adjacent state of Idaho runs from only $12 to $15 per ton, the Lardeau ore runs up into the hundreds, and in some exceptional cases, thousands of dollars per ton.

The annexed description of some of the most promising properties, and the width and value of their ore veins will convey to the intelligent reader some conception of the gigantic deposits of mineral that have accumulated during bygone ages of infiltration, and which only await the combined efforts of labor and capital to make British Columbia the wealthiest and most prosperous province of the Dominion. To tap this mineral region only two gateways or valleys are accessible.

First by the Columbia river and Arrow lakes, and second by Kootenay lake. So far, nearly every claim located is tributary to the Lardeau City entrance, via the northeast arm of Upper Arrow, in consequence of their proximity to this outlet, Kootenay lake being several miles further, with no navigable water, the Lardeau river from Trout lake south being a rough, rapid and treacherous stream, very shallow, with numerous sand bars.

Here, on the arm is destined to rise in the future a city of considerable importance, as all the Fish creek country, which is known to be rich in mineral, is tributary to this point. Fish creek, or river, is some 50 miles long and has considerable agricultural land available to the settler, as well as immense timber limits of extra fine quality.

But this is digressing somewhat from the mineral resources and a review of the mining discoveries and rich strikes made during the past few months. Prominent among others are the Walker, Domis and Holden claims. It is estimated that 1500 tons of clean ore is already in sight on the great northern portion of this group. The ore is not only argentiferous but also auriferous, and its assay value is from $8 to $15 in gold, and from 40 to 60 ounces in silver. There are eight claims in this group, and it has been probably bonded to John D. Rockefeller, of New York, the "Standard oil king," for a respectable figure.

Six miles easterly from the Great Northern another lead strikes across the country on the Lardeau side of the Fish Creek summit. On a grassy sloping mountain about ten locations have been recorded, chief among which are the Iron Dollar Home, Silver King, Celtic, Canadian Girl, Horne, Nagle, Edwards and McDonald. The strong parallel leads exist here, the ore being four feet wide. A vein of molten iron oxide, galena and carbonates, average sample running from $12 to $25 in gold and 50 oz. in silver. The other vein is a contact from 30 to 40 feet wide between slate and limestone, and the veinstone is a granulated quartz of friable character; hard and brittle with bright galena and free gold. This quartz has yielded 500 colors to the pan. Eleven locations have been made on this lead. Another parallel lead was discovered by Blackburn and his associates, and six claims staked. Four feet of ore was struck, the assay value being $47 in gold and 90 oz. silver. If winter had not sat in so early this series of claims would have been actively worked.

Between the north and south fork of the Lardeau above Trout Lake, Abrahamson and Langrell located several claims that have a vein fifteen feet wide and assays $53 in gold and 2300 oz. silver. Four feet of solid ore shows up on the Crystal claim. The Queen of the Hills and the Silver Cup are probably the richest and highest grade ore in that section of Lardeau.

The Leroy and Gainer group is situated on Lime creek, a tributary of the Lardeau veins, from three to five feet wide and yield returns from 18 to 20 gold and 260 to 300 in silver per ton.

The Poole and Crechit group is situated between the north and south fork of the Lardeau, above Trout lake. It is supposed to be 80 feet wide, carrying galena and carbonates. A crosscut exposed 13 feet of solid galena, the assay being, gold, $49; silver, 53 ounces. The carbonates, silver, 300 ounces per ton

J. W. Haskins, of Revelstoke, the pioneer prospector of the great Lardeau country, has made some magnificent discoveries on the headwaters of Healy creek. This creek empties into the Lardeau river, three miles east of Trout lake, and it is said affords easy access to the upper Duncan river country. The Haskins group mentioned above comprises the Abbott, Stella, King William and Union. The assays from this group were akin to the average ore bodies in other parts of the Lardeau.

The Wayne group, another fine lead assay, gives $10 to $30 gold and 120 oz. silver. Haskins' Orphan Boy, shows three feet of solid galena, assaying 90 to 100 ounces silver. The Maple Leaf, Crown Point and Beaver samples assay from $200 to $240 in gold and 90 ounces in silver.

Many other claims could be mentioned that in time will become world-renowned as paying mining properties. There is a vast field yet untouched in this great mineral region and no doubt next year this section will swarm with prospectors eager to make new discoveries, while enterprising capitalists will readily grasp promising claims and turn their energies towards developing them. Rapid and unparalleled progress has been made in the Slocan mines. American capital has secured nearly every good property in that camp, and no doubt many of the Lardeau claims will fall into the hands of the avaricious Americans. Nature has given British Columbia in the Kootenay district great natural wealth, but from the present apathy of British Columbians, it is more than probable that aliens will through their foresight and enterprise secure the greater portion of what should be the inheritance of native British Columbians.

CAPRIVI ON WAR WITH FRANCE.

An Extract From the Chancellor's Recent Speech in the Reichstag.

During his speech on the Army bill in the Imperial Parliament last week Chancellor von Caprivi took up the subject of a possible war with France. In the course of his remarks he said:—

"We have nothing to desire and nothing to demand from other nations. It is true that some journals and politicians present this argument: 'The military burdens which we bear, and which you are about to make heavier still, will become insupportable in the long run. Would it not be better to put an end to the situation by taking up arms, by choosing the favorable moment, and by the success that we can hope for secure for ourselves once more a peace of twenty or thirty years?' That is a style of reasoning to which the confederated governments and the German people, after mature reflection, would never agree. Without counting the objections that might be made from a moral point of view to such a proceeding, the proceeding itself would meet also with material difficulties. We might make a defensive war from a political point of view and an offensive war from a military point of view. But the preventive war to which we are invited to have recourse would be an offensive war, both in a political and military sense. And if we should undertake such a war it would be necessary first of all to have an exact appreciation of the cost of the victory. Very well, let us admit that we should attack France, to put an end to the difficult situation in which we find ourselves. What would be the price of the victory? We don't want to annex a square kilometer of French territory. To bring into the German Empire people who are not Germans would only cause embarrassment for us.

"Even when we took the French milliards we discovered in more than one point of view a thorn in those milliards. When people come to us with the advice to take some French colonies, I always say that we already have quite enough to do with our own colonies. Colonies would create difficulties for us and would impose upon us burdens that we might not be able to bear at the close of such a preventive war. But let us admit what the confederated governments do not admit—namely: that we should make such war. Very well, we could only undertake it in the hope of being able to enjoy after the struggle a period of peace longer than that which we can hope for to-day.

"I will ask you to recollect that when we crossed the French frontier in 1870 we crossed it with seventeen army corps, including the contingents of South Germany, and that only eight French army corps were opposed to us. That circumstance alone ought to be sufficient to show that in the future war it would not be so easy for us to win brilliant victories as it was in the last war, for in the future war we would find opposed to us French army corps at least quite as numerous as those with which we should begin the campaign. We would find, moreover, an army of reserve which would be about as strong in point of numbers as the army of the first line, and in effectiveness would be far superior to the one which we encountered in the days of Gambetta.

"But suppose that we crossed the frontier and were victorious, even without the numerical superiority that we had in 1870—and don't forget that we should be obliged to leave a portion of our troops in garrison near the Russian frontier because we could no longer count, as in 1870, upon the good will of Russia—what would we find? A line of forts carefully prepared for years and furnished with everything which modern science can offer. These forts are situated on the Moselle and on the Meuse, the passage of which presents natural difficulties enough. It would be necessary to take several of these forts if we wished to penetrate still further into France. Then we would encounter the series of the great French fortresses, Verdun, Toula, and Epinal, each one of which is stronger than Metz or Strasburg was in 1870—places which certainly would, in their turn, arrest our advance, and in front of which we would be obliged to leave a portion of our troops.

"Well, we leave those troops there and we advance and beat the reserve of the French army. Then we would advance upon Paris. We would not find there the Paris of 1870, but on the contrary a fortress such as the world has never before seen. A fortress surrounded by fifty-six forts in a line of 130 kilometers. What, then, would we have to do? Take the town by famine? That would be very difficult. We would be obliged to have recourse to other means, which would succeed with perseverance and the necessary time. Very well, suppose we should be the winners in the struggle after a campaign that would necessarily be very much longer than the one of 1870, and all this also on the supposition that our conscience would not become aroused even once during that long war brought on by us, and that we should never ask ourselves the question: 'My God, why have we undertaken a task so difficult?'

"But finally let us admit we should become the masters of the country. What would be the result? Would we enjoy a peace that would last from twenty to thirty years? Not at all. Immediately upon our return home we would be obliged to arm again, and in a manner still more costly than to-day, for if we should return exhausted from the conflict other nations might be disposed to take advantage of our weakness. After a preventive war, even if it should be successful, we would find ourselves in a situation far more unbearable than that in which we are placed to-day, and consequently we do not propose to make such a war."

A Fashionable Drink.

Menier Chocolate is a fashionable drink. Did you ever try it? Send postal card for samples and directions to C. Alfred Chouillou, Montreal.

Tamilkande is the best.

VERNON AND VICINITY.

News Notes of the Okanagan Metropolis and Neighborhood.

From the Vernon News.]

A Young People's Association of Christian Endeavor will be organized in the Presbyterian church during the coming year.

There is very little snow at Trout Valley yet. None of the ranchers have commenced feeding, as the stock is still doing well on the ranges.

A curling and skating club has been organized at Kelowna. The snow has been cleared from a fine sheet of ice formed by the creek, and skates are at a premium in town.

Captain Smith held Salvation Army service in the Methodist church on Christmas night. A large congregation were present and good order was maintained with one or two exceptions.

Friday morning, December 23rd, Mr. W. R. McKenzie, carpenter, while trying to steady a rafter on the town hall, lost his balance and fell to the ground, a distance of 14 feet, dislocating his shoulder.

Benvoulin expects to have a blacksmith shop when the spring opens. Mr. Nicholson is going to erect the shop and has made arrangements for a blacksmith from the east.

The snow-fall on Monday was said by old-timers to be the heaviest known in the valley in any one day. At Larkin station it snowed 5½ inches between the time that No. 1 and No. 2 trains went over the road, a space of about six hours.

A new school will be opened at Kelowna at the beginning of the winter term in January. A public meeting was held under instructions from the Minister of Education to elect trustees.

To talk about the incorporation of the town of Lumby would seem premature and presumptive, but it is generally, or should be known that Lumby already has a corporation, and one that all should be proud of.

A petition was circulated some time ago to get a postoffice at Benvolin. A building in which to place the office and open out a general store has been ready for some time.

The safe in the Bank of Montreal, which is set with time locks, refused to open and Mr. D. G. Cox, an expert sent by the makers, J. & J. Taylor, of Toronto, has come to Vernon to open it.

The fine sleighing is taken advantage of by the young people for evening drives. A jolly sleigh-load containing about 15 head left Kelowna for the Mission on Saturday night, and beguiled the way with the old college songs.

The general annual meeting of the Okanagan and Spallumcheen Agricultural Society was held recently in Cameron's hall. There was a very good turnout both of directors and members.

TALKED ABOUT KOOTENAY.

Two Travellers Who Carried a Good Report to St. Paul.

St. Paul Pioneer-Press.]

With the advent of spring there seems every reason to anticipate a repetition of the famous gold rush of '47, only this time instead of being to California, the Kootenay district will be the objective point and silver will take the place of gold as the source of attraction. This region, which extends over the northeastern part of the state Washington and southeastern British Columbia, has only been recently opened up. Ever since an attempt was made to delineate the North American continent its existence has been indicated on the map by a large black space, the monotony of which was varied with a few irregular lines running at random and supposed to represent rivers.

Until the completion of the Northern transcontinental systems it was frequented only by the Indian, the trapper and the occasional explorer. The Northern Pacific and Canadian Pacific both made it more easy of access; but it still remained largely a terra incognita, of interest only to the hunters after peltries and bear. When the Great Northern, however, reached that region it penetrated more into the heart of the Kootenay with the result that the prospector accompanied the hunter and soon discovered ample reward for his hardihood and toil. Only now are the mineral resources of this country becoming known, and their extent is still a matter of speculation.

Yesterday F. I. Whitney, general passenger agent of the Great Northern, and "Ham" McMicken, the Winnipeg agent of the same company, returned from a two weeks' sojourn in the Kootenay, and they were enthusiastic concerning the surprises which their trip opened up to them. Leaving the main line of the Great Northern at Bonner's Ferry they had taken passage on the small river steamer for Kaslo, a mushroom town on Lake Kootenay and about 175 miles to the north. Arrived at their destination, which was sixty-five miles north of the Canadian boundary, and therefore within Her Majesty's domains, they found a population of 500 men, many of whom had accumulated fortunes within the past two or three months. Kaslo is situated right in the heart of the mineral country, and the deposits of silver and lead on all sides are said to be unprecedented.

"The ore," said Mr. Whitney, "runs all the way from 100 to 1100 ounces of silver to the ton, and large quantities of it also average from 60 to 70 per cent. of lead in addition. There is a government office near there and claims can be staked out for an almost nominal consideration. I saw one man who staked out a claim three months ago, worked it himself and took out nearly half a car load of ore. This he had shipped down the river to the smelting works and returned, after paying all charges, with $5500 in his pocket as the result of his venture. Another man had made a contract to transport 2000 tons from the mine to the river for $40 per ton. The silver deposits exceed anything I ever saw or dreamed of. Although only so recently opened up, preparations have already been made for the erection of smelting works at Kaslo at an enormous cost. A dock has been planned and partly constructed which, when complete, will be 900 feet long. So far scarcely any intimation has reached the outside world of the condition of things in this district, but there is already a movement toward that district from the populous centers of Washington. I look for an immense rush of people thither when spring opens."

NEW BRITISH CRUISERS.

Three Vessels Recently Delivered to the Government.

Scientific American.

Messrs. Palmer's Shipbuilding and Iron Company (limited), Jarrow-on-Tyne, have delivered to the Admiralty the three cruisers which they were intrusted to build under the naval defense act. The vessels are second-class cruisers of the following leading dimensions and particulars; Length between perpendiculars, 300 feet; breadth, extreme, 43 feet 8 inches; depth molded, 22 feet 9 inches; displacement on a mean draught of 17 feet 6 inches, 3600 tons; indicated horse-power, 9000 tons; speed, 19¾ knots.

Each vessel has two funnels and two pole masts, with a light fore and aft rig. The hull throughout is built of steel, and the bottom of the ship is sheathed with teak, 3½ inches in thickness to two feet above the water line. The stern, sternpost, rudder and shaft and brackets are of phosphor bronze, manufactured by Messrs. Steven & Struthers of Glasgow. There is a steel protective deck which extends the whole length of the vessel. The transverse section of this deck is in the form of a flat arch, the crown of which rises one foot above the water line at the center of the vessel, and slopes down toward the sides to a point four feet below the load line. The thickness is two inches on the sloping part and one inch on the crown. The engines and boilers, magazines, steering gear, etc., and other "vitals" of the ship are placed under the protective deck. Vertical engines are adopted, and, in order to insure protection to the cylinders, which project above the protective deck, a belt of armor of solid steel five inches in thickness with seven inches of teak backing is fitted round the engine hatchways between the protective and upper decks. Each vessel is divided into a large number of water-tight compartments, and has a double bottom the full extent of the engine and boiler space, the continuity of which is carried forward and aft by the water-tight flats forming the magazines, shellrooms and storerooms. The bunkers are placed alongside the engines and boilers and extended to the upper deck. There are two separate engine and boiler rooms. Above the protective deck aft are the cabins for the ship's officers, the part amidships being occupied by coal bunkers, engineers' workshops, washplaces, etc., while the forward part is entirely devoted to the crew. Under the poop are placed the cabins of the commander and principal officers, ward rooms, etc., the forecastle being taken up by the crew. The armament of each vessel consists of two 6-inch breechloading guns, one mounted on the poop and the other on the forecastle, both placed on the middle line of the ship; six 7-inch quick-firing guns, three on each broadside; eight 6-pounder quick-firing guns, one 3-pounder gun and four 5-barrel Nordenfelt guns, mounted on suitable stations along the sides of the vessel; a 9-pounder gun for boat and field purposes is also secured on deck. In addition to this, four torpedo tubes are fitted, one forward, one aft and one on each broadside. For controlling the ship in action a conning tower of steel three inches thick is fitted on the aft end of forecastle, inside of which the various telegraph instruments, steering-wheel, voice-pipes, etc., are placed. As regards the pumping arrangements, an elaborate system of piping is fitted, extending to every department, while the fire service and sanitary arrangements are on the same elaborate scale. A complete installation of electric light is also fitted, including three powerful search lights. The crew number 250 souls all told.

The builders undertook to develop 7000 indicated horse-power, with an air pressure in the stokehole of not more than ½ inch for eight consecutive hours, and 9000 indicated horse-power with not more than 1¼ inch for four consecutive hours. All the vessels have been successfully tried. The trials were made off Plymouth.

Oh, if I only had her complexion! Why, it is easily obtained. Use *Pozzoni's Complexion Powder*.

New line of upholstered and carpet seated, ladies', misses', and gentlemen's chairs and rockers at Weiler Bros. *

Queen's Music Hall. Cockburn Thomson, marvellous burlesque of Ta-ra-ra.

Tamilkande reminds you of the tea of thirty years ago.

Carving sets and all kinds of cutlery Fox's, 78 Government street.

Phœnix Lager Beer.

COAL

The New Vancouver Coal Mining & Land Co., Ltd.

(FORMERLY THE VANCOUVER COAL CO.)

ARE THE LARGEST COAL PRODUCERS ON THE PACIFIC COAST.

THE NANAIMO COAL (Used principally for Gas and Domestic Purposes.) | **THE SOUTH FIELD COAL** (Steam Fuel).

THE NEW WELLINGTON COAL

House and Steam Coal are mined by this Company only.

THE "NANAIMO" COAL gives a large percentage of Gas, high Illuminating power unequalled by any other bituminous Gas Coal in the world, and a superior quality of Coke.

THE "SOUTH FIELD" COAL is now used by all the leading Steamship Lines on the Pacific.

THE "NEW WELLINGTON" COAL, which was introduced early in the present year, has already become a favorite, especially for domestic purposes. It is a clean, hard coal; makes a bright and cheerful fire, and its lasting qualities make it the most economical fuel in the market.

The several Mines of the Company are connected with their Wharves at Nanaimo and Departure Bay where ships of the lagest tonnage are loaded at all states of the tide. Special dispatch is given to Mail and Ocean Steamers.

SAMUEL M. ROBINS,
Superintendent.

Dec. 30.

Victoria's Leading Merchants

TRADERS :-: AGENTS :-: PRODUCERS

ROCK BAY LUMBER YARD,
Mills at Cowichan Bay,
HUGHITT & McINTYRE, Props.
Acknowledged the Finest Lumber in Victoria. All kinds of Rough and Dressed Lumber, Laths and Shingles.
Orders receive prompt attention
ISAAC ROGERSON, Manager.

The Conservatory of Music.
MISS L. ADAMS, PRINCIPAL.
97 Quadra street,
Competent and Experienced Staff of Teachers in
SINGING, HARMONY, PIANO, ORGAN VIOLIN, MANDOLIN & GUITAR.
Applications to be made to the Principal.

CHAS. E. REDFERN
WATCHMAKER AND JEWELLER
Chronometers rated by Transit Observations.
NO. 43 GOVERNMENT STREET.

FINE COMMERCIAL PRINTING
At moderate charges, at
Cohen's Printing Office
38 FORT STREET.

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Printer and Binder.
77 Johnson Street.

SAUER KRAUT, SAUER KRAUT, RED CABBAGE, RED CABBAGE.
In 1 and 3 Gal. Pails. New Season.
BLUE BELL TOMATO KETCHUP.
In Boxes and Bottles. A toothsome Relish. Manufactured at
Falconer's Victoria Vinegar Works.

The Finest FAMILY Grocery Establishment in B.C. is that of
HENRY SAUNDERS
39 & 41 JOHNSON STREET.
Give him a call and inspect his well selected stock of Fine Groceries and Table Luxuries.

BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA

(Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1862.)

CAPITAL PAID UP.....£800,000 $3,000,000.
RESERVE FUND.....£260,000 $1,300,000.

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IN BRITISH COLUMBIA—VICTORIA, VANCOUVER, NEW WESTMINSTER, NANAIMO, KAMLOOPS AND NELSON.

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Bank of Montreal, Canadian Bank of Commerce, Imperial Bank of Canada; Bank of Montreal, New York and Chicago.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT Deposits received from $1 upwards, and interest allowed (present rate) at 4 per cent. per annum.

Gold dust purchased and every description of Banking business transacted.

NELSON, Kootenay Lake, B.C. This branch is now open for business

Victoria, B.C., April 4, 1892. apl-1y W. C. WARD, MANAGER.

"What will be my Christmas present? I need a Bissell Carpet Sweeper"

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Royal Worcester Ornaments,
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Husbands!
Fathers!
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OF VICTORIA,

REMEMBER

At this festive season the requirements of your Wives, Children, Mothers and Sisters. We can suggest a **host of Useful and Ornamental Gifts** that will make glad their hearts, and can suit the length of your purse these **Hard Times.** We can supply you with articles from **10c. to $100.**

Handkerchiefs
And Gloves

Are always useful presents. We have a splendid range, including our Lacing and Josephine Kid Gloves, for which we are sole agents. Our price is $1.25. **Last Xmas** we were getting **$1.50** for these same Gloves and they are **sold in Montreal for $1.40.** They are the Cheapest and **Most Popular Gloves** in Victoria.

Beautiful designs in **Silk Handkerchiefs,** any price from **25c. to $2.00. All Initials at present in stock.**

A Few
Pretty Furs

In Capes, Boas, Idaliahs, etc, etc. Beaver, Mink, Skunk, etc. **Muffs to match.** Some really pretty **Fur-lined Cloaks.**

A Silk Dress

Is a serviceable gift. We can give some extra good values in Black Silk Costumes complete.

Costumes.

A nice selection of these Goods Ready-Made. Give us a call at our new address.

The Stanley House
CASH DRY GOODS,
55, 57, 59 Douglas Street Cor. of Fort Street.
W. S. HAMPSON & Co.

Argyle House.

A GRAND SPREAD FOR CHRISTMAS DINNER.

*****

JUST RECEIVED

A Very Fine Assortment of White and Colored Linen Table Cloths with Napkins to match.

ALSO

A large quantity of Ladies' Silk Embroidered Handkerchiefs, from 25c. each, or 5 for $1.00.

Gentlemen's Silk Handkerchiefs, in Plain White Hemstiched, Black Hemstiched, Colored and White Figured. A large variety, from 40c. each.

*****

J. Horner & Co.

SHORT LOCALS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

Marriage at First Presbyterian church this evening at 7:30.

Trounce avenue was cleaned up by the city street sweepers this morning.

There will be a session of the police court Monday. Drunks only will be tried.

Meeting Victoria West school house this evening to select an aldermanic candidate.

Mr. H. S. Fairall, of Victoria West, has announced himself as a candidate for the north ward.

A number of married ladies will give their bachelor friends a social dance in Harmony Hall on Monday evening.

The third annual conference of Christians will be held in Gospel Hall, Government street, opposite Pandora, to-night, on Jan. 1st and 2nd.

Dr. Campbell will begin a series of Sabbath evening lectures in the First Presbyterian church to-morrow. Subject of first lecture: "Using and not abusing the world."

Edwin Shanks, gambler, summoned for vagrancy, will appear in the police court Monday morning. The summons was first made out for Friday, but was extended till Monday.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

Where, When and by Whom Divine Worship Will be Held To-morrow.

Special choral services will be held in Christ Church cathedral to-morrow morning and evening. The order of the services will be as follows:

MORNING.

Processional Hymn—Hark the Herald Angels Sing.
Venite.....Godson
Psalms for the day.
Te Deum.....Woodward in E flat
Jubilate.....Dr. Crotch
Anthem—We Have Seen His Star in the East
Hymns—O Come All Ye Faithful. While Shepherds Watched.

EVENING.

Processional Hymn—Hark the Herald Angels Sing.
Psalms for the day.
Magnificat and Nunc Dimittis—Simper in F
Anthem—Blessed Be the Lord God of Israel
Three Carols.
Bass Solo—Nazareth.
Three Carols.
Stainer's Seven Fold Amen.
Recessional Hymn—No. 485, new edition.

At noon to-morrow there will be choral celebration of Holy Communion. To-night at 11 the following choral service will be held:

Processional Hymn—Thro' the Night of Doubt and Sorrow.
Psalms for the 31st evening.
Nunc Dimittis.....Barnby
Hymn—Days and Moments Quickly Flying.
Hymn—A Few More Years Shall Roll.
Hymn—We Pray Thee Heavenly Father.
Recessional Hymn—Nunc Dimittis.

Centennial Methodist church, Gorge road, Rev. J. H. White, pastor. The pastor will preach at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Evening subject—"Turning points in Life." Sunday school at 2:30 p.m.

A watch night service will be held in Centennial Methodist church parlors commencing at 10:30 p.m. and continuing until midnight.

James Bay Methodist church, Rev. S. Wilkinson, pastor. Services 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. The Rev. Mr. Galloway will preach the evening sermon. Sunday school at 2:30 p.m.

Pandora Avenue Methodist church.—Sermon in the morning by the pastor with appropriate music for New Year's day. A special service of song and praise at the evening service.

Calvary Baptist church, pastor, Rev. J. E. Coombs. Subject 11 a.m., "Lessons from the first month of the year;" 7 p.m., "Do we need an inspired Gospel?" an introductory sermon to a series of special meetings during January.

Emmanuel Baptist church—Special service at 11 a.m. for Sunday school. Usual service at 7 p.m. Pastor preaches morning and evening.

Christadelphian Hall, 209 Douglas street. Services at 11 a.m., breaking of bread, 7 p.m., reading, subject, "Christ in the earth again."

Victoria West Methodist—11 a. m., Rev. M. Golloway; 7 p.m., Rev. Geo. H. Morden. Esquimalt, 10.30 a. m., Mr. Herbert Cuthbert.

SOCIETY NOTES.

Doings Among the Secret Societies During the Present Week.

The new officers of Western Star Lodge, A.O.U.W., will be installed on the 9th prox. They are:—E. J. Salmon, Past Master Workman; J. W. W. Cherry, Master Workman; C. W. Kirk, Foreman; J. H. Hughes, Overseer; F. Shakespeare, Recorder; A. Clunk, Financier; A. Kirk, Receiver; A. Semple, Guide; W. Sommerville, Inside Watchman; G. Fagan, Outside Watchman; Grand Lodge Delegate, J. H. Hughes. The new officers will be installed by Grand Master Leiser on Monday the 9th prox.

Seghers Council, No. 85, Y.M.I., will meet next Monday evening, Jan. 2, in their new hall formerly the pro-cathedral for the transaction of regular business. A large attendance is expected as the several committees which were appointed at last meeting will report on the work allotted to them. The committee appointed to arrange for a smoking concert will meet on Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock, to complete final arrangements.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

Sunset Lodge, No. 10, initiated three candidates last Tuesday evening.

The Grand Chancellor and Grand Officers will install the officers of Sunset Lodge on Tuesday night.

Victoria Division No. 2, Uniform Rank, met on Thursday night and nominated officers for the ensuing year.

Far West Lodge, No. 1, met last night and transacted routine business.

Officers of Far West Lodge will be installed next Friday night by Grand Chancellor Hughes and District Deputy W. Duck.

The general committee to arrange for the Pythian ball will meet next Wednesday evening.

Last of Loring Pickering.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 31.—The late Loring Pickering, senior partner in the Morning Call and Evening Bulletin, was buried from Trinity church at 2 o'clock this afternoon.

A Ghastly Association.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 31.—The members of the National Burial Case Manufacturing Association, composed of wholesale manufacturers of coffins, will assemble here on Monday next. The association has already decided that no exhibition of coffins should be made at the World's Fair, but that permission should be given to individual members to exhibit caskets costing from $1000 upwards. The members of the association are not favorably impressed with the idea that the advent of cholera next year would bring about a boom in the business, but incline to the opinion that quick funerals would mean cheap funerals.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE

Matters of Interest Going Forward in the Sporting World, Here and Elsewhere.

ATHLETICS.

ESPECIALLY BOXING.

NEW YORK, Dec. 30.—Arthur T. Lumley, editor of the Illustrated News, is responsible for the information that an athletic club will soon be organized in this city with a capital of $3,000,000, for the purpose of promoting athletics and especially boxing. Purses will be offered for contests between the best men in the class. James J. Coogan, who ran for mayor of this city on the labor ticket and was defeated in 1888, is the promoter of the new club and Arthur Lumley has been selected to manage the boxing contests. Mr. Lumley said that may of New York's business men are connected with the club. It is the intention to build a spacious club house and with an area that is expected to seat 8000 peodle.

He Built One of the Pyrrmids.

The British Museum, the great European storehouse of things out of the ordinary, has hundreds of Egyptian mummies of all dynasties carefully stowed away within its walls. Some of these are comparatively recent efforts at embalming, and others date back to the "wide-revolving shades of centuries past." The oldest of the entire collection is the mummy of Mykerinos. He was a king in Egypt in what is known to history as the "fourth dynasty," and wore his golden tiara and sat on the throne of thrones 4000 years before the wise men followed the star of fate till it stopped over the lowly hovel in Bethlehem where the infant Jesus lay. Mykerinos was the builder of the third pyramid at Ghizeh, where his headless mummy was discovered in the year 1836. The stone coffin in which it was being transported to England was lost at sea and lay at the bottom of the ocean for two years before being recovered. It is seldom that a man's bones are subjected to vicissitudes, especially 5000 or 6000 years after his death.

Heavier Drinking in France.

New York Tribune: It has been frequently stated that since the war drinking habits have increased in France to an alarming extent. In 1869, according to recent statistics, there were 365,875 cabarets or dramshops in France, being one for every 87 inhabitants. Since then, by reason of the annexation of Alsace-Lorraine, France has lost 1,600,000 inhabitants, but the cabarets have increased to 410,000. In 1850 the consumption of alcohol was 536,000 hectoliters of alcohol, or 1.46 liters per head of the population. It has now risen to 1,669,184 hectoliters, or 4.40 liters per head. The alcohol formerly was distilled from wine; it is now made from fruit and grain, the effects of which on the human organism are deleterious in the extreme. The increased consumption of absinthe is especially attended with the most deplorable results, and it is more than time for the legislature to interfere in order to check the growing evil.

Schwartz Breaks Jail.

PORT ANGELES, Dec. 31.—Ex-President B. F. Schwartz, recently arrested for embezzlement of the Port Angeles bank funds, has escaped from jail. Collusion with the officers is suspected. Schwartz has a handsome wife and is supposed to have a large amount of "boodle" concealed as the result of his operations in the northwest. Years ago he was advance agent of a prominent New York theatrical company.

Gone to the Higher Court.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 31.—The funeral of the late John B. Sharpstein, associate justice of the supreme court, took place at 11:30 this morning from the First Congregational church and was largely attended by members of the bar and many others.

Sample Chocolate Free.

A postal card addressed to C. Alfred Chouillou, Montréal, will secure you samples of Menier's delicious imported Chocolate, with directions for using.

"Reindeer Brand" Condensed Tea, Coffee and Cocoa are the most convenient and economical preparations for the household. All grocers sell these goods.

Queen's Music Hall. Albert Hawthorne and Cockburn Thomson.

BIRTH.

BEER—In this city, at 70 Esquimalt St., on Dec. 30th, to the wife of H. E. Beer, a daughter.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

HIS HONOUR the Lieutenant-Governor and Mrs. Dewdney will receive visitors at Government House on Monday, the 2nd January next, from 1 p.m. to 6 p.m.

By command,
H. STANTON,
de31-1t Private Secretary.

WANTED—Servant girl. Apply at Baker's shoe store, 67 Government St. de31-2t

To the Electors of North Ward.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:—I again offer myself as a candidate for Alderman at the coming election to the Municipal Council, and respectfully solicit your votes and influence.

M. HUMBER.

Dec. 31, 1892.

Typographical Union Offices.

The Times,
The Colonist,
Munroe Miller,
W. G. Waterson,
Victoria Printing Co.,
B. C. Commercial Co.

Our display of holiday goods this season will eclipse all previous efforts, an interesting show to all, at Weiler Bros.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Public Meeting.

The Municipal Electors are invited to meet at the Council Chamber, City Hall, on

Tuesday, the 3rd January, 1893,

For the purpose of discussing civic affairs. Chair to be taken at 8 o'clock p.m.

ROBERT BEAVEN.

31 December, 1892.—2t

JOHNSON & CO.

Have been favored with instructions to sell by auction at their salerooms

IN THE HARVEY BLOCK, NANAIMO,

—ON—

Saturday, the 7th day of January,

Lots, 5 and 10 Acre Blocks, and a Farm of 100 Acres, situate at SAANICHTON and ALBERNI, respectively.

Inasmuch as these are the two points of all others on the Island to-day where money may be invested with a positive assurance of a speedy, continuous and permanent increase and growth, and those having money to invest will do well to make the fullest inquiry prior to the day of sale.

Maps, plans and full particulars in a few days.

D. JOHNSON, - The Auctioneer.

58 Broad St., Victoria, and The Harvey Block, Nanaimo.

Will advance money on your Stock, Furniture, &c., or sell by auction or on commission.

Corrig College,

BEACON HILL PARK, VICTORIA.

PRINCIPAL, J. W. CHURCH, M.A.

Assisted by an efficient staff of English and Scotch Graduates.

THE BOARDING DEPARTMENT re-opens Monday, January 9th, 1893.

THE ELEMENTARY AND DAY DEPARTMENTS, Tuesday, January 10th, 1893.

The Principal can be consulted at the College and new boys examined on Monday, Jan. 9th.

de30-2w

ANNIVERSARY BALL

Knights of Pythias

At ASSEMBLY HALL, on

FRIDAY, 27th JANUARY, 1892

TICKETS, $3.00.

PHIL J. HALL,
Secretary General Committee.

To the Electors of North Ward.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:—At the earnest request of numerous electors I will again be a candidate for Alderman in the Municipal Council at the coming election. Trusting that my past services in the interest of the ward and city have been satisfactory, I respectfully solicit your votes and influence.

EDWARD BRAGG.

The I.O.G.T.

—WILL HOLD A—

New Year's Reception

in Temperance Hall, Pandora Ave., on Monday, January 2nd, from 11 a.m. to 5 p.m. Everyone invited. Everyone made welcome.

A PUBLIC MEETING AND CONCERT

In conjunction with the W. C. T. U., will be held in the evening. Chair to be taken at 8 o'clock by Archdeacon Scriven.

ADMISSION FREE.

de31-1t

TO LET

Furnished or unfurnished. The upper flats in the building known as the TURNER BLOCK, Douglas Street, containing over 50 rooms. Apply to

B.C. Land and Investment Agency Limited,
de31-1w 40 Government Street.

To the Electors of North Ward.

It is my intention to be a candidate for Alderman at the forthcoming Municipal Election, and I solicit your vote and influence.

H. S. FAIRALL.

To the Electors of North Ward.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:—At the request of numerous electors I again come before you as a candidate for Alderman in the Municipal Council in the coming election. If my past services in the interests of the ward and city have been satisfactory to you, I respectfully solicit your votes and influence.

de31-1d JAMES BAKER.

Dissolution of Partnership

The partnership heretofore existing between Stevenson & Jones at Pritchard House has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. W. G. Stevens retiring, and the business will be carried on by Mr. Jones.

W. G. STEVENSON.
J. B. JONES.

Victoria, Dec. 19th 1892.

MONEY TO LOAN

On Improved Property at Moderate Rates of Interest.

STRAIGHT LOANS FOR A TERM OF YEARS.

—APPLY TO THE—

North British Canadian Investment Co.

LIMITED.

ARTHUR ROBERTSON,
oc3 Agent, 6 Bastion Square, Victoria.

LARDEAU

Is Situated at the Head of Navigation on the N. E. Arm of Upper Arrow Lake, West Kootenay District, B. C.

It is the Central Point

For distributing supplies to and shipping ores from the Rich Mines of the Lardeau Country and Fish Creek. The C. P. R. have arranged to build a line from Revelstoke to Arrow Lake Arm during the next year. Steamers will call at Lardeau from Revelstoke. The Townsite will be cleared; hotel and stores are under construction.

Big Profits are Made

By buying at the right time in the right place. Kaslo lots have quadrupled in value within a year. There are brighter prospects for Lardeau now than there were for Kaslo a year ago.

For prices and any further information, apply to

HENRY CROFT,

Colonist Building, Government Street.

Alberni City

LOOK IT UP.

J. E. CRANE & CO.

(SUCCESSORS TO CRANE, McGREGOR & BOGGS,)

30 BROAD STREET, VICTORIA, B. C.

AND 11 BOW LANE, CHEAPSIDE, LONDON, E. C

Real Estate, Insurance and General Commission Agents, Merchants, Brokers, Etc.

INSURANCE DEPARTMENT—J. E. CRANE.
MERCANTILE DEPARTMENT—JOHN BENNETT.
REAL ESTATE DEPARTMENT—R. A. CUNNINGHAM.

P. O. Box 301. CABLES AND TELEGRAMS, "CRANETT." TELEPHONE 27.

Shoes

(With apologies to Rudyard Kipling.)

What maketh Erskine's biz to hum? What makes his clerks perspire?
It isn't "drummer" sent by train, nor messages by wire;
Nor salesman's wily artifice, nor competitors with the blues;
But the lumping, humping business from the sale of his fine shoes.

C. E. REDFERN, 43 Gov't. St.

Christmas, 1892. New Year, 1893.

Among the various Articles Suitable for Presents at this Season the following may be mentioned:

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Fitted Travelling Bags,
Fine Diamonds and Other Jewelry.
Sterling Silverware,
English Oak Goods,
Souvenir Trays,
Electroplated Ware

And a variety of other articles are to be found at 43 Government St., where those in search of presents are invited to examine the largest and most elegant stock of goods ever imported into this city, all for sale at reasonable prices.

C. E. REDFERN, 43 Government Street.

Beautiful Presents : :

MARBLE AND ONYX CLOCKS.
STERLING SILVER ORNAMENTS,
DIAMONDS AND FINE JEWELRY,

AT

Five Sisters Block, 59 Government St. **Davidson Bros.**

HOLIDAY ANNOUNCEMENT.

An EXTRA Fine Line of TWEED PANTS, from $6 up, till Christmas only, at

D. CAMPBELL & CO.'S, 88 Government Street